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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXXVII NO. 204 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 30, 1950 PRICE 2 ANNAS
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POLICE TEAR-GAS DEFIANT WORKERS

Kamgar Maidan Rally Dispersed

SIX LEADING MEN ARRESTED

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

STINGING BURSTS OF TEAR GAS FUMES SUFFUSED THE AIR OF KAMGAR MAIDAN THIS EVENING WHEN THE POLICE BROKE UP A MEETING AT THE FAMOUS TRADE UNION PAL-AVER GROUND, WHERE 25,000 WORKERS EMPLOYED BY LOCAL TEXTILE MILLS HAD GATHERED IN DEFIANCE OF THE POLICE COMMISSIONER'S ORDER AGAINST THE ASSEMBLY OF MORE THAN FIVE PERSONS.

The workers at first adamantly held their ground, but as the choking fumes stung their eyes there was a scramble to get away from the railed-in area, and reach the safety of the by-roads.

The meeting was scheduled to start at 5-30, but before any of the leaders could address the labourers, the police made six arrests, and had the ground cleared of the gathering. By 7 p. m. the police force had Kamgar Maidan to themselves.

Workers from all parts of the city, who had stayed home for the past fortnight in response to the strike call issued by the Hind Mill Mazdoor Sabha under whose auspices this evening's rally was to be held, coverged on to Kamgar Maidan from the early hours of the afternoon. The crowd kept swelling until by three o'clock the ground was jaimmed beyond capacity, thousands of workers, who could not break through into the maidan crowding on the side streets which border the area, making it impossible for both pedestrian and vehicular traffic to pass through.

The leaders of the Union had already taken their places on the platform which had been equiped with microphones and lights and the workers waited expectantly for guidance from their representatives. From the balconies, windows and doorways of adjoining buildings bodies craned forward to catch a word of what was being said and to see what was being done.

POLICE ARRIVAL

At four o'clock came the police in jeeps and vans, a hundred strong, and took their positions at strategic points around the maidan. For an hour and a half, there was an air of expectancy about the place, the workers wondering what the outcome of the rally would be while the police constables leaned restlessly against their lathis, waiting for the meeting to start and for the orders from their officers.

Two members of the Executive Committee of the Sabha made efforts to address the workers when the commencement of the meeting was announced. Baburao Anapat was the first of the two to attempt a speech, but before he could utter more than a few sentences the police closed in on him and drew him away from the platform. Prabhakar More was the next to be taken into custody when he too rose to speak. He was followed by a third.

The gathering grew fidgety, but there was no move to leave the place, nor was there any attempt at violence only a determination to continue the meeting.

CALL TO WORKERS

The police now took the first

(Continued on Page 7, Column 3)

AVERT THIS MAN-MADE CALAMITY

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

STRESSING the harm that a general strike could do to the community, the Chief Minister of Bombay, Shri B. G. Kher, in statement to the Press appeals to the good sense of the workers "to avert this man-made calamity."

The Chief Minister says: "We are passing through a period of unusual disturbances and calamities—natural as well as man-made. While the earthquake and floods and food deficiencies are harassing the people of Bihar, Assam and Madras, in Bombay we have had a textile strike nd are now threatened with a general strike. It is not difficult to see whether our friends, the Socialists, are leading the workers of the City and it is no use theri denying that their aims, objectives and policy are in any manner different from those of the Communists.

"No one will deny that the conditions of living and wages of labour have improved considerably during recent years and that Governments, both Central and Provincial, are trying to improve them still further. Unless, however, the workers themselves are able to carry on their trade union activities, they are bound to be exploited by interested parties for political purposes.

A FINE TECHNIQUE

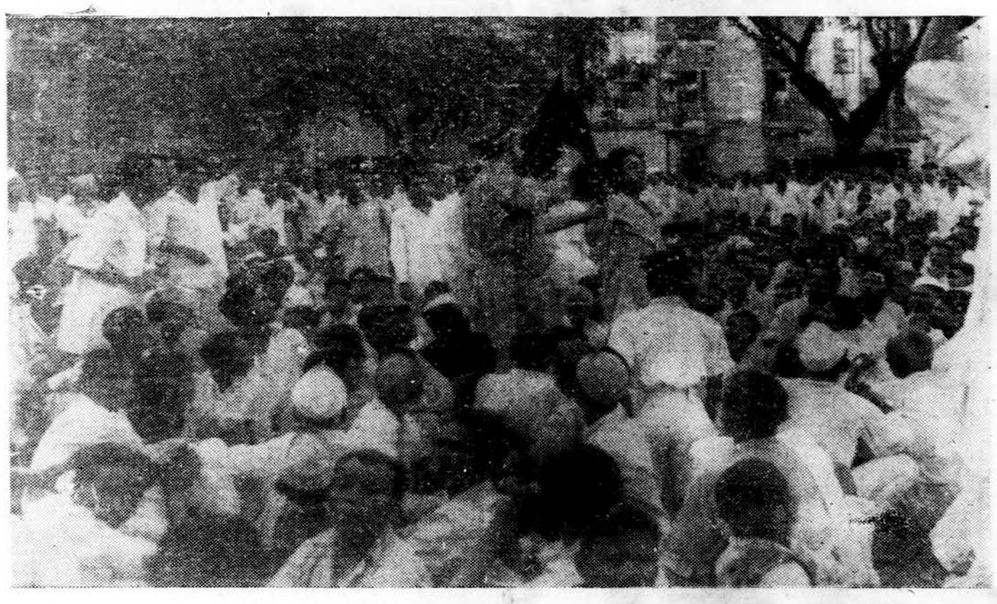
"Let us look at a little recent history. During the years 1921 to 1937, there were as many as 1318 strikes and lock-outs in the Province of Bombay and they were the result of Communist activities. The Socialists were not on the political map then. These strikes did not mean that labour was then Communist-minded nor does the present strike mean that labour is Socialist-minded. Those who know anything about how these strikes are worked up, also know the extreme ignorance and panicky nature of the workers who are misguided. A fine technique comprising all sorts of falsehoods, threats and also actual assaults and intimidation is brought into operation. This will be evident from the fact that a large number of the workers of the I.N.T.U.C. Union have been severely attacked some of whom had to undergo hospital treatment.

"It was when the Congress took office in 1937 that they introduced the civilised machinery of negotiation, conciliation and arbitration as also of industrial courts in the labour field and brought about some order where formerly there was chaos and uncertainty. No one can contend that the problem is solved but we are making a sincere effort to tackle a very difficult question. During the years 1921 to 1936, when labour was nose-led by the Communists into going on lightning strikes in the textile industry, in the city of Bombay alone there was a loss about 35,100,000 working days. There was a departmental enquiry made and its report showed that since 1926 Bombay City was responsible for the loss of 32 million working days, Sholapur for over a million and Ahmedabad for only 138. In terms of wages, Bombay workers lost during these 8 years nearly 4 crores 27 lakhs of rupees.

"There cannot be any doubt that even now ultimately it is the consumers and the workers who will have to foot the bill and suffer the loss. It is the community that is harmed, not those who mislead the poor workers. The community must, therefore, shed its apathy and assert its will.

"Even at this late hour, I express the hope that those who are thus leading the workers to hardships will see the error of their ways and the harm they are causing to society and avert this man-made calamity in our State. Sings are not wanting that in the minds of the workers good sense is awakening and I hope every worker will resume his normal work, at once."

Textile Workers' Demonstration



Socialist Hind Mazdoor Sabha tried to hold a meeting at Kamgar Maidan on Tuesday evening. Picture shows Police arresting one of the workers who tried to address the meeting.

Five Lakhs Workers Prepare For Mass Showdown

SUBURBAN TRAINS MAY RUN NORMALLY

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND men of key units of industry and commerce in Bombay were today poised for a mass showdown on Thursday through a sympathetic token general strike which threatens to make all previous strikes in city's recent memory sound like limpish legends.

Trade Unions commanding a membership of nearly half a million workers were tonight busy passing "support-the-textile workers" resolutions as Bombay's Chief Minister B. G. Kher made a last minute appeal to avert "this man made calamity."

Mr. Asoka Mehta, General Secretary of the Socialist Party, meanwhile, urged the Government of Bombay "to create a new atmosphere by constituting a competent Tribunal which would look through the account books of millowners, since they contain information on hidden profits."

Reports available late tonight from all sources indicate that the one-day token sympathetic general strike, supporting the 16-day -old Socialist textile strike, will seriously paralyse active life in the city on Thursday.

MAJOR STAND

Practically every branch of industry and commerce is threatened to be crippled by the Socialist Hind Mazdoor Sabha-inspired strike, which according to the Socialists is "is legal in every way," though the Government of Bombay have termed it illegal.

The majority of the workers of the following units have decided to join the strike on Thursday: railways, chemicals, metals, engineering, petroleum, posts and telegraphs, port and docks, banking insurance, hotels, and the B.E.S.T.

Both the G.I.P. and B.B. & C.I. Railway workshops will cease to function, but the suburban and mail trains are expected to run normally. It has been explained that as the running staff of the railways are members of an All-India Railway Union, they may not participate in the strikes, but a decision in this question is to be taken at an employees meeting tomorrow in the city.

Other public transport in the city are expected to go off the roads.

The Government of Bombay, however, assured tonight that it was determined to see that the least hardship or inconvenience is caused to members of the public in going about their normal avocations on Thursday.

The Government decided to relax restrictions on the carriage of persons in goods vechicles and to allow freely the use of motor trucks for carrying persons to their work and back on that day.

All or most of the restaurants in the city are expected to down shutters. "Big" banks will be forced to stop transaction, incurance companies will be completely affected by the strike.

The Telephone Workshop will function normally, the employees having decided not to join the strike. While sympathising with the textile workers, the Bombay Telephone Workers' Union

(Continued on Page 4 Column 4)

HALF A MILLION IDLE ON A DAY

BOMBAY, Monday.

At 7 a.m. on Thursday, August 31, half a million workers belonging to the following units are expected to stay away from their posts of duty:

Cotton (already on strike)	..	2,20,000
Silk	..	15,000
Railways	..	20,000
Chemical	..	10,000
Metals	..	10,000
B.E.S.T.	..	10,000
Port, Docks	..	25,000
Engineering	..	25,000
Banks	..	10,000
Hotels	..	15,000
Food, Drinks	..	10,000
Printing	..	5,000
Petroleum	..	5,000
Post, Teleg.	..	4,000
Insurance	..	3,000
Processing	..	3,000
Woollen	..	4,000
Hosiery	..	1,000
Film Mazdoor	..	2,000
Glass	..	1,000

Not all of these workers are members of Socialist-led Unions. Of these there are several "no-party" trade unions too.

Attack On Pakhtoons

NEW DELHI, August 29 (UPI): Five Pakistan aircraft are stated to have attacked the Ahmedzai areas of Waziri tribe, Pakhtoonistan on August 19, machine-gunning and dropping bombs on unarmed and unprotected people in Pasin and Damanzai villages, according to the Kabul radio.

The casualties and damage caused by the an attack are not yet known.

Elizabeth's Baby

LONDON, Aug. 29 (PTI-Reuter): Princess Elizabeth's baby is to be called Anne Elizabeth Alice Louise, it was officially announced.

Socialist Hind Mazdoor Sabha tried to hold a meeting on Tuesday at Kamgar Maidan in defiance of Police Commissioner's ban on meetings The picture shows police using tear gas to disperse the crowd after requesting them to disperse.

TANDON LEADS BY BIG MAJORITY

Polling In Presidential Election

LUCKNOW, August 29, (PTI).

MR. MOHANLAL GAUTAM, General Secretary of the U. P. Congress Committee, said here tonight that according to telephonic massages received by him from 17 States up to 11 p. m. Mr. Purshottamdas Tandon had a lead of 850 votes over Acharya Kripalani.

About ninetyfive percent of the 2,800 newly-elected delegates to the Nasik Congress from all over India cast their votes in the Congress presidential election today.

The voting took place in all the twenty-four Congress provinces—exept Andhra—under the supervision of presiding officers.

The Andhra delegates did not vote because negotiations between leaders of rival groups of Andhra Congressmen for a settlement of the dispute over the eligibility of the delegates to vote in the elections fell through. Mr. T. Prakasam and Prof. N. G. Ranga, ex-officio members of the A.I.C.C. from Andhra, were the only two individuals who exercised their votes. Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, the other ex-officio member of A.I.C.C. from Andhra, was not present and did not vote.

KRIPALANI LEADS?

LUCKNOW, Aug. 29 (PTI): Mr. Govind Sahai, former Parliamentary Secretary to the Chief Minister of Uttar Pradesh, said that according to telephonic information received by him from various States up to 12-30 a.m. Acharya Kripalani was leading by a margin of 300 votes.

Two of the three contestants for this year's presidential election—Mr. Purshottamdas Tandon and Acharya Kripalani—sat together on the dais when the recording of votes of Uttar Pradesh delegates took place at Lucknow this afternoon. Mr. Tandon did not record his vote.

Mr. Shankerrao Deo was present when the Maharashtra Provincial delegates cast their votes at the Provincial Congress Headquarters at Poona.

The ballot boxes are expected to reach the A.I.C.C. Headqquarters before September 1, the date scheduled for counting of votes.

The Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Deputy Prime Minister, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, and Mr. Hare Krushna Mahatab, Industry and supply Minister, did not go to the headquarters of their respective Congress provinces to cast their votes in the election.

VOTING TRENDS

NEW DELHI, Aug. 29 (UPI): Indication of voting on Congress presidential election (upto 8 p.m.) is as follows:—

BOMBAY CITY: 45 out of 46 voters exercised votes. Of these overwhelming majority voted for Shri Tandon, second preference votes being in favour of Shri Deo.

BIHAR: 343 voted out of 353. Close contest between Tandon and Kripalani. All second preference to Deo.

CUTTACK: 122 voted out of 134. Trend of votes—more or less equally divided between Tandon and Kripalani.

EAST PUNJAB: 105 out of 109 voted. Nearly 60 per cent reported to have voted in favour of Shri Tandon.

DELHI: All the 34 delegates voted—trend nearly 80 per cent voted in favour of Acharya Kripalani.

POONA: Overwhelming votes recorded for Shri Shankerrao Deo.

NAGPUR: Majority in favour of Shri Tandon; second preference going to Shankerrao Deo.

PEPSU:—Overwhelming in favour of Shri Tandon.

WEST BENGAL:—154 delegates cast their votes for the Congress presidential election today. In all about 60 per cent of West Bengal votes are reported to have been cast in favour of Shri Tandon. West Bengal Congress Workers' Party (supporting the present Ministry) gave their first preference to Shri Tandon and second preference to Shri Deo. The Khadi Group led by Dr. Profulla Chandra Ghosh cast their first preference votes in favour of Acharya Kripalani and second preference for Shri Deo.

UTTAR PRADESH:—According to preliminary indications received, Tandonjee received 60 per cent while Kripalani 40 per cent.

HIMACHAL PRADESH:—11 out of 12 voted overwhelmingly in favour of Acharya Kripalani.

TAMIL NAD:—Out of 262 who voted, about 90 per cent are reported to have voted for Kripalaniji.

RAJASTHAN:—Out of 131 voters nearly 60 per cent voted for Shri Tandon and about 35 per cent for Acharya Kripalani.

KARNATAK:—Out of 63 voters, over 90 per cent voted for Kripalani.

2 PERISH IN AIR CRASH

Tragedy Near Bangalore

BANGALORE, Aug. 29 (PTI): A Percival Prentice aircraft crashed near Bangalore today killing its two occupants, Mr. Edward W. Todd of the Hindustan Aircraft Factory and Flying Officer Kaul of the Indian Air Force. The former was piloting the plane.

The plane took off at 11-15 a.m., and it believed the crash occurred some time before noon. The plane was smashed to smithereens and the two bodies which had been thrown off the aircraft were mutilated beyond recognition.

One wing of the plane lay fifty yards behind the fuselage of the aircraft and the engine had got torn off and lay another fifty yards ahead. The two bodies of the crew lay very near the engine. The entire area was strewn with torn bits of the aircraft.

The plane was a Prentice Trainer with a Gipsy Queen engine mounted. The aircraft was one of those assembled at the Hindustan Aircraft Factory for the Indian Air Force.

Flying Officer Kaul who belonged to Number One Air Force Training School at Ambala, had come down from Ambala to take delivery of the plane on behalf of the Air Force. Mr. Todd, Chief of the Airplane Overhaul Sub-Division of the Factory and Acting Chief Test Pilot, was taking Flying Officer Kaul on a test flight from the Hindustan Airport. It was an acceptance flight by the Indian Air Force.

The crash occurred just fifteen miles due west of the aerodrome—ten miles from Bangalore. The exact spot was a small hill.

An inquiry was held on the spot and at 6 in the evening the two bodies were removed in a Red Cross van to the Agram Military Hospital. The body of Flying Officer Kaul has been handed over to the I.A.F. authorities in Bangalore. The funeral of Mr. Todd will be held tomorrow evening.

'QUAKE AGAIN IN DIBRUGARH

River Cuts Down Town Banks

DIBRUGARH, Aug. 29 (PTI): Dibrugarh felt another mild earthquake shock at about 9-50 this morning.

The Dibru, a tributary of the Brahmaputra near Dibrugarh is flowing angrily cutting down Dibrugarh town bank at several places near the Old Club buildings which now house the district courts. Huge slices of earth have been tumbling down rapidly during the past 48 hours. Today two of the courts were shifted elsewhere. Nearly all court buildings, the Circuit House and half a dozen Government and private buildings are being threatened by the violent current of the river.

FORMOSA INCLUDED IN U.N. AGENDA

LAKE SUCCESS, Aug. 29 (PTI-Reuter): Opening the United Nations Security Council session here today, this months President, Jacob Malik of Russia announced he was including in the agenda the Chinese Communist Government's statement accusing the United States of aggression in Formosa.

This was the third item on the provisional agenda Mr. Malik introduced. The others were adoption of the agenda and the Korean conflict.

Observers here had predicted Mr. Malik would seek to discuss the Formosa issue.

PETROL will be derationed in Orissa with effect from September 1, UPI reliably learns. The price of petrol will however, be controlled by the authorities.

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LOST & FOUND

One passport, issued at Simla in favour of Mrs. Karam Kaur for travel to Canada has been lost. Anyone finding it, is requested to very kindly deliver it at the following address or Phone 23059. **Finder** will be suitably rewarded. Vensimal Bassarmal & Bros. Travel Agents, 3rd Floor, Shri Krishna Nivas Building, Near Kalbadevi Post Office, BOMBAY—2.

(8632)

MATRIMONIAL

Personal — Correspondence invited from rich ladies upto 30-32 for a highclass Hindu Graduate. Please write Box No. 2069, "Bombay Chronicle".

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(8514)

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Wanted Agents for securing orders of our High Grade Pictorial and Novelty Calendars. National Calendar Mfg. Co., Howrah.

(8052)

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

I. C. No. 28 of 1947.

In the matter of THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII of 1913,

and

In the matter of the ASSOCIATED BANKING CORPORATION of India Ltd. (in liquidation).

MEETING OF CREDITORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Official Liquidator will hold a Meeting of the Creditors of the abovenamed Bank in his Office, in the High Court Buildings, Bombay, on the 21st day of September, 1950 at 3-15 P. M. as provided for in Sub-Section 11 of Section 178A of the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913, to fill two vacancies in the Committee of Inspection appointed herein on 29th October 1947, arising due to the resignation of Shri K. F. Thanawalla and the absence of Shri M. G. Paranjpe from five consecutive meetings of the Committee.

R. MATHALONE,
Official Liquidator.

High Court Bombay,
22nd August, 1950.

(8629)

PUBLIC NOTICES

B.B. & C.I. AND G.I.P. RAILWAYS

WITH EFFECT from 1-9-1950, four Harbour Branch Trains, B.26 and B.36 Up and B.91 and B.95 Down will be extended up to Andheri. The following will be the timings of these trains:

	DEP.	HOURS.	ARR.	HOURS.
B.26 Up	Andheri	9.00	Victoria Terminus	9.40
B.36 Up	Andheri	10.24	Victoria Terminus	11.09
B.91 Down	Victoria Terminus	18.56	Andheri	19.41
B.95 Down	Victoria Terminus	19.33	Andheri	20.17

(8634)

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Suit No. 1100 of 1950.

Bai GANGABAI, wife of Ratansey Khaisey Khona, residing at Bandra in Greater Bombay ... ...Plaintiff.

Versus

(1) The SHIKARPURI SHROFFS (Bankers) ASSOCIATION LIMITED, a Company registered under the Indian Companies Act 1913, having its Registered Office at Kedar Bhuvan, above Balliwala & Homi, Kalbadevi Road without the Fort of Bombay. (2) KUNDANDAS KOTUMAL, carrying on business at Jai Hind Estate, Bhuleshwar, without the Fort of Bombay. (3) MENGHRAJ KISHINCHAND, carrying on business at c/o Narandas Laxmichand, Narpat Mansion, Girgaum Road, without the Fort of Bombay, the Defendants 2 and 3 for themselves and on behalf of all the other members of the Shikarpuri Shroffs (Bankers) Association Limited ... ... Defendants.

To,

All the Members of
The Shikarpuri Shroffs (Bankers) Association Ltd.,
Bombay.

PURSUANT to the Order, made by the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Coyajee on the 8th day of August, 1950, in the above suit.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN under Order 1, Rule 8 of the Code of Civil Procedure that the Plaintiff abovenamed has been given liberty to file the above suit against the 2nd and 3rd Defendants abovenamed for themselves and on behalf of all other members of the Shikarpuri Shroffs (Bankers) Association Limited for the following reliefs:—

(a) That it may be declared and adjudged that the writing, dated 21st October 1949 executed by the Plaintiff wherein it is alleged that the Plaintiff has been carrying on business in partnership with her husband Ratansey K. Khona in the firm name and style of Ratansey K. Khona copy whereof is Ex. "A" to the plaint is void or voidable against the Plaintiff, and that an order may be passed against the Defendants or any of them that the said writing be delivered up and cancelled.

(b) That the Members of the Shikarpuri Shroffs (Bankers) Association Ltd., (represented by Defendants 2 and 3) be permanently restrained by an order and injunction of this Honourable Court from filing suits against the Plaintiff seeking to make her liable for the hundi debts of her husband Ratansey K. Khona on the allegation that she is a partner with her husband or that she held herself out as a partner or that she represented that she was such a partner by reason of the said writing, and from further prosecuting any suit or suits which any one or more of them may have filed against the Plaintiff including Suit No. 472 of 1950 filed against her by the 2nd Defendant and/or from prosecuting or presenting any Insolvency Petition against her including Petition No. 63 of 1950 filed by Messrs. Panjumal Udhavdas members of the 1st defendant Company on the allegation that the Plaintiff is a partner in the alleged firm of Messrs. R. K. Khona or Ratansey K. Khona.

(c) For Interim injunction in terms of prayer (b) above pending the hearing and final disposal of this suit,

(d) That the Defendants or any of them be ordered to pay the Plaintiffs costs of this suit and interest thereon at 4 per cent per annum till judgment and

(e) That the Plaintiff may have such further and other reliefs as the nature of the case may require.

AND TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that the hearing of the suit has been fixed for Monday the 16th day of October, 1950.

Dated this 26th day of August, 1950

(Sd.) K. K. DASTUR
For Prothonotary & Senior Master

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) A. R. NARAYAN AYER

This 26th day of August, 1950.

Messrs. PEREIRA FAZALBHOY & CO.
Attorneys for the Plaintiff

(8631)

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY

OVERSEAS SCHOLARSHIPS FOR BACKWARD CLASS STUDENTS

APPLICATIONS are invited for THREE Overseas Scholarships to be awarded by the Government of Bombay during the year 1951-52 to Backward Class students from the State of Bombay. The scholarships are not restricted to any particular subject. Preference will, however, be given to candidates possessing industrial and technical qualifications or proficiency in subjects which will help the industrial development of the State of Bombay or to candidates already in Government Service.

The duration of the course of study will be determined in each case by the State Government but it will not generally exceed two years.

Applicants should possess a University degree in the subject concerned. For technical or industrial courses for which no degree is instituted, a recognised diploma should be considered adequate qualification.

Selection of candidates will be made by a Selection Board constituted for the purpose and applicants will be required to appear before the Board for interview AT THEIR OWN EXPENSE. NO MEMBER OF THE SELECTION BOARD OR ANY OFFICER CONNECTED WITH THE BOARD MUST BE APPROACHED BY OR ON BEHALF OF ANY APPLICANT. ANY ATTEMPT TO CANVASS DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY WILL FORTHWITH AND WITHOUT ANY EXCEPTION DISQUALIFY AN APPLICANT.

Applications on the prescribed form and accompanied by treasury receipt of Rs. 5/- which should be deposited under the head "XXXII-Industries —Other receipts" should be submitted in quadruplicate with four sets of all the documents to the Secretary, Selection Board, Overseas Scholarships for Backward Class Students, c/o Joint Director of Technical Education's office, Elphinstone Technical High School Bldg., Cruickshank Road, Bombay, so as to reach him in any case by 15th Sept. 1950. Applications will not be acknowledged unless sent by Registered post, acknowledgement due.

Permanent Govt. servants from the Backward Class community are eligible for these scholarships.

Applications of persons already in Government service should be submitted through the proper channels. Applications from all other persons should be submitted through the authorities of the institutions at which they last studied.

Copies of the booklet giving full details of the scheme and containing the forms in quadruplicate will be obtainable from the Manager, Government Book Depot, Charni Road, Gardens, Bombay.

(8630)

IN THE MATTER OF WESTERN THEATRES LIMITED.

AT AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company duly convened and held on the 24th August, 1950, the following resolution was duly passed as a Special Resolution namely that:—

"That the Company be wound up voluntarily and that Mr. Habib R. Parpia, solicitor be and is hereby appointed as Liquidator for the purpose of such winding up and that he be paid Rs. 500/- as fixed remuneration out of the funds of the Company."

Dated this 29th day of August, 1950.

MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM & MADAN
Attorneys for the Company.

(8633)

MOHAN'S Box-Office Hit.

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SWASTIK, BROADWAY, KASTURBA (Malad)

A PLEASANT PICTURE

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AT

CENTRAL

3, 6-15, 9-30

PALACE & RIVOLI

CROPS WITHERING FOR WANT OF MOISTURE

Sequel To Break In Monsoon: Fodder Scarcity In Deccan

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

MODERATE rainfall occurred in Dharwar and Kanara districts, while light showers were reported from Dangs, Poona, Nasik, Satara North, Ahmednagar, Bijapur and Belgaum districts, during the week ended August 21. Ahmedabad, Surat, Baoda, Mehsana, Kheda, Banaskantha, Panchmahals, Broach, Amreli, Sabarkantha, Thana, Kolaba, Ratnagiri, East Khandesh Sholapur and Kolhapur districts received no rainfall. Sultry weather prevailed during the week.

GUJARAT: The sowing of cotton was completed in Kheda district, while it was in progress in Ahmedabad, Surat and Broach districts. The sowing of jowar was in progress in Ahmedabad, Surat, Mehsana, Kaira, Banaskantha and Broach districts, while that of groundnut was continued in Surat district. The sowing of bajri was completed in Kaira and Banaskantha districts, while it was in progress in Panchmahals district.

The weeding and interculturing of bajri was in progress in Baroda, Mehsana, Kaira and Banaskantha districts, while that of cotton was continued in Baroda, Mehsana and Kheda districts. The weeding and inter-culturing of paddy was in progress in Ahmedabad and Baroda districts. Weeding operations were in progress in Surat, Panchmahals and Amreli districts.

In Broach district, crops like cotton and paddy showed signs of withering for want of sufficient moisture. No pests and diseases, except for casual attacks of grass-hoppers in Mehsana District, were reported. Fodder and water supply was adequate.

DECCAN: The transplanting of paddy was completed in Poona district. The sowing of bajri and groundnut was completed in West Khandesh district. The sowing of kharif crops was completed in Nasik district. Interculturing and weeding operations were in progress in parts of East Khandesh, West Khandesh, Satara North and in canal areas of Sholapur districts.

In Sholapur and Ahmednagar districts, there was no improvement in the condition of Kharif crop, which had earlier shown signs of withering.

In parts of East Khandesh district, kharif crops particularly cotton and rice have shown signs of withering for want of sufficient moisture. No pests and diseases were reported, except for appearance of grass-hopper in Satara North, pyrilla in sugarcane, in Ahmednagar and of aphis on groundnut in parts of East Khandesh district. Fodder scarcity continued in parts of East Khandesh, Ahmednagar, Nasik and West Khandesh districts. Water supply was adequate.

KONKAN: Weeding operations were in progress in Kolaba and Ratnagiri districts. Owing to the long break in the rainfall, the growth of rice crop was retarded in all parts of Konkan. No pests and diseases, except for an attack of blue beetle in parts of Kolaba district, were reported. Fodder and water shortage for livestock was felt in Kolaba district. In other parts of Konkan, it was satisfactory.

KARNATAK: The transplanting of paddy was completed in Kolhapur district. The sowing of cotton was in progress in Kolhapur and Belgaum district, while that of bajri was continued in Kolhapur district.

The interculturing and weeding of groundnut, jowar and bajri was in progress in Belgaum district. Interculturing and weeding operations were in progress in Dharwar and in parts of Bijapur district.

Due to light showers of rain, sown crops have shown some improvement in Bijapur district. Appearance of grass-hopper pest was reported in parts of Kolhapur, Belgaum, Bijapur and Dharwar districts. Fodder scarcity continued in certain parts of Bijapur and Dharwar districts. Water supply was adequate.

Rains Save Withering Crops In E. Khandesh

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The recent rains had saved the withering jowar crop to some extent and apprehensions of scarcity conditions in East Khandesh District had receded to a considerable degree, stated the Collector of the district, at a press conference at Jalgaon, on Monday.

The Collector stated that an amount of Rs. 3 lakhs had so far been sanctioned as tagai and a sum of a lakh of rupees for the construction of wells and another two lakhs for other purposes to help the cultivators to tide over the present difficulties.

Referring to the food position in the district, the Collector stated that there were 10,208 tons of foodgrains in stock in the district. The procurement of levy was 19,744 tons as against the levy demand of 16,633 tons.

Replying to a question, the Collector stated that the bridge at Savkheda across the Tapti River would be constructed soon.

FREE FAMILY HEALTH CENTRE

BOMBAY Tuesday.

For the benefit of the general public a Family Health Centre has been opened in K.E.M. Hospital, with the object of medically examining the members of the Family in order to give them advice as to how to keep well if they are healthy and to direct them for treatment if any defect is found. This service is free and the only obligation being that members of the family will periodically present themselves for their check up at a convenient time. All information will be kept strictly confidential. The public are advised to register their names between 4.30 and 6-30 p.m. on any week day except Saturday at the K.E.M. Hospital.

EQUALITY WILL BE ESTABLISHED

Morarji's Assurance

AHMEDABAD, August 29 (PTI): Mr. Morarji Desai, Bombay's Home and Revenue Minister, said here today "we want to establish equality in India by abolishing all distinctions of high and low, including untouchability".

Distributing certificates of literacy to the students of adult education class in a backward community of vaghris the Minister deplored the absence of women among the recipients of certificates and said domestic felicity depends upon the education of women as much of men.

SANDHURST ROAD TO BE RENAMED

After Swami Dayanand Saraswati

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Bombay Municipal Corporation today passed a resolution giving its approval for re-naming Sandhurst Road as Swami Dayanand Saraswati Road.

The resolution which was proposed by Mr. B. K. Gholap came up for consideration at a meeting of the Corporation this afernoon. The resolution said "with a view to commemorating the memory of the great social worker the late Swami Dayanand Saraswati who spent his whole life in the cause of humanity, the Municipal Commissioner be requested to consider the desirability of submitting a proposal through the Workers Committee to rename Sandhurst Road as Swami Dayanand Saraswati Road".

DPs FROM E. PAKISTAN

Rehabilitation Facilities

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

In view of the recent developments in East Bengal, certain displaced persons from that State have entered the State of Bombay.

The question of giving relief and rehabilitation facilities to this category of displaced persons was referred to the Government of India, who has decided that relief should not be given to displaced persons from East Pakistan, except in camps in the Eastern States of the Indian Union.

It has further decided that the State Governments should, however, give them all rehabilitation facilities such as business loans, educational loans, housing loans, etc., on the same basis as in the case of displaced persons from West Pakistan.

In view of this decision, displaced persons from East Pakistan, who have got themselves registered even after January 15, 1950, are eligible for rehabilitation assistance in Bombay State. So far, only those displaced persons who were registered before January 15, 1950, were eligible for such assistance.

PRIORITIES SHOULD BE FLEXIBLE & RELATIVE

G. L. Mehta's Talk On Industrial Development

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

"PRIORITIES in industrial development have to be determined in the light of social objectives to be secured and the essentiality of the industries whose development is possible", observed by Mr. G. L. Mehta, Member, Planning Commission, speaking on "Priorities in Industrial Development", under the auspices of the Commerce Graduates' Association today.

Mr Mehta stated that although the level of production and consumption in our country was low, industrial effort had to be directed on a programme of priorities since our resources in materials, money and skilled men were limited and our needs were many.

The task of planning, he said, was both more urgent and more difficult in an economically backward country where basic conditions set a limit to aspirations. While it was essential that the production of things needed to maintain certain minimum standards of living must be ensured, it was also necessary to provide for capital formation on a larger scale than at present, in order to lay the foundations of a balanced industrial structure.

Since the industrial structure was, however, integrated, priorities had to be flexible and relative. We must concentrate on industries which involved a low ratio of capital to labour and which could bear fruit quickly.

Apart from the fact that existing industries must work to capacity and incomplete projects had to be finished, agriculture remained our predominant industry.

Industries which centrered round agriculture and assisted the production of food as well as raw materials like cotton and jute, had to be encouraged and this category included not only fertilisers and agricultural implements, but also the manufacture of essential constructional materials such as steel and cement on which other industries also depended.

Attention had also to be paid to projects for developing mineral resources which had immense potentiality. Manufacture of machine tools, especially for small-scale and cottage industries, must also be on the list. Transport and power were the desiderata for such development.

NEED FOR BALANCED ECONOMY

Mr. Mehta pointed out that priorities might differ somewhat in the public and private sectors and explained some of the methods of working such priorities such as licensing of new undertakings and regulation for location, allocation of scarce resources, control of capital issues and control over imports of capital goods.

Such control did not and need not mean regimentation, but only regulation for a wider common purpose. The State had powers and obligations in respect of the private as well as the public sector. We wanted not only a mixed but a balanced economy, balanced between agriculture and industry as well as between large-scale and small-scale industries.

Mr. A. D. Shroff presided.

IMPORT CONTROL INQUIRY BODY

Bombay Discussions Concluded

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The members of the Commerce and Industry Advisory Panel of the Planning Commission met Mr. G. L. Mehta Chairman of the Import Control Enquiry Committee, Mr. Tulsidas Kilachand and Mr. D. L. Mazumdar, members of the Committee, at an informal meeting at the Council Hall yesterday and discussed with them some aspects of import control policy, particularly in its bearing on the protection and development of indigenous industries.

The consensus of opinion was against the use of import control for protective purposes, although it was conceded that in exceptional cases imports of certain commodities might be temporarily restricted on the recommendation of the Tariff Board.

Earlier, the members of the Committee met the representatives of the Scientific and Surgical Instruments Association, who pleaded for free licensing of imports of these commodities.

In the afternoon, the Committee met the representatives of the All-India Manufacturers' Organisation. Later, the Committee met the President and members of the Tariff Board.

Messrs. G. L. Mehta and D. L. Mazumdar are leaving for Madras by air tomorrow morning.

PROBATIONER NURSES

Training In Military Hospitals

NEW DELHI, Aug. 29.

Under the Government of India's scheme for the training of probationer nurses for the Military Nursing Service, forty probationer nurses, hailing from all over India, have been recruited and started training in military hospitals at Delhi Cantonment and Poona in June last. The normal period of training is three years.

According to the rules governing recruitment candidates should be between the ages of 18 and 30 years and must be unmarried or widows without encumbrances, the minimum educational qualification being Senior Cambridge or Matriculation.

Candidates for training are selected by a Board. Special attention is paid to physical fitness and only those declared to be in category 'A' are sent up for training.

The candidates are required to execute an agreement to the effect that after successful training they will serve in the Military Nursing Service for a minimum period of five years. If a probationer nurse marries while under training she will be discharged and will be required to refund the entire cost of training.

During training candidates are provided with free accommodation and board. In addition, they will receive a stipend of Rs. 30/- per mensem during the first year, Rs. 35/- during the second year and Rs. 40/- in the final year. The candidates will also receive an initial uniform allowance of Rs. 100/- and thereafter Rs. 60/- annually for maintenance of their uniform.

Bombay Governor's Donation

BOMBAY, Tuesdy.

His Execellency the Governor of Bombay has sent a donation of Rs. 500 to His Excellency the Governor of Assam for the purpose of relief to the sufferers in the recent earthquake and floods in that State.

Bombay Strike May Not End Soon

RUIKER'S VIEW

NAGPUR, August 29 (UPI).—Prospects of an early settlement of the present deadlock in the Bombay Textile industry are gloomy, says Shri R. S. Ruiker, General Secretary of the United Socialist Organisation, in an interview to the United Press of India today.

Shri Ruiker went to Bombay to study the strike situation in the textile industry, to explore the possibilities of an honourable settlement of the present dispute and to find out the possibilities of building a united front amongst the leaders of the two trade unions—the Mill Mazdoor Sabha affiliated to H.M.S. and the Girni Kamgar Union affiliated to the All-India Trade Union Congress, which are leading the strike.

Shri Ruiker says that the rank and file of the textile workers of Bombay are very much agitated over the bonus issue and are determined to continue the strike till such time as the bonus issue is not honourably and satisfactorily settled.

The main reason of the present strike in Bombay textile industry which has loomed large before the public, Shri Ruiker says, is no doubt the dispute about bonus. But behind the smoke screen of the controversy about bonus is the real issue, which is the recognition of the trade union at Bombay. Two trade unions, which are today fighting for recognition at Bombay in the textile industry, are one controlled by the Indian National Trade Union Congress and the other by the Hind Majdoor Sabha. The Bombay Congress Ministry is bent upon buttressing its pet child—Rashtriya Girni Kamgar Union—while the Socialist Party is out to obtain recognition for its Mill Mazdoor Sangh.

MOTORISTS URGED TO GIVE LIFT ON AUG. 31

W.I.A.A.'s Appeal

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. Erach A. Nadirshah, the President of the W.I.A.A. has issued an appeal to motorists to come to the rescue of the public on Thursday the 31st August, 1950 when the call issued for a general strike in sympathy with the textile workers who are on strike is likely to cause great hardship to the travelling public. The following is the full text of the appeal:—

"The Western India Automobile Association appeals to motorists in general and members in particular to do their bit to tide over the emergency caused by the threatened general strike on Thursday. There are numerous way in which motorists can demonstrate their usefulness to the community, especially in the present situation but the most appropriate contribution which they can make is to offer lifts to the public who would be the worst sufferers of the strike. The W.I.A.A. therefore issues this appeal to motorists to help to relieve the suffering likely to result from the wilful breakdown of public transpost by giving lifts freely on that day and sincerely trust they will respond with a magnificent gesture which will reduced to their credit.

The Association, at the same time, makes it plain that the ordinary motor insurance policy may perhaps not cover the risk involved but this should not deter motorists from helping the public and responding to what is, after all, a patriotic call.

Given below are certain hints for working the scheme which, if followed, will be helpful both to those who offer lifts and to those who accept them.

HINTS TO MOTORISTS

1 If you wish to give a lift and if you pass any Bus Stop where passengers are waiting, please slow down.

2 Call out your destination and give lifts to as many people as you can accommodate. If possible, ask your passengers whether they desire a lift on their way home in the evening and instruct them as regards time and place where they should await you.

The W.I.A.A.'s object in issuing this appeal is purely to relieve, as far as possible, the hardships the public will have to face due to the general strike. The whole idea is asolutely on a voluntary basis."

WORKERS' SUPPORT TO BOMBAY STRIKE

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 28.

A big procession of mill workers paraded the streets of the city to rouse the public opinion against soaring prices and blackmarket. The processionists held a meeting where they passed a resolution supporting the Bombay mill workers' strike and criticised the Government's policy. The meeting urged the people to do their mite to establish a socialist Government.

Abolition Of Titles

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The titles of Mahamahopadhyaya, Shams-ul- Ulama, Hazil-ul- Mulk, Shifa-ul-Mulk Vadyaratna and Chikitsakratna are titles within the meaning of Article 18 of the Constitution of India and not academic distinctions. Hence, they will not be used in official documents.

Village Panchayats' Secretaries

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Secretaries of smaller village panchayats can take up duties as branch post masters with the permission of the panchayats concerned. The panchayats can grant them necessary permission, if such duties are not likely to interfere with the efficient discharge of their duties as secretaries.

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Drive Against Illegal Ration Cards In City

HEADS OF FAMILIES TO FURNISH INFORMATION

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

THE Government of Bombay has decided to organise a drive against the use of illegal ration cards. For this purpose, an Order under the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946, will shortly be published requiring each Head of Family in the Bombay City and Suburban District to furnish information in the prescribed declaration forms. Failure to make a correct and complete declaration in the manner prescribed will be punishable under the above Order.

The Declaration has to be made by the person whose name is shown as the Head of Family on the ration cards or in his absence by the eldest member of the family. Each declaration form must include the names of only such cardholders who have a common person as the Head of Family on their cards and whose cards are registered in the same shop.

The names and particulars of persons who may be temporarily absent should also be included in the declaration forms if permanent ration cards are held by such persons. In case their ration cards have been deposited in the Rationing Offices their deposit receipt should be produced with the form instead of their ration card.

A week before the renewal of ration cards is due in a ration shop, blank declaration forms will be distributed through the Authorised Retail Distributor to persons coming for their rations.

During the week, the declaration forms should be correctly and fully filled up and kept ready for being presented at the shop during the subsequent week, as announced in the 'R' notices. On the presentation of declaration forms, provided they are correctly and properly filled in, the food grains ration cards underlying such declarations will be renewed by the staff posted at the ration shops. Declaration forms and ration cards unacceptable for any reason will be returned with a note showing the reason for which they are returned.

Declarations will be accepted at Ward Rationing Offices after the period of acceptance at shops is over, if valid reasons are given for not presenting the declarations at the shops during the weeks prescribed for the purpose.

As no rations will be permitted on the ration cards which are not renewed in the prescribed manner, every Head of Family residing in Bombay rationed area is requested to obtain the necessary declaration form from his shop and keep it properly filled in. During the period of acceptance of declaration forms and renewal of ration cards, no change of shops will ordinarily be allowed.

Said To Have Stolen A Cheque

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Fakruddin Mulla Kurban Hussain, an employee of a shop at Abdul Rehman Street was arrested by the Princess Street police for alleged by stealing of a signed cheque for Rs. 750 from the shop yesterday.

It appears that the suspect who removed the cheque from the cheque book of his master and cashed it in a local Bank. He was produced before Mr. K. J. Khambatta, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court today, and ordered to be released on bail pending investigations.

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Sankar Mandal is giving Film Show "Saugand" in aid of Assam Relief Fund at Imperial Cinema on Sunday the 3rd September 1950 at 9-30 a.m. The entire collection gathered from the shows will be sent to the Governor of Assam.

THE FAMOUS ASTROLOGER

Recipient of many Gold Medals and Certificates from Maharajas, Judges, and notables. Annual Life reading monthly details Rs. 5 and 3 questions, Rs. 2 Horoscope or writing time required. Pandit Kaliyur M. SRINIVASACHARIAR THAPONIDHI, Thyagarayanagar, Madras 17.

Dispute Over Election Of Club President

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

J. L. G. Fernandes & Anr. .. Plaintiffs
vs.
Raphael Monteiro & Anr ..Defendants

Messrs. J. L. G. Fernandes and J. F. Vaz, the Plaintiffs who are members of the above Club have filed in the High Court of Bombay the above suit on behalf of themselves and other members of the Club supporting them against the Defendants, Messrs. Raphael Monteiro and Caetano Coutinho also members of the said Club for a declaration that the purported election of Raphael Monteiro the 1st day as President of the Club is void, invalid and inoperative and that the 1st Plaintiff continues to be the President of the Club and restraining the 1st Defendant by an order and injunction of the court from receiving or recovering any amount out of the funds of the Club as and by way of remuneration or for defending himself against the "Criminal Complaints" filed against him by the Plaintiffs or for any other purpose whatsoever and also restraining the 2nd Defendant by an order and injunction of the Court from paying any amount out of the funds of the Club to the 1st Defendant or to anyone else for and on behalf of the 1st Defendant and for other reliefs.

After the institution of the suit the plaintiffs took out a Notice of Motion inter alia for interim injunction against the defendants in terms of the aforesaid prayers. The said Notice of Motion came on for hearing before His Lordship the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Coyajee on the 25th instant, when the defendants through their counsel gave an "undertaking" not to draw any moneys either for their own remuneration or for costs of defending themselves in Criminal Complaints or in the Bombay High Court Suit.

Mr. M. J. Mistree with Mr. P. N. Bhagwat' instructed by Messrs. N. C. Dalal & Co. appeared for the Plaintiffs and Mr. J. H. Vakil instructed by Messrs. Solomon & Co., appeared for the Defendants.

Quarrel Leads To Assault

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A quarrel between children of two different families led to one of the parties employing hooliganism to redress its grievances.

Ronue Maqsood and three others, it is alleged, entered the room of the complainant's aunt last night, armed with sticks, with which they smashed the electric lamp. The former is alleged to have attacked the aunt with a knife inflicting two deep incisions on the lewt side of the horehead. She was removed to the J. J. Hospital in an unconscious condition.

The complainant who went to her rescue received a stab wound on his hand.

While Maqsood was attacking the aunt, his three accomplices it is said assaulted the complainant's grandmother and other relatives in the room, and they had to run out. When cimplainant returned to his room, he founnd his jacket missing, together with Rs. 200 which it contained.

The accused were produced before Mr. J. M. Barot at the Girgaum Police Court and released on bail of Rs. 500 each pending further investigations.

The British Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs Mr. Ernest Davies and his wife lunched with Marshal Tito at his lakeside villa in Bled on Sunday.

MR. K. R. ALPAIWALLA

Mr. Kaikhushro R. Alpaiwalla has just passed the final examination of Chartered Accountants of the Chartered Institute of England and Wales. He passed the B.Com. Examination of the Bombay University in 1946, then passed in 1949 the B.Com. Examination of the University of London with distinction, obtaining the first place in his Group and a place among the first seven successful candidates in the Examination. He is the grand son of the late Mr. Merwanji Kaikhusro Alpaiwalla, Solicitor.

That The Lightless May See

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The "Happy Home for the Blind" has issued an appeal asking for public contributions on the occasion of its Silver Jubilee.

The appeal says, "Blessed are those who can see, for they enjoy all the beautiful things of the world....But, the blind live in a world of darkness and by a bitter of irony of fate the blind are poor....There are more than a million blind people with us, of whom more than 25 per cent are of school-going age. These people are condemned for no fault of their own to a life of begging, destitution and misery unless an effort is made by those who have the means to ameliorate the condition of the blind."

The Home for the Blind was established in 1925 through the efforts of Mr. H. D. Chatrapati, the late Principal of the Victoria Memorial School for the Blind. The Home occupies a place at Worli, provided for by the Government of Bombay, and at present has 26 inmates. The boys attend educational classes, and learn music, cane work and strong-bag work. There is also an efficient orchestra. The Home is non-communal and aims to be a real home to these boys after they are reclaimed from the streets.

The appeal continues: "But, all this requires funds. The cost of living is nearly three times as much as in the pre-war years and is increasing." The Home directs attention to the fact that while it can house only 26 boys there are about 2,000 such cases on the streets of Bombay.

Contributions may be sent to the Home's Joint Honorary Secretaries, Mrs. Coomie Sohrab F. Bharucha, 63, Pedder Road, Bombay, or to Mr. H. D. Doongaji, 63, Wodehouse Road, Colaba, Bombay. All contributions, great or small will be acknowledged in the next Report of the Home.

LORRY PURCHASE HOAX ALLEGED

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Representing himself as an influential employee working in the office of the Director-General of Disposals, Dehu Road Branch, Hanesh Mangesh Bal Kolaskar, it is alleged, approached the complainant in the case, offering to purchase lorries for him at a cheap rate.

He asked for an advance of Rs. 1,000 but as the complainant had only Rs. 900, he gave him only that much. A receipt was duly passed and the complainant was asked to meet the accused at Dehu Road.

Enquiries at that place showed that he was not employed in the office of the Director-General of Disposals. He was produced before Mr. J. M. Barot at the Girgaum Police Court and released on bail of Rs. 2,000.

ASSAULT ALLEGED

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

For allegedly assaulting two employees of the Encroachment Department, Bhagwan Tukaram and five others were arrested by the police and remanded into Police custody at the Girgaum Police Court.

On their usual rounds, the men of the Encroachment Department confiscated a basket of vegetables at Lal Baug, which they dumped into the lorry. A boy jumped into the lorry to take back the basket. He was driven to Kalachowki Police Station, where his statement was recorded.

His relatives, thinking that he was taken to the E. Ward office, proceeded thither. When the lorry arrived without the boy, they grew furious and attacked two of the Department men inflicting minor abrasions.

As enquiries are proceeding, the accused have been granted an extension of the bail period.

Alleged Sale Of Cartridges

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

For alleged illegal sale of cartridges, Limji Ratanshan Golimara was arrested by the General Branch of the Bomoay C.I.D. yesterday. He was produced before Mr. K. J. Khambatta, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court today.

The police stated that on receipt of information that the suspect was carrying on illegal business in cartridges a trap was laid to arrest him. He is said to have sold 91 cartridges to a bogus customer sent by the police with marked money in a city hotel.

Pending furtner investigations, the Magistrate allowed bail.

CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu Shravan Vad 3 2006
Muslim Zilkad 15 1369.
Parsi Gatha 2 1320.
Sunrise 6-24 a.m., Sunset 6-56 p.m.
Hightide 01-26, 13-12 Lowtide 07-15, 19-44.

Engagements

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY: Birthday Centenary of Justice K. T. Telang Speeches by Mr. C. K. Dapntary, Mm. Dr. P. V. Kans and Principal V. N. Naik, at Town Hall at 5-30 p.m.

SAFETY FIRST ASSN. OF INDIA: Annual General Meeting, at Conference Hall, Electric House, at 5-45 and 6-15 p.m., respectively.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Study Class on "Reincarnation" at J. Wadia Bldg., Opp. Flora Fountain at 6-15 p.m.

SIDDHARTH COLLEGE PARLIAMENT: First Session at Sunderbai Hall at 8 a.m. Address by Mr. M. R. Masani

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: Weekly Meeting of the Standing Committee at 3-30 p.m.

ANNOUNCEMENT

There will be a public meeting of the citizens of Bombay in the Corporation Hall at 6 p.m. today to consider means and ways of helping people in the earthquake areas of Assam, towards which the Mayor of Bombay has appealed for donations.

What Bombay Govt. said and did: Minister of Health will participate in the series of talks by the Ministers of the State of Bombay on "WHAT BOMBAY GOVERNMENT DID AND SAID" at WILSON COLLEGE HALL on 30th August 1950 at 6-15 p.m.

Dr. K. A. Hamied, M.L.C., J.P., has kindly consented to preside.

THE SOCIALIST PARTY (BOMBAY): Public meeting at Gowalia Tank Maidan at 6 Sub-General strike.

ALL-INDIA WOMEN'S FOOD COUNCIL (BOMBAY BRANCH):—Public meeting at 3-30 p.m. at Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, Dinkerrao Desai and Mrs. Munshi speaking.

TODAY'S RADIO

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 30.

AIR NEWS FROM DELHI

Bengali 7-30 a.m. 2-50 p.m. 7-30 English. 8 a.m. 1-50 p.m. 6 Gujarati. 8-45 a.m. 1 p.m. 6-10 9-15 Kannada. 7-45 a.m. 7-45 3-15 Hindi. 8-15 a.m. 1-40 p.m. Malayalam. 7-30 a.m 7-30 p.m. Marathi. 8-30 a.m. 12-50 p.m 8 Oriya 7-15 a.m. 1-10 p.m. 7-15 8-15 p.m. Tamil. 7-15 a.m. 2 p.m. 7-15 Telugu 7 a.m. 1-50 p.m. 7 Urdu 9 am. 8 p.m.

BOMBAY

244 m—7-45 a.m. Hindi by radio G, 8-15 J. Bhosle, shudh sarang, 12-45 p.m. Tantrakari, 12-50 P. T. Nathani, G geet, 1-40 Piano playtime, 2-0 Lady in the dark, 2-15 Folk songs, 4-20 School braodcast, 5-0 R. Ramnathkar, shree, 5-30 A. H. Khan, been, 5-45 P. T. Nathani, G geet, 6-10 M. Raichurkar, puria, 6-30 Air artist, ghazals, 6-45 Master Nisar, thumri, dadra, 7-10 Locals, 7-20 P. T. Nathani, G geet, 7-30 A. Navsariwala, G geet, 7-45 For industrial workers, 8-30 Day's topic, G. 8 40 A. S. P. Moorti, 8-45 Radio Orch, 9-15 Master Nissar, thumri, 9-0 film songs, 9-45 F. Moraes, current affairs review, 10-0 A. Marzban, 'Tonight we have a party'.

VARIATIONS—353 m—7-30 a.m. Devotional songs, M, 7-40 Prog., 8-0 A. H. Khan, been, 8-45 J. Bhole, M pad, 1-0 p.m. G S Patankar, M songs 1-10 Bhavgeets, 1-50 Air artist, jaltarang, 2-0 Shruti Vaichitriya, 5-30 M. song, by G. S. Patankar, 5-45 Air artist, bhajan, 6-0 G. S. Patankar, bhavgeet 6-20 Villagers, prog, in M and 6-50 in K, 7-20 K. Pitre, M songs, 7-30 Commercial news, 8-15 Hindi by radio, M, 8-30 "Meghdoot", 9-0 K. Pitre, M songs, 9-45 A. H. Khan, been, 10-0 J. Bhole, gaud malhar.

BARODA

250 m—7-30 a.m. Bhakti Bhav, 7-45 Today's prog, 7-50 Leela Parikh's party G garba, 8-15 N Patel, sitar, 8-30 M. M. Painter's party, qawwalis, 5-30 p.m. For Women, G, 6-10 Hirabai Barodekar, 6-25 interlude, 6-30 For rural listeners, 7-0 N. Patil, Sitar, 7-15 P. Munshi, to pacchi, 7-30 Geet sudha, 8 M. M. Painter's party, ghazals, 8-10 Locals, 8-30 N. Patel, sitar, 8-45 M. M. Painter's party, ghazals, 9-30 Geet mala, 9-45 Bharateeya sangeet.

AHMEDABAD

326-1—7-30 a.m. B Zeenabhai's party bhajans, 7-40 Programmes, 7-45 Faiyazkhan, 8-15 As in Baroda, 8-30 B. Zeenabhai's party, bhajans, 5-30 p.m. Y. Joshi, cl. music, 5-45 I. Acharya, dilurba 6-10 As in Baroda, 6-30 Geet Gurjari, 6-45 I. Acharya, dilruba, 7-0 Y Joshi cl. music 7-15 As in Baroda, 7-30 For industrial workers, 8-0 Locals, 8-5 Shanta Apte, 8-30 Listeners' choice, 9-30 As in Baroda.

GOA

31.22 m—7-0 a.m. Bill Bailey's musical clock, 9-00 Famous ensembles, 9-15 Pipes of melody, 9-30 Movie tunes, 9-45 Riders of purple sage, 10-00 Meet the band, 10-30 Tropicana, 10-45 Vera says....11-00 Concert hall of air, 12-0 Salon Serenade, 12-30 Strike up Band. 12-45 'Pop' concert, 1-00 Request prog., 2-00 Concert hall of air, 3-00 Hindi film music, 5-00 Marathi prog., 6-00 Candlelight and silver, 6-30 Four knights, 6-45 Keynotes by Carle, 7-00 Tropicana, 7-15 Hawaiian melodies, 7-30 Music without words.

TWENTY-ONE SOCIALIST workers were convicted in Secunderabad on Tuesday to four weeks' rigorous imprisonment by a Magistrate. Secunderabad on charges of defying Section 144 Cr.P.C. The convicted persons were arrested on Sunday last.

Monsoon Active In Assam

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, August 29 (PTI): The following is daily weather summary for Tuesday, August 29 1950.

The monsoon has been fairly active in Assam, West Bengal, Chotanagpur, Uttar Pradesh, the Punjab (India). The central parts of the country, Hyderabad and coastal Andradesa where widespread or local rain has occurred.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 30TH. Rainfall will be widespread in Gangetic West Bengal, Orissa, Chote Nagpur, East Madhya Pradesh, Vindhya Pradesh, South West Uttar Pradesh, in and near the hills of Punjab (India) in East Hyderabad and coastal Andradesa. There will be local showers in over the rest of the country outside west Rajasthan.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING.—Locally heavy rain is likely in Gangetic West Bengal, Orissa and East Madhya Pradesh during the next 48 hours.

The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall inches during the past 24 hours from June 1 1950 and departure from normal recorded at 0830 hours IST on August 29 1950.

Asokla 88 77 0 9.1 minus 12.1, Bhavnagar 92 75 0 17.9 plus 2.0, Baroda 92 77 0 36.8 plus 9.9, Bhopal 92 75 0.1 23.0 minus 15.0, Bhuj 88 78 0 26.9 plus 16.5, BOMBAY 86 76 0.1 38.3 minus 16.4 Calcutta 91 80 0 33.6 minus 0.1, Cochin 84 75 0 74.3 plus 9.3, Cuttack 88 79 0 27.2 minus 8.3, Darjiling 61 56 0.1 122.4 plus 40.0 Delhi 93 74 0.4 23.6 plus 6.7, Gwalior 87 76 0.1 28.3—Indore 88 73 0 18.2 minus 5.4, Madras 87 77 0 13.7 plus 4.0, Mussoorie 66 60 0.1 82.7 plus 20.1, Mysore 82 66 0 87.8 plus 0.7, Nagpur 90 77 0.1 19.2 minus 14.8, Patiala 90 74 1.2 21.1—Poona 88 71 0 13.0 minus 1.5 Shillong 74 64 1.3 64.7 plus 21.1, Trivandrum 84 74 0 26.4 plus 10.0.

Policeman Said To Have Shot Millworker

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A gruesome murder of a middle-aged man was reported to the De'Lisle Road police in the early hours of this morning.

The body of Jaisingh Rao Salvi was recovered from Annie Besant Road near Worli Camp at about six this morning. The body bore many stab wounds.

The De'Lisle Road police have not been able to contact the relations for going further in the matter.

The deceased was a millworker working in David Sassoon Mills and was residing in the B.D.D. Chawls, Room No. 53 at Worli. He had living with him life and child.

A police constable Rajaram Shinde was staying with the deceased as a boarder and is alleged to have fallen in love with the wife of the deceased, who was last seen with the constable at 10-30 p.m.

It is suspected that the constable shot him dead.

The police constable was arrested by the police.

Mills' Application Rejected

BOMBAY, Tuesday

Mr. Justice Coyajee at the Bombay High Court rejected an application made on behalf of the Colaba Land Mills Ltd. for payment of the sum of Rs. 16 lakhs awarded to W. H. Brady and Co. by Divan Bahadur K. M. Jhaveri, in instalments spread over a period of 5 years on giving sufficient security.

W. H. Brady and Co. were the Managing Agents of the Colaba Land Mills. Their agreement was terminated by the Mills seven years before it would have come to an end. The matter was referred to arbitration who appointed Divan Bahadur Jhaveri as umpire. The umpire awarded a sum of Rs. 16 lakhs as damages.

The Colaba Land Mills wanted to have the award set aside and applied to the High Court. However, they lost their original application as well as their appeal. The present application was by W. H. Brady and Co. for a decree in terms of the award. It was contended by counsel on behalf of W. H. Brady and Co. that instalments could not be granted under Section 17 of the Arbitration Act as it would be varying the terms of the award. His Lordship rejected this application of the Colaba Land Mills on the grant that no case for standing instalments had been made out.

The Advocate-General with B. J. Divan appeared for W. H. Brady and Co. Mr. P. Amin appeared on behalf of the Colaba Land Mills.

Morarji To Talk On Religion

"Theocracy and Secularity" will be the title of a talk in the series "Aspects of Religion" to be broadcast by the Hon'ble Shri Morarji Desai, Minister for Home and Revenue, Government of Bombay, from All India Radio, Bombay, on August 31 at 9-45 p.m.

Shri Morarji Desai's talk will be heard on 244 and 41.44 metres.

Amrit Kaur To Speak On B. B. C.

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, India's Health Minister who was this year's President of the World Health Assembly at Geneva, is to give a talk in the BBC's home service on September 3, on "Health and human nature in my country", at 9-15 p.m. B.S.T., the talk will be pre-recorded in India.

TRADE MARKS APPEAL ALLOWED

High Court's Remarks

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Shah).
The National Sewing Thread Co. Ltd. .. Petitioners.
vs.
Messrs. James Chadwick & Bros. Ltd. .. Respondents.

OBSERVING that it was no part of the duty of the Registrar of Trade Marks to insist an imprint should strictly correspond with the recognised characteristics of the object it purported to represent, His Lordship allowed an appeal from the decision of the Registrar of Trade Marks at Bombay, refusing to register the petitioner's trade mark in respect of cotton sewing thread.

THE TRADE MARK

The respondents' registered trade mark consisted of the device of a bird standing on a flat surface and bearing the words "Eagley Sewing Machine Thread."

The petitioners started marketing cotton sewing thread in 1940 with the mark of a bird perched on a cylinder bearing the words "Eagle Brand", which on the respondents objecting they changed to "Vulture Brand." The petitioners thereafter applied for registration of the mark as altered. The Registrar of Trade Marks at Bombay refused registration of the petitioners' mark on the ground that it was a colourable imitation of the respondents' mark and was calculated to deceive the public, and that the figure of the bird used by the petitioners was that of an eagle wrongly described by them as a vulture. From the Registrar's order refusing registration, the petitioners appealed to the High Court.

RESEMBLANCE

Observing that in judging resemblance, the Court had to consider whether an average man familiar with the trade marks in question but not having the respondents' trade mark before him was likely to be deceived by the petitioners' mark, His Lordship came to the conclusion that in the present case there was very little similarity between the two marks and no likelihood of confusion. His Lordship was further of opinion that so long as the bird was a bird of prey, the question whether it resembled a vulture or an eagle was immaterial unless it was done fraudulently. In the result, His Lordship allowed the appeal with costs and directed the Registrar to register the petitioners' trade mark.

Mr. S. T. Desai instructed by Messrs. Crawford Bayley & Co., appeared for the petitioners.

Mr. A. Beynon instructed by Messrs. Cragie Bhut & Caroe appeared for the respondents.

Said To Have Cheated A Widow

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Narayan Deshmukh met a helpless widow in a train and offered to help her and look after her. She agreed and he brought her to Aryodaya Boarding House, V. P. Road. There, it is alleged, he induced her to part with Rs. 200 and silver ornaments valued at Rs. 40, lest they should be stolen.

He then took her to Byculla Railway station, where he boarded a train bound for Nasik, telling her to wait and that he would soon return. As there was no sign of him she started weeping. One Ganpat Ramchandra to whom she related the story made a search for the man in the train and after some difficulty succeeded in tracing him.

The accused was produced before Mr. J. M. Barot at the Girgaum Police Court where he was remanded into police custody pending further investigations.

Telegram: INDEX Telephone: "696B"

ALL-INDIA INDUSTRIAL & CULTURAL

EXHIBITION

JAMSHEDPUR.

(Organised by the TATA WORKERS' UNION on the occasion of the THIRD SESSION of the INDIAN NATIONAL TRADE UNION CONGRESS)

FROM 10TH OCTOBER TO 12TH NOVEMBER. 1950

The Hon'ble Sri JAGJIWAN RAM,
Minister for Labour, Government of India,
has kindly consented to perform the Opening Ceremony

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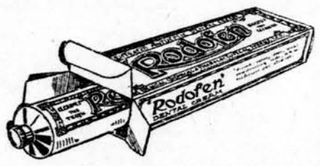

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I M F Will Soon Decide Fate Of Pak Rupee

NON-DEVALUATION AFTERMATH

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

NEW DELHI, Aug. 29.

THE International Monetary Fund at its Paris meeting of its Executive Governors will determine the rate of Exchange of Pakistan's rupee, it was recently announced. The exchange deadlock has had far reaching repercussion on Indo-Pakistan trade and financial arrangements. The full effects of the impact of Pakistan's non-devaluation on its general economy are not yet clear, but certain broad conclusions can be drawn from the data available for the six months' ending March 1950.

The main reasons advanced by Pakistan in support of non-devaluation were:—

1. Sound balance of payment position and absence of any real disequilibrium.
2. Inelasticity of Pakistan's export trade in basic raw material.
3. Cheaper imports from devalued currency areas, which were expected to reduce cost of living and check inflation. Pakistan Government's Press communique referred to the marked inflationary tendencies in East Pakistan.
4. Creation and maintenance of conditions favourable to Pakistan's industrial development.

Balance of Payment position.

The Pakistan Government is now faced with a balance of Payment problem. Its foreign assets have been dwindling at an alarming rate. The total current account deficit of India with Pakistan during eighteen months ending December 1949 amounted to more than Rs. forty-three crores. According to the Annual Report of the State Bank of Pakistan for 1948-49 Pakistan's deficit in private merchandise wit countries other than India amounted to about Rs. eight crores. The difference between the deficit on private merchandise and the amount of dis-investment exceeded Rs. ceded Rs. fifty-three crorres and should naturally be attributed to its net imports on Government account and other net payments. Thus, the reduction in Sterling resources attributable to the deficit in its payment position for this period exceeds Rs. twenty-five crores. The total disinvestment of Pakistan with countries other than India for eighteen months ending December 1949 exceeded Rs. eighty-seven crores, compared with its surplus of Rs. 43 crores with India. The conclusion then is that Pakistan is faced with balance of payment problem, not dissmilar to that of India Pakistan's decision was based on the ground that its balance of payment position was very near equilibrium; a claim for which factual support is wanting, unless balance of payment was treated as merely balance of trade on private account.

FOREIGN ASSETS

In the year ending March 1950, balances held outside Pakistan declined from Rs. 91,79,14,000 to Rs. 32,70,64,000. Foreign assets of the State Bank of Pakistan have declined by approximately sixty crores since September 1949. Pakistan Government has recently sanctioned the issue of Rs. 54.29 crores of Pakistan Government securities to the State Bank of Pakistan to counter-balance the depreciation in the value of its sterling and the Government of India securities. The recent transfer of sterling to the issue branch of the State Bank leaves very little sterling in the Banking Department.

Thus Pakistan is faced with a dilemma. The Foreign assets of the State Bank will be in considerable jeopardy, if liberal imports are permitted. If, on the other hand, imports are restricted, apart from the effect of such a policy on inflation and morale of the people, the budget of the Pakistan Government, which drives its income of say Rs. thirty-five crores a year from Customs, will be greatly out balanced.

INELASTIC EXPORT TRADE

Pakistan's export trade has certainly not been helped by non-devaluation. Pakistan's export trade with soft currency areas and India is about eighty-eight per cent of the total export trade. Prices of Pakistan's basic raw materials have declined and to that extent the grower has been put to a loss. The price fall, however has not been steep enough to fully maintain Pakistan's competitive power in the devalued currency countries. Export duties, moreover have neither been reduced or abolished on the ground that loss under customs revenue would be serious. Off take of cotton has not kept pace with rush of its arrival. Nearly 4,89,000 bales of cotton were held in Karachi at the end of March of which 3,25,000 bales were unsold. In 1948-49 Pakistan received approximately Rss. 70 crores from India against Jute purchases. During 1949-50 Pakistan faced the prospect of a large unsold carryover; the loss on that account amounting to say Rs. 35 crores.

The general level of prices of imported goods has not gone down to the extent anticipated. The main reasons being, that stringent import restrictions were introduced soon after non-devaluation and the O.G.L. has been suspended. Secondly, importers have been engaged in excessive profiteering and import licences are reported to have fetched premiums varying from 40 to 50 per cent. Since Pakistan cannot relax control on imports in view of its deteriorating foreign Exchange position, imports must continue on a restricted scale. The fact that consumers generally have not reaped the benefit of non-devaluation, has given rise to complaints from the public and the Pakistan Government are seriously exercised over this question.

Pakistan Finance Minister has promised to tighten up the law against profiteers, cancel certain licences, and has even hinted at the possibility of putting certain commodities, as for example cloth on the O.G.L. in order to defeat the profiteers. All this may sound promising on paper, but it is doubtful whether the consumer will in actual fact get his share of the benefit of non-devaluation.

COST OF LIVING

In short, it can be safely said that the cost of living with reference to imported goods has not gone down as was anticipated. Neither has the inflationary trend, particularly in East Pakistan, been effectively checked. In West Pakistan, of course, inflation was never much in evidence because foodgrains and a few other essential commodities are available at reasonable prices. So long as the policy of restricted imports continues, and the capacity of the Chittagong port continues to be a limiting factor, the supply of consumer goods for East Pakistan cannot be increased to check inflationary trends. The trade deadlock with India has aggravated the situation.

The hope that non-devaluation would create conditions favourable to Pakistan's Industrial development, is no doubt sound in theory; but in actual fact capital goods and machinery have not been imported on any particularly large scale during the period October 1949 to February 1950. The total value of imports into Pakistan of capital goods and machinery for this period was Rs. 3,870,406 which is about 6 per cent of the total value of imports during this period. Besides, the provision in the capital budget for 1949-50 for equipment etc. was only about Rs. 24 crores for Defence Services, Rs 2.9 crores for Civil works and Rs. 2.39 crores for Railways.

In any case, the mere importation of capital goods and machinery from dollar areas is not going to accelerate Pakistan's Industrial development unless there is the required capital backing and trained personnel, which are at present remarkably deficient. The present conditions are not such as to encourage the entry of foreign capital on a large scale. Thus, Pakistan has not benefited particularly so far by non-devaluation.

TRADE STANDSTILL

Indo-Pakistan trade and financial transactions have been virtually at a standstill since Pakistan's non-devaluation stand. The Trade Agreement as well as the Payments agreement were based on Rupee parity. Thus, the entire basis of these two Agreements was completely altered. The new exchange rate announced by Pakistan is 100 Pakistan rupees for 144 Indian rupees. Pakistan introduced rigid import control regulations to meet the situation following devaluation, and India likewise had to tighten up controls on imports and also to raise the export duties on certain commodities.

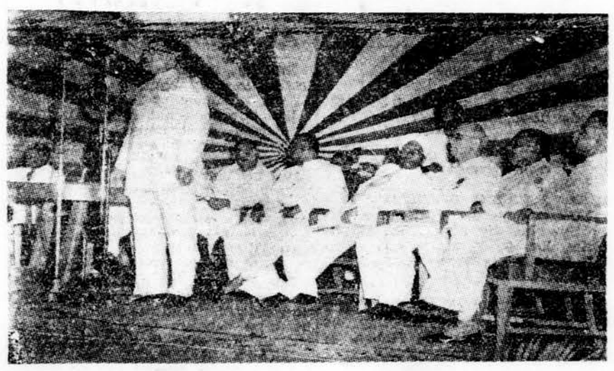
Neither the State Bank of Pakistan nor the Reserve Bank of India have been able to buy and sell rupees at the new Exchange rate. The Reserve Bank had authorised scheduled banks to buy and sell at any rate and up to any amount; but in actual fact no transactions have taken place because the State Bank of Pakistan has decided to apply the new Exchange rate very rigidly and any transaction not in conformity with the announced rate is punishable.

It will be thus seen that none of the four assumptions have stood the test of experience. On the other hand there was an increase of Rs. 49.81 crores in the value of exports from India during 1949-50 as compared with 1948-49. Cotton and cotton goods, tea, spices, leather and seeds were largely responsible for this increase. From Rs. 62.49 crores in 1948-49 the value of exports of cotton and cotton goods rose to Rs. 92.86 crores in the year under review. Exports of tea were valued at Rs 72.53 crores in 1949-50 as compared with Rs. 64.22 crores in 1948-49. The export value of spices registered a very large increase from Rs. 7.33 crores in 1948-49 to Rs. 19.15 crores in 1949-50 while that of leader increased from Rs. 12.85 crores in 1948-49 to Rs. 18.54 crores. Seeds were exported to the value of Rs. 14.97 crores in 1949-50 an increase of Rs. 7.80 crores over the figure for the preceding year. Exports of raw jute and manufactures our main foreign exchange earners, however, declined appreciably from Rs. 172.21 crores in 1948-49 to Rs. 143-19 crores in 1949-50.

India's balance of trade with the dollar areas has shown a marked improvement during the year, the adverse balance being only Rs. 48 lakhs as against Rs. 27.30 crores in 1948-49. The balance of trade with the hard currency countries also recorded a substantial improvement, the over-all adverse balance being only Rs. 14.32 crores in 1949-50 as against Rs. 26.8 crores in the previous year. With the soft currency area, the adverse balance was Rs. 76.85 crores as against Rs. 158.54 crores in the previous year. A notable feature of trade with the dollar counntries after devaluation is the disappearance of deficit balance from November 1949 onward and the emergence of a sizeable favourable balance. While the balance with these countries was in deficit in every month from April to October, 1949, it turned favourable in every month from November 1949 o March 1950.

(See page 10)

Ceramic Research Institute



India's fourth National Laboratory, the Central Glass and Ceramic Research Institute, was formally opened on Saturday last at Jadavpur near Calcutta by Dr. B. C. Roy, Chief Minister of West Bengal. Dr. K. N. Katju, Governor of West Bengal presided. Picture shows the Hon'ble Shri Hare Krushna Mahtab, Minister for Industry and Supply, Government of India, speaking at the opening ceremony. Behind him are seated from left to right: Dr. B. C. Roy, Dr. S. P. Mookerji, Dr. C. V. Raman, Mr. B. Mathews and others.

ASSAM 'QUAKE AND ITS EFFECTS IN CALCUTTA

(From Our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 29.

NEWS has reached Calcutta that owing to the various quake shocks in Upper Assam the service of the Joint Steamer Companies have been temporarily suspended—especially because it is apprehended that there is something wrong with the bed of the river.

Further an interesting phenomenon has been observed in Upper Assam. This is the free movement of fish and other acquatic animals and it is believed that water has been vitiated by some chemicals. In any case this suspension of the steamer service affected the interests of the Joint Steamer Companies as well as those of the general public.

There is considerable excitement in the circles of jute dealers in regard to the new circular of the Indian Jute Mills Associations penalising the jute dealers under certain conditions and the Jute Balers Association pointed out that this would lead to blackmarketing in jute.

EDUCATION

Out of a budget of 3.06 crores of rupees which the Government have set apart this year for education in general a fairly large sum of money is being spent for the expansion of the Bengal Engineering College, Sibpur, which has hitherto been an ordinary training ground for Civil, Mechanical, Electrical and Metallurgical Engineers. The college has just been expanded by the opening out of new departments. For instance a department of architecture and Town and Regional planning-subjects of great national importance has already been started and very well-trained Professors are being recruited in this connection. It is not only the Bengal Engineering College that is being expanded but a new impulse is being given to the development of technical education and all over the State new technical institutions are being started. The Government have also taken in hand certain new schemes in connection with the College of Engineering and Technology which has hitherto been more or less a private institution.

Mr. Profulla Sen, the Food Minister of the Government of West Bengal, has just given a very reassuring message to the public in regard to food. He has expressed the opinion that there would be no difficulty in regard to the supply of food though he added that people would be well advised to use as much wheat as possible.

There has been this afternoon a rally of the Revolutionary Socialist Party of India under the leadership of Mr. Jogesh Chandra Chatterjee. The rally assembled at the maidan and later there was a procession through the streets with the usual slogans. Uptil now everything has passed off smoothly.

BARODA STUDENTS' STRIKE ENDS

BARODA, August 29 (PTI): The five-day old strike of nearly 800 students of the science section of the Baroda College was called off today.

Attendance was practically normal" in all science classes except for senior B. Sc. Class.

The students went on strike on August 25 demanding that the Bombay University should revise their decision not to have an examination centre at Baroda for the B. Sc. subsidiary examination in October this year.

It was learned that Justice Bhagwati, Vice-Chancellor of the Bombay University had promised Mrs. Hansa Mehta Vice-Chancellor of the Baroda University and a representative of the students who saw him in this connection, that the question of holding an examination centre at Baroda would be sympathetically considered.

A.I.N.E.C. Body To Meet In Bombay

NEW DELHI, Aug. 29 (PTI): A meeting of the Standing Committee of the All India Newspaper Editors' Conference will be held at Bombay on September 6 and 7, the Secretary of the Conference announced today.

Among other things the Committee will review the working of the Indo-Pakistan Joint Press Committee.

Mr. R. R. Diwakar, Minister of State for Information and Broadcasting is expected to be present at the meeting on September 7.

Workers' Attack On Indore Police

SOCIALISTS DEMAND JUDICIAL ENQUIRY

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE, Aug. 28.

The week under review began with a communist inspired trouble in the Indore textile mill area. Within half an hour of the start of the incident, the labour mob was reported to have murdered a deputy superintendent of the Madhyabharat police and injured over a dozen constables one of whom died before the next morning. The police on duty used the minimum force with help of a revolver which injured only one person in his leg. The trouble was checked within an hour and the police must be complimented for the peace maintained thereafter in the mill area as well as in the rest of the city. The Regional Commissioner of Madhyabharat Mr. P. S. Rao, who arrived in Indore the same night was very much impressed by the police arrangements and expressed his entire satisfaction for the peace maintained.

Peaceful conditions were also maintained this week in the city of Gwalior. The students resumed their studies after about a fortnight's lull. It is a matter of satisfaction that the Government has acceded to many of the demands of the Gwalior students and have sanctioned more facilities for their education and stay in the hostel. This shows that the demands of the student community were legitimate to a large extent. If so, they could have been met even before they resolved to follow the path of demonstrations which resulted in a tragedy.

JUDICIAL ENQUIRY

The special officer deputed by the Home Ministry of the Government of India is now conducting a 'in camera' preliminary enquiry into the firing incident of August 9 and has so far examined a fairly large number of witnesses. The students are, however, insisting on an open enquiry by a judicial tribunal and have, therefore, not appeared before Mr. U. K. Ghoshal I.C.S., Enquiry Commissioner. Someone from among the members of the public has also moved the State High Court with a view to get the enquiry declared as illegal.

The National Executive of the Socialist Party which met at Jaipur this week has adopted a resolution demanding appointment of a judicial enquiry by the end of this month, failing which it will conduct its own enquiry towards the beginning of September next. It has also set up a three-man committee for this purpose under the chairmanship of the well-known socialist barrister Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas.

The Madhyabharat Government this week passed orders of externment on two members of the National Executive of the Socialist Party who had gone to Gwalior to look into some affairs of their organisation The fact that the Government withdrew the ban within 24 hours shows that it did not hesitate in undoing a wrong which had been probably committed under some misunderstanding caused to the Government about the socialists' possible movements after their arrival in the city.

New Railway Line For Kandla And Dessa

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 28.

Preparations of Kandla and Dessa Railway line are afoot and according to one Railway spokesman trains will begin to run from March 1951. Inauguration of this new railway line will be made official in February 1952. Public of this railway track gave rousing reception to first engine and wagons which recently coke down to this track.

Death Sentence On Jubbulpore Youth

MURDER CHARGE

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, Aug. 28.

Chhedilal, a youth formerly in the employ of the Gun Carriage Factory, Jubbulpore, who was arrested on December 16, 1949, under section 302, (murder); 307, (attempt to commit murder) and 324 (causing grievous hurt) of the Indian Penal Code, and was committed to the sessions to stand his trial there, was found guilty to the charges framed against and was convicted and sentenced to death under Sec. 302 and undergo 6 months and 4 months' rigorous imprisonment respectively under Section 307 and 324 IPC respectively, the sentences to run concurrently. The accused was tried in the court of Shri M. B. Bansod, additional sessions judge, Jubbulpore, with the help of the assessors and they opined unanimously that he was guilty of the charges made against him.

The case in brief was that on December 16 last when the accused was thrashing his wife, Chhoti Bai and was attempting to stab her with a knife, Shrimati Champa Bai, a Jain women intervened and tried to save Chhoti Bai. While playing the role of a good Shrimati Champa Bai, a Jain woman Samaritan, Champa Bai became a victim of the accused's fury. The accused, after stabbing her with the knife, caught hold of her and lifted her bodily and took her to the balcony of the house and hurled her therefrom on the street, which caused her immediate death. Praomode, a youth of the mohalla tried to over-power the accused and in doing so, he too was assaulted by him. The accused was caught by the police after much difficulty. His wife, who had received serious injuries at his hand, survived in the hospital and was cited as a prosecution witness in the court. Shri Narayan M. Golwalkar, Advocate, Public Prosecutor had appeared for the State while the accused was defended by Shri B. P. Argal.

Jubbulpore Cop Convicted

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, Aug. 29

Sukhdeva Prasad, a grey-haired 50-year-old police constable of Jubbulpore, who had put in 25 years' service, has been convicted and sentenced to undergo 4 years' and 6 months' rigorous imprisonment on two counts yesterday by Mr. S. A. M. Alvi, additional sessions judge, Jubbulpore.

The accused, who was arrested in October last on the charge of bodily lifting a 7 year old girl and taking her forcibly into his room, where he committed rape on her, was tried with the help of the jury. The jurors gave an unanimous verdict of 'guilty' against him, and he was sentenced accordingly. The sentences passed against him, on two charges will run concurrently The State was represented by Shri Moti Shankar Jha, Advocate, additional public prosecutor.

A scene was created outside the court room when a younger brother and a relative of the accused both of whom are employed in the police service and were ordered to take the accused to the jail with handcuffs in his hands, were seen shedding tears while they were carrying out their duty.

TIGER AXED TO DEATH

Bhil Brothers Rewarded For Bravery

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A cash reward of Rs. 50 each has been granted by the Government of Bombay to two Bhil brothers, of West Khandesh District, in appreciation of the feat of bravery they displayed in killing a man-eating tiger.

On February 17 last, Shri Shrawan Nanku Bhil and his brother, Ramsing, of Babhalaj in Shirpur Taluka, were returning to their village from Mahadeo, a forest settlement.

At about 6-30 p.m., when they were crossing the Bail Ghat, in Satpura Hills, a tiger came out of the forest and clung to the neck of the young boy, Ramsing, who is aged about 17 years.

The boy boldly caught hold of the two front paws of the tiger, rendering the animal motionless. Meanwhile, his elder brother rushed to the rescue of Ramsing and axed the head of the tiger and killed it.

More Cotton Sown In Madhya Bharat

GWALIOR, Aug. 29 (PTI): The cotton extension scheme sponsored by the Government of India is in full progress in Madhya Bharat. Ninety thousand seven hundred maunds of improved cotton seed were distributed.

It is estimated that the acreage under cotton this year is more than that of last year. Sixteen demonstration plots have been laid for intercropping of cotton with groundnut.

The Government of Madhya Bharat have announced remission of land revenue on all additional areas brought under cotton cultivation over above of last year.

Burmah Shell Workers On Strike

RAJKOT, Aug. 29. (PTI): Four hundred workers of the Burmah Shell Company at Okha are on strike from August 12 and six of the strikers have been on hunger-strike for the last six days, according to reports reaching here.

It is stated on August 12, workers of the tin department were asked to go out as the plant was out of order. All the workers of the company demanded that they should be taken up and, as that demand was not complied with, went on strike from that day.

MADRAS SALES TAX SETS NEW RECORD

Finance Minister's Disclosure

MADRAS, August 29, (PTI): The Madras sales tax is expected to register "a new record" this year according to the State Finance Minister, Mr. B. Gopala Reddi. He said this year's sales tax yield was expected to be far higher than last year's figure of Rs. 15,24,00,000 as judged the amount realised during the first four months of the current year.

"If we extend the sales tax to the first sales of agricultural produce, we can altogether do away with land revenue", Mr. Reddi said.

Sales tax is now levied at three pies in the rupee on the annual turn over exceeding Rs. 10,000/- an additional tax of six pies in the rupee is collected on luxury goods like automobile and radios.

No Changes In Madras Prohibition Proposed

MADRAS, August 29 (PTI): Mr. N. Sanjeeva Reddi, Prohibition Minister, Madras, said today that the Government did not propose to make any changes to the Madras Prohibition Act for the time being. He said the Government of India were expected to give directions to the State Governments regarding the applicability of the "day" laws to army personnel. Further, he said, the Madras Government would like to await the decision of the Supreme Court on the appeal preferred by the Bombay Government against the High Court judgment on the Prohibition Act.

In the circumstances, Mr. Reddi said, "we think no purpose will be served by undertaking an examination of the Madras Act.

Centre's Rice Commitment To Madras

MADRAS, August 29 (PTI): The Government of India have fulfilled their rice commitment to the Madras Government for the current year to the extent of 71 per cent according to official figures.

Out of 2,30,000 tons of rice allotted to Madras this year, the Central Government have yet to supply 65,700 tons.

Gadgil Believes There May Be War

ADDRESS AT POONA

POONA, Aug. 29, (UPI): Mr. N V Gadgil, Minister for Works, Mines and Power, Government of India, addressing the students of the Poona College today said that the possibility of a third world war could not be altogether ruled out. Whether there would be a third world war or not would depend on the attitude of Red China and India, he added.

Mr. Gadgil further observed that India had made its position quite clear and shown the way to world peace by recognising Red China. It was, however, unfortunate, he added, that our stand had not been fully appreciated by other world powers.

Mr. Gadgil said that India stood for social justice with full civil liberties and had decided to pursue that policy. India believed in peace and progress and all its efforts, whether in the Security Council or outside, were directed towards that end. India's foreign policy, he said, was based on the policy of "live and let live".

The Korean question was not limited only to the North or South Korea. The two philosophies which had divided the world into two blocks. It had become a question of prestige and Mr. Gadgil thought that if South Korea was defeated in the present Korean conflict, America would attack the Soviet block with all its might, and if the reverse happened, Russia might take similar action against western democracies.

CONDITIONS TO GET PIR PAGARO'S GADDI

Sind Premier's Statement

KARACHI, Aug. 28.—The Sind Premier Qazi Fazullulah said here today that one of the conditions for getting his support to the restoration of gadi of the late Pir Pagaro was the surrender of "all existing outlaws and absconders" to the Government, "for being dealt with under the law."

The other conditions, the Premier said were the cessation of "outlawful activities" and restriction of the future Pir's activities to spiritual functions.

The Sind Premier said that unless these conditions were "respected" he would not recommend to the Pakistan Government the proposal to revive the gaddi.

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Devinder Mohan Outclasses Piruz In Final To Retain C.C.I. Title

MALAYANS' EASY ENTRY IN DOUBLES FINAL

Kalyanpurkar & Miss Phansalkar's Grand Recovery In Semifinal

(By Our Badminton Correspondent)

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

THE best exponent of the popular game of badminton that India has yet produced, most unassuming Devinder Mohan, who only last evening displayed brilliant form to overcome Malaya's number four Tan Jin Eong in the penultimate round, this evening completely outclassed the other Malayan visitor Abdullah Piruz in the final to retain the Cricket Club of India Open Badminton singles title.

Devinder Mohan had very little difficulty in setting to nought the deadly smashes and drops of the Malayan number five Piruz. The Indian national champion who has the reputation of being the final, which lasted barely twenty-most determined player in the game, had the upper hand all throughout the final, which lasted barely twentyfive minutes.

With powerful smashes, and extremely accurate net-play, the Indian had Piruz quessing on many an occasion, and what had promised to be a memorable encounter, completely fizzled out into a tame encounter.

Piruz, who is just twenty, and new in the field of competitive play in Malaya, having been in the limelight only for the last two years, displayed an extremely temperamental attitude.

By his victory in straight games over Piruz, at the scores of 15-4, 15-2, Devinder Mohan more than justified his claims as one of the leading players of the world. It will be remembered that in the last world ranking our chmapion was placed tenth on the list. But with the experience of proved his play.

Piruz, who possesses one of the deadliest smashes, and an equally effective drop, both executed with more or less the same grip and action, has yet many years of badminton in him, and is sure to make a name for himself in the game as time goes on.

Try as hard as he would, Piruz failed most lamentably to corner Devinder into making mistakes, but Devinder most skilfully kept the Malayan on the run.

The Women's doubles final between Mrs. Patwardhan and Mrs. Lewis and Misses Tehmi Vakil and Betty Farias, was very keenly fought out. The young promising players fought back resolutely and won the first game at 17-15, but failed to add to this initial success. Mrs. Lewis thus retained the title that she had won last year in partnership with Mrs. Mumtax Botwala.

The evening's most interesting match however was the mixed doubles semi-final between Miss Sindhu Phansalkar and Anant G. Kalyanpurkar and Miss Tehmi Vakil and Bhopardikar. The encounter was played at a rousing pace with Bhopardikar, and in particular Miss Tehmi Vakil, attaining their best ever form. Kalyanpurkar, who was slightly off colour in the first game, received the right type of support from the cool-as-cucumber Miss Sindhu Phansalkar With his sweeping forehand and backhand drives, Kalyanpurkar turned the losing game into a winning one. Playing cautiously Kalyanpurkar and Miss Phansalkar equalised by winning the second game, with the loss of only two points.

In the final game, Bhopardikar and Miss Tehmi Vakil ran up a big lead of 8-2, and changed over. Then started a sensational recovery.

Down 3-9, and then 7-11, Kalyanpurkar fought back against all the "tricks" that their opponents had in store for them.

Sindhu Phansalkar, whose performance at the net has always been a great advantage in the mixed doubles, helped Kalyanpurkar to win the next eight points off the reel to qualify for the final tomorrow.

Miss Tehmi Vakil, who was playing brilliantly often brought forth loud applause for her alertness at the net, and quick reflexes.

Sindhu Phansalkar and Kalyanpurkar, who won the C.C.I. title in 1948, now meet Henry Fereira and Miss Betty Farias in the final tomorrow. And if Sindhu succeeds in winning the title this year, it will be her hat-trick, for she won the title last year in partnership with Ramesh Desai.

The Malayans proved themselves to be excellent doubles players. They made short work of Devinder Mohan and George Lewis in two straight games. Eong the more versatile of the two players, gave a pleasing display at the net.

Sharad Desai, the winner of the Suburban junior title, entered the final of the junior's singles by easily accounting for N. E. Ghadially in the penultimate round. In the other semi-final, T. R. K. Mehra also defeated his opponent without the least exertion.

The following were today's results:-

MEN'S SINGLES (Final)
Devinder Mohan beat A. Piruz. 15-4, 15-2.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES (Final)
Mrs. Sunder Patwardhan and Mrs. Nobina Lewis beat Miss Tehmi Vakil and Miss Betty Farias, 15-17 15-6, 15-2.

JUNIOR'S SINGLES (Semifinals)
T. R. K. Mehra beat K. D. Shroff, 15-5, 15-1; Sharad Desai beat N. E Ghadially, 15-2, 15-0.

MEN'S DOUBLES (Semifinal)
A. Piruz and Tan Jin Eong beat Devinder Mohan and George Lewis. 15-10, 15-6.

MIXED DOUBLES (Semifinal)
Miss Sindhu Phansalkar and A. G. Kalyanpurkar beat Miss Tehmi Vakil and M. K. Bhopardikar, 8-15 15-2, 15-11.

Today's Finals

5-30 p.m. Sharad Desai vs T. K. Mehra (Junior's Singles); 6-00 p.m. Mrs. Mumtaz Lotwala vs Mrs. Sunder Patwardhan (Women's Singles); 6-30 p.m. Miss Betty Farias and Henry Fereira vs Miss Sindhu Phansalkar and Anant G. Kalyanpurkar (Mixed Doubles); 7-00 p.m. Piruz and Tan Jin Eong vs M. K. Bhopardikar and M. S. Patil (Men's Doubles).

DEVINDER MOHAN
Confirmed his world class.

Mrs. Sunder Patwardhan (right) and Mrs. Nobina Lewis (left), who after losing the first game in the final of the women's doubles event of the Cricket Club of India Open Badminton Tournament last evening, staged a brilliant recovery against Miss Tehmi Vakil and Miss Betty Farias to win the title. Mrs. Lewis had won the same title last year in partnesship with Mrs. Mumtaz Lotwala (then Miss Chinoy).

SURPRISE DEFEAT OF CULTURE LEAGUE

Bengal Nagpur Railway Win By A Solitary Goal

CALCUTTA, Aug. 29 (PTI).

ALL the visiting teams on this evening's card made their exit from the I.F.A. Shield. The elimination of Indian Culture League, Bombay Senior Division League Leaders, by Bengal Nagpur Railway, the babes of the local first division, provided another surprise of the tournament.

The Indian Culture League, with three provincial players, Narayan, Parab and Thomas, were expected to do better but the unique defence put up by the Railway backs, M. Ghosh and Claudius, disorganised the concerted efforts of the Bombay forwards. Manohar Singh, centre half and R. Dey, left half, were the other prominent defenders. Appala, centre forward and R. Maity, outside right, were sources of danger to the Bombay defence and one of their movements finished with the all important goal.

Bombay players could not settle down and also had luck against them. S. Mukerji, right back, played a great game and his interceptions helped to prevent further scoring. Thomas, inside left, distributed the ball cleverly but most of his crafty passes went abegging.

In the fourth minute, Bombay led the attack but both Parab, inside right and Laloo, centre forward, could not beat M. Ghosh, Railway right back. In the next minute, the Bombay goal underwent a narrow escape. Naidy, Railway outside lefts shot from a melee hit Mukerji and rebounded to play. In the sixth minute Laloo, Bombay centre forward, was again deprived by Ghosh from a pass by Salvi, outside right. After this B. N. Railway relieved pressure but all their efforts at scoring proved abortive. In the 24th minute, however, they scored. Appala centre forward found the net with a low shot from a pass by Maity, outside right.

The following are the results of the matches played in the I.F.A. Shield this evening:—

SECOND ROUND:—
B. N. Railway 1, Indian Culture League (Bombay) 0
Rajasthan 9, Nadnapur District 0
Aryan 2, Frontier Club (Delhi) 1
Sporting Union 1, Raisina Sporting (Delhi) 0.

The second minute after the break found the Railwaymen attacking again and Claudius, leftback took a spot kick from one of the I.C. League's infringements. One of the Bombay defenders saved at the cost of a corner in diverting the ball which was entering the net with a vicious spin.

A minute later Bombay repelled the attack and forced a corner.

Following the flag kick Thomas's shot hit the cross-bar as also from his header. Parab who followed, again hit the horizontal, the ball sailing over after touching Shimadry, Railway goalkeeper's hands. Three minutes later, Parab tested Shimadri with a stiff shot but the ball went out.

At the other end, Appala missed a sitter in the eleventh minute. He dashed forward accepting a pass from Manohar Singh, centrehalf, but shot over from a close range with only Bombay keeper to beat.

TEAMS:

B. N. Railway: B. Shimadri, M. Ghosh and H. Claudius; A. Gupta, Manohar Singh and R. Dey; R. Aity, T. Banerji, Appala, Peru and R. Naidu.

INDIAN CULTURE LEAGUE: Bhoja, S. Mukerji and Kenneth; Narayan, Sankar and Bana; Salvi, Parab, Thomas and Peter.

Referee: S. Pathak.

PRABHU & BANGERA UPSET SEEDED PAIR

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The two young players A. I. Jacob and Sudhir Thakersey, seeded number six in the men's doubles event of the Students Y.M.C.A. Open Table Tennis Tournament, received a rude shock when this evening they were eliminated in the second round by V. V. Prabhu and U. S. Bangera in three exciting games.

Forced to go on the defensive the seeded youngsters drew first blood by claiming the initial game for the loss of only 15 points. In the next two however, the more experienced players, who were seen at the best of their form, gave very little away and successfully penetrated the youngsters' defence to win the match.

Another hardhitting pair in Basha Lalji and Jayu Patkar had to drop a game to an unconsidered pair P. K. Joshi and D. H. Varde.

Khanchand, who is playing with N. J. Nensey in this tournament defeated C. G. Velkar and S. N. Gandhi in two straight games.

Mrs. Mani Bharucha, top seeded in the women's singles was extended by a young promising player in Miss Phiroza Dhondy, who gave a very good account of herself before going down by three games to one in the quarterfinal round.

In another quarterfinal round match, Miss Dhun Munshi was fully extended by Miss Prisca Nunes, before entering the semifinal round.

Vana And Tereba To Visit India This Winter

SIX WORLD'S LEADING TABLE TENNIS STARS INVITED

MADRAS, August 29 (PTI).

THE Table Tennis Federation of India has invited six of the world's top class table tennis players—two Czechoslovakians and four Yugoslavians—for a tour of India this winter, it is officially learnt here.

Former world champion Bohumil Vana and his compatriot Tereba, of Cheschoslovakia and Dolinar, Harangozo Vilim, Tibor and Vogrines of Yugoslavia are the invitees.

If Vana is unable to make the trip, another Czechoslovakian, Ivan Andreades is expected to take his place

Vana and Andreades will not be new to Indian table tennis fans and the third Czech, Tereba, is considered as one of the best stroke players of the world.

Dolinar and Harangozo Vilim of the Yugoslav contingent have recently beaten Victor Barna and Richard Bergmann as well as another formidable team, Leach and Carrington, in the English Table Tennis Championships.

NARESH KUMAR IN THIRD ROUND

... Turkish International Tennis Championships

ISTANBUL, August 29 (PTI-Reuter).

Naresh Kumar of India reached the third round of the men's singles in the Turkish International Lawn-Tennis Championships here yesterday.

In the first round he beat Jaffrey (Turkey) 6-1, 6-3 and in the second round defeated Telyan (Turkey 6-4, 6-3.

GERMANY & JAPAN ADMITTED

LAUSANNE, August 29 (PTI-Reuter). The Executive Committee of the International Olympic Committee today unanimously recommended that Germany and Japan be allowed to participate in the 1952 Olympic Games at Helsinki (Finland).

This recommendation, by the six-nations executive body, must be transmitted to the full International Olympic Committee meeting which takes place in Vienna from May Six to Nine next year.

Indian T.T. Stars On Way To Malaya And Australia

CALCUTTA, Aug. 29 (PTI): Uttam Chandarana, Ranbir Bhandrari, V. Sivaraman and M. V. S. Vittal—the Indian table tennis stars arrived this evening from Bombay 'en route' to Singapore and Australia. They are accompanied by P. D. Rangaramanujam, Secretary of the Indian Table Tennis Federation.

The Indian team is proceeding to Malaya and Australia to play exhibition matches. They played some matches at the Chowringhee Y.M.C.A. this eveninfi.

TWO CENTURIES BY CHRISTIANI

W. Indies-Middlesex Match Drawn

LONDON, Aug. 29 (PTI-Reuter):—Robert Christiani, West Indies reserve wicket-keeper was in excellent form today scoring two fine centuries in a drawn game with Middlesex.

He scored an aggregate of 231 for the match without being dismissed. It looked highly improbable when play began today that West Indies would get first innings lead as only two West Indies wickets were standing and they still needed 74 runs.

But Christiani cleverly collared most of the bowling engaged in a stand of 96 runs in 80 minutes with Hines Johnson. This established a ninth wicket record for the West Indies touring team in England. In one over in the last wicket stand of forty, Christiani hit five boundaries. Altogether in compiling his highest innings of the tour he hit one six and 21 fours.

John Dewes hit one six and 12 fours in his total of 86 runs when Middlesex batted a second time. Middlesex declared at 209 runs for four wickets, leaving West Indies 93 minutes to get 178.

They went for runs but were beaten by the clock though were only 30 short when stumps were drawn. Seventy-four runs were wanted in 26 minutes when the fourth man Worrell went to the crease, and the batsmen concentrateod on giving Christiani chances to reach 100 for the second time.

Hitting 13 in the last over of the game, Christiani just succeeded in emulating the feat of George Headley in the Lord's Test 11 years ago.

Christiani hit 11 fours and became the sixth West Indian to reach thousand runs during the tour.

SCORE BOARD

MIDDLESEX (First Innings) .. 311

WEST INDIES (First Innings)

Rae c Laws b Moss	3
Stollmeyer lbw b Sims	81
Marshall b Sims	9
Worrell b Warr	1
Weekes c Compton b Young	52
Christiani not out	131
Gomez c Laws b Young	7
Goddard c Edrich b Compton	6
Johnson c Warr b Sims	25
Valentine lbw b Compton	2
Extras	19
Total	343

Bowling Analysis: Warr 19/3/57/1; Moss 12/1/54/1; Sims 23/5/96/3; Miss 12/1/54/1; Sims 23/5/96/3; Young 36/11/79/3; Compton 9/3/19/2; Edrich 3/0/19/0.

MIDDLESEX (Second Innings)

Dewes lbw b Weekes	86
Robertson c and b Valentine	27
Edrich c and b Worrell	36
Sims not out	20
Brown not out	13
Extras	3
Total (for 4 wkts.) decl.	209

Fall of Wickets: 1-49, 3-152, 4-185.
Bowling Analysis: Johnson 4/0/11/0; Gomez 17/4/36/0; Valentine 8/4/20/1; Worrell 19/5/73/1; Marshall 9/1/4/0; Weekes 9/1/4/0

(Message Incomplete)

TATAS' SEDATE WIN OVER GOANS

Braganza's Two Good Goals In Senior Harwood League

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

THIS evening's five goals to nil victory at the Cooperage over the Goan Sports Club in the Senior Harwood Football League, is likely to stand Tata Sports Club in good stead, in the event of a tie in points for the championship occurring when the League concludes early next month.

Once again Goan Sports were let down by a goalkeeper. Joseph Coutinho, who is deputising for the regular custodian did his best, but he was a poor judge, and his hands are yet to get accustomed to hold the hot shots with courage.

Tatas took things quite calmly and without any undue exertion, they managed to make the openings to score. The number of chances wasted could have easily brought the score to run into a dozen.

Tatas outers', Perumal and Balan were provided many good opportunities to run through, but they were not equal to the occasion. Thingalaya in goal was hardly ever tested.

One point that ran in favour of the Goans was that they never gave up trying right to the end. They approached their opponents goal well, but thereafter they faded away. Mendis, on the right wing centred well, but his capital centres were in vain. Joaquim D'Souza, the full back decided to move into the attack and played as centre-forward, but he became more of a nuisance value than an asset. His robust tactics failed to take him far.

The game was otherwise quite a tame affair with little to enthuse over. The exchanges were slow and one thing that did not lose noticeability was that the teams combined well and had, to some extent, perfect understanding.

Tatas opened their account in the third minute of play from a goalmouth melee when Shetty scored. Tatas held on to this lead up to the interval.

In the seventh minute of the second period, Perumal put Tatas further ahead from a clearance after Shetty had tested the custodian once. It was quite a lazy shot which Coutinho, the Goan custodian managed to get his hands to the ball, but failed to keep it out. Three minutes later Perumal sent in a good centre which Braganza intercepted, but Peter Ferrao sent it in with a hot drive to give Tatas their third goal.

Anthony Braganza dribbled his way in past a host of defenders to send in a well placed shot just five minutes before the end. One minute later, Braganza sent in another goal with a left footed drive to complete his side's tally of five goals.

The teams were:—

TATA SPORTS CLUB: Thingalaya, Papen (Jr.), Papen (Sr.), Ananthram, Krishnan, Damodar; Perumal, Shetty, P. Ferrao, A. Braganza, Balan.

GOAN SPORTS: J. Coutinho; J. D-Souza, P. Vaidya; K. Valcya, T. Gama, R. Fortes; E. Mendes, M. Mendes, G. D'Costa, M. Fernandes, C. Vaz.

Referee: T. S. Mani.

KHATAU'S PREVAIL OVER SUB-AREA

Player Ordered Off The Field In Das Cup

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Khatau Sports prevailed over Bombay Sub-Area by the odd goal in five in their second round encounter in the Das Cup Football Tournament played at St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel, this evening.

Five minutes before the end, Referee Makle took upon himself the task of giving marching orders for no reason at all to left outer Annamalam of the Base Sub-Area. However, the real player at fault, M. Shinde of Khatau's got scot-free with just a mild warning Shinde was warned earlier in the game for dangerous play.

The match itself was a well contested game filled with thrills. The mode of play adopted by the rival sides was quite different. B.S.A. played with long astute passes, while Khatau's decided upon the short passing game.

Khatau's drew first blood through Samuel when play was but seven minutes old from a goal mouth scrimmage. Before the interval Base Sub-Area scored two quick goals Joseph scored the equalizer, while Annamalam gave his side the lead.

Khatau's fought back determinedly in the second period and their efforts were rewarded when Samuel scored the equalizer from the top of the box. V. D'Souza scored the all important goal for Khatau's a few minutes later.

Earlier, Lever Sports after dictating terms for a major portion of the game succumbed to Little Pioneer's 'A' by a solitary goal in the same tournament Pakrasis scored the all important goal for the winners in the second half of play.

INTER-COLLEGE SOCCER

Antao's Hat-Trick For Siddarth College

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Scoring two goals in each session Siddarth College got the better of Podar College this evening in the Inter-Collegiate Football Tournament.

The match was a triumph for the Siddarth College outside left Z. Antao who scored three goals in a row, the second, third and fourth. N. Rodrick scored the first goal for the winners.

ASHOK SHIELD SEMI-FINAL

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mother India "B" qualified for Final of the Ashok Shield by defeating Young Men's School "A" by odd goal in three in the second semi-final played at Oval this evening.

Mother India went into the lead early in the second period through Sheena Kotian but this was short lived as Young Men's equalised immediately through D. P. Puthran. Again Mother India scored through J. Lewis a second goal what turned out to be the match winner.

Mother India School "B" will now meet Bombay Fort School "A" in the Final the latter team having earned this right on account of a walk-over in the semi-final as the Nagaveera School "B" failed to turn-up

3-Day Match Against U. P. Governor's XI

BANARAS, August 29.

The Commonwealth Cricket Team's match against the U.P. Governor's XI will be played at Lucknow for three days from October 22 according to a telegram received by the Maharaj Kumar of Vizianagaram from the President of the Board of Control for Cricket in India.

The Commonwealth Team will reach Lucknow on October 21 and after the match will leave for Dehra Dun by air on October 25.—PTI.

JODHPUR RAILWAY BEAT MYSORE RLY. 1-0

CALCUTTA, August 29.

Jodhpur Railway move up in the Inter-Railway Football Tournament today defeating Mysore Railway by the odd goal in three.

The teams changed ends having scored once each, and Jodhpur obtained the winning goal five minutes from the close.

British Isles Rugby Side Wins At Sydney

SYDNEY, Aug. 29 (PTI-Reuter).

British Isles rugby union tourists beat a Metropolitan side by 26 points (4 goals, two penalty goals) to 17 points (one goal, four tries) here today.

Maharaj Pramukh Weighted At 8-6 In Class Two

HANDICAPS FOR THIRD DAY OF BIG MEETINGS AT POONA

POONA, August 29.

The following are the handicaps for the Third Day of the Poona Races (Big Meetings) which is to be held here on Saturday 2nd September:—

THE SOUTHERN COMMAND CUP—
Distance 1 mile

Peola 9-5, Prince Ajit 9-2, Jane Jigar 9-2, Coup d'Etal 8-12, Rim Jhim 8-11, Serenade 8-11, Maduri 8-6, Maharaj Pramukh 8-6, Brave Prince 8-4, New Moon 8-4, Queen Anne 8-3, National Flag 8-3, Quicksand 8-2, Namdar 8-2, Rajput Warrior 8-1, Diniar 8-0, Manzoor 7-10 Cocktop 7-10, Red Bird 7-7, Ceylan 7-2, Battalia 7-2, Downpour 7-2, Flight of Fancy 7-0, Je Reviens 7-0.

THE A. HOYT PLATE
Division 1.
DISTANCE—7 Furs.

Queen Bes 9-3, Rukhsana 9-1, Imprudence 9-1, Dil-Ki-Bat 9-0, Pick Money 8-13, Nava Ratna 8-13, Kennereth 8-12, Saita 8-10, The Cavalier 8-10, Star of Mahad 8-9, Down South 8-9, Find Out 8-9, Flying Clipper 8-7, Wahdina 8-7, Black Page 8-5 Star Saphire 8-2, Dominica 8-0, Philsooph 8-0, Pretty Town 8-0, Trunk Call 8-0, Royal Guard 7-10, Bara Mulla 7-9, Arrak 7-8.

To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

THE A. HOYT PLATE
Division II
DISTANCE—7 Furs

Truman 9-2 Embarkation 9-1, Makarpura 9-0, Georgette 8-12, Repartee 8-11, Agani Mani 8-10, Havana 8-10, Rashtrapati 8-9, Irish Right 8-8, Futurity 8-8, Don't be Silly 8-7, Little Star 8-7 Just Wait 8-7, Lady Doctor 8-4, Musafir 8-3, Indra-Mohini 8-3, Armina 8-2, Pessimist 8-1, Jamna 7-12, Morton Daisy 7-12, Lady Cleopatra 7-12 Mah-I-Nau 7-12, Caltex 7-11, Peggotty 7-8.

THE PROBYNABAD PLATE
DISTANCE—1 Mile
Division I

Chandroos 9-0 Malabar Star 8-10, Thunderer 8-9, Chocolate Soldier 8-8, Happy Returns 8-8 Dagania 8-8 True Loce 8-7, Dark Roy 8-6, Fairy Way 8-6, Sangram 8-6, Aawaz 8-5, Cherry Bloossom 8-4, Rumbita 8-3, Hirohito 8-2, Gipsy Bill 8-1, My Aziza 8-0 Pardest 7-13, Monkiss 7-13, Salamat 7-13, Bishop's Lot 7-13, Wagh Mahal 7-11, Queen of Hearts 7-10.

To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

THE PROBYNABAD PLATE
Division II
DISTANCE—1 Mile

Perseus 9-1, Gold Spa 9-0, Modesty II 8-11, Chetna 8-11, Ram Rattan 8-10 Marhaba 8-9, Hyperior 8-8, Triple Alliance 8-8, Nature Boy 8-8 Nature Boy 8-8, Nagarpalika 8-8, Golden Square 8-7, Star of Iran 8-7, Kensington 8-5, Poldo 8-4, Firdausi 8-4, Aflatoon 8-4, Fair Lion 7-13, Striding Edge 7-12, Repay 7-12, Madras 7-11, Luminary 7-8.

THE PROBYNABAD PLATE
Division III
DISTANCE—1 Mile

Morning 9-2, Steve 9-1, Shivneri 9-0, Lalaji 8-12, Ijjat 8-12, Battle Song 8-11, Banshee 8-7, Cascade 8-6, V. Day 8-6, Chanchal 8-4, Odds Again 8-4, Fox Trot 8-4, Ajinkya Tara II 8-3, Indian Port 8-3, Won Thousand 8-2, Dry Day 7-12, Cordial 7-12, Romantic Kiss 7-7, Crepe de Chine 7-4.

To be ridden with allowances by Apprentice Jockeys who have not ridden 20 or more winners.

(No Whips allowed)

THE SECUNDERABAD PLATE
Division I
DISTANCE—6 Furs.

Queen of the Turf 8-12, Farouq Lekha 8-12, Anasuya 8-12, Rose Tint 8-12, Kranti 8-12, Diamond Cave 8-12, Lucky Gipsy 8-12, Arcona 8-12, Coral 8-12, Santha 8-12, Penny Novel 8-12, Gay Girl 8-12, Lindy Lou 8-12, Saraswati 8-12, Char Minar 8-12.

To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

THE SECUNDERABAD PLATE
Division II
DISTANCE—6 Furs

Passing Shower 8-12, Gitanjali 8-12, Turkish Market 8-12, Begum Rita 8-12, Masked Lady 8-12, Pannihari 8-12, Azizeh 8-12, Iltaja 8-12, Chandralekha 8-12, Fulnana 8-12 Star of America 8-12, Sheribeen 8-12, Beeds Luck 8-12, Mexico 8-12, Rafat 8-12, Satyawati 8-12.

In the Day's Sport

TABLE TENNIS

Students Y.M.C.A.

5-45 p.m. First and second rounds of Women's Doubles; 6-15 p.m. Third round of Men's Singles; 7-30 p. m. Third round of Men's Doubles.

FOOTBALL

Cooperage:

4-30 p.m. St. Xavier's vs V.J.T.I. (Inter College).

5-45 p.m. Bombay Gymkhana vs Rashid Sports (Senior Harwood League).

St. Xavier's Ground, Parel:

4-30 p.m. St. Pauls H. S. vs St. Sebastian H. S. 'B' (Cowasji Jehangir Cup).

5-30 p.m. B.P.T. vs Bombay City (Jr. Rovers Cup).

BADMINTON

Cricket Club of India:

5-30 p.m. Finals of C.C.I. Open Tournament.

The Bombay Chronicle

GOVERNMENT'S DUTY

It is extremely unfortunate that the Socialists are determined upon calling a general strike for Thursday which is calculated to paralyse the normal life of Bombay. This is a move which cannot commend itself on any ground. Industries and businesses are to be doomed to suffer even though they have no relation with the textile dispute. In the present serious economic situation which confronts the country lakhs of precious man-hours would be unnecessarily wasted apart from the loss that would be suffered by industries, businesses and workers alike. It is all, we insist, very futile even from the point of view of the textile workers, in whose support the general strike is being called. For, it is in no way going to affect the issues involved in that strike. It will neither strengthen in one case nor weaken in the other, the so-called "cause". If it is intended to strike a psychological blow, this "gesture" of solidarity is as likely to cause general irritation, because of the discomfort it will inflict, than otherwise. But it would, we confess, naivete to expect that even at this eleventh hour the general strike would be called off as a gesture, let us say, to social and national duty.

There is a possibility —although let us earnestly hope that wiser counsels will prevail—that, apart from the other transport services, local trains will also be affected. A serious transport problem will thus be created for lakhs of men and women. Life in several aspects, commercial as also public and private, must go on, storm or sunshine, normal transport or no normal transport. People cannot walk several miles to and fro. Transport has to be improvised. Only Government can do it on any worth-while scale. It must take up the challenge and improvise this "essential service."

Need For Austerity

The present trend of the economic situation of the country needs close attention of the Government and all those interested in the prosperity of India. There was a world wide shortage of dollars last year and the sterling bloc in particular was faced with serious consequences. As a member of this bloc, we also have suffered. It is of course a truism that no country can be prosperous unless it exports more than it imports; but when a situation develops which is beyond the control of any Government, the only way open to it to escape the disasters of that situation is to devalue currency. It was under the stress of such a situation that the Government of the United Kingdom, in consultation with the United States authorities, devalued the pound sterling by 30 per cent. The British Government would have done better by inducing through prior consultations all members of the sterling area, including Pakistan, to devalue the respective currencies to the same extent. That was not done. The result was that each member of the sterling bloc was alone to decide for itself and adopt whatever new ratio it desired. Most of the countries did devalue their currencies in relation to the dollar, to the extent of sterling. Pakistan chose not to follow other countries and remained pegged with dollar. Pakistan was a part of India only three years back and naturally we had a fairly big internal trade. But since the Pakistan rupee got linked with dollar, at the old rate our trade with Pakistan came to a standstill. Recently we have entered into a trade agreement on a limited scale but there is no free flow of trade.

After devaluation, our imports from the dollar area were greatly reduced as a result of enhanced values while our exports expanded largely and it seemed as if we were at last out of the woods. But devaluation is a process of adjustment of prices and although for the first six months from October 1949 to March 1950, we built up a favourable trade balance; but now the situation is again deteriorating and before it assumes serious proportions we have to devise means to keep ourselves from getting into difficulties again. The Korean war has produced an indirect effect on our price trends which is the natural outcome of reduced imports in terms of quality. Recently the Government had added several items to the general import list and has also removed restrictions on some items of exports. This new policy will also have some effect in checking the upward trend of prices. But under devaluation one has to bear in mind that the favourable trade balance in terms of money is mainly due to quantitative reduction in imports and quantative increase in exports. We have therefore, to produce more to enable our exports to keep pace with imports. But we have to contend with unforeseen calamities and certain other unfortunate developments. The floods in Bihar and the earthquake in Assam are bound to have an adverse effect on our production. The destruction of goods and property will be an additional burden. Unemployment in the country is increasing and production in some of our key industries is falling beyond expectation. The textile industry is showing a steady decrease in production and the strike is bound to tell adversely on the production. It is a fact that we have only a limited supply of raw cotton and naturally, the reduction in raw cotton consumption will help to some extent but that is not a constructive factor. It is known that most of our economic difficulties are due to the unlimited inflation created by the then Government during the last World War. This bad legacy along with partition of the country and transfer of population on a scale unheard of in the annals of history of any country, has increased huge responsibilities of our national Government. With a view to checking the rising trend of prices several anti-inflationary measures were adopted. Control of imports, restrictions on exports, rationing of foodgrains, dividend controls and heavy taxation, all were tried. But their success was temporary. For the fundamental fact remains that unless we increase production of foodgrains, exportable produce and manufactured goods we will not attain any lasting satisfactory economic position. Temporary measures will have only temporary effects.

Thus we are in an urgent need of a policy which will help us to reach the desired goal. The question of self-sufficiency has been engaging the attention of the Government and it is aimed to reach the state of self-sufficiency in the matter of foodgrains by 1951 but so far our progress in this line is not encouraging. Again there is shortage of raw cotton and our production is far below the yearly requirements of our cotton mills. To meet this shortage we have to import raw cotton from foreign countries by paying a big price. The Government has increased the ceiling price of raw cotton with a view to providing impetus to cotton growers to increase the production of raw cotton. Let us hope it produces good results. There is also shortage of crystal sugar and the Government has been forced to include it as a rationed article. But we are not in a position to keep up even the quota allowed under the rationing system so that the Government is compelled to buy from foreign countries for which we will have to pay a big price. These are some of the urgent problems of the day and we have to plan in time so as to avoid any serious situation which threatens to develop from so many directions. But mere planning will not do and it must be accompanied by necessary action in time and there must be a constant watch over new developments which we may have to face. Till we reach our goal we must ruthlessly cut down all our wants to a minimum and strict economy in expenditure both personal and Governmental. The only road to prosperity is through austerity. Indeed, it is the only guarantee of self-preservation.

Thought For The Day

The act of imagination is ever attended by pure delight. It infuses a certain volatility and intoxication into all nature. It has a flute which sets the atoms of our frame in a dance. Our indeterminate size is a delicious secret which it reveals to us. The mountains begin to float in the air.

—EMERSON.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT.

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A spokesman of the Government of Bombay disclosed in an interview today that the two lakh strikers of Bombay have already lost a total sum of Rs. one crore, thanks to their illegal strike. This amount, he said, was a forfeit, as under the Factories' Act workers cannot go on even one hour's illegal strike, without forfeiting their 15 days' leave with pay.

Giving other facts and figures pertaining to the strike, he said that the loss of cloth due to the strike was about 50 million yards so far. If a yard of cloth is estimated at as. 12 per yard, the loss in terms of money to the industry is more than Rs. three crores and a half.

—Local Report.

* * *

NEW DELHI, August 28: A unique feature of this Year's Congress Presidential election is that for the first time in the history of the 65-year old Indian National Congress, a triangular contest is being fought for the Presidential office.

A more unique feature of the election is the issue whether the Congress will continue to live or die after 65 years.

* * *

Moscow Radio has taken note of Sir Owen Dixon's failure. Which is interesting enough.

But what is more, it has announced that Sir Owen's proposal to place Kashmir under a U. N. Administrator, preceding a plebiscite is looked upon in India as an open attempt by "Anglo-American imperialists to put their hands on the strategically important region of Kashmir."

Whether Moscow Radio's report be correct or not, its one certain result would be that Mr. Liaquat Ali would—er—refuse to visit Moscow.

* * *

Shaikh Mohammad Abdullah alleges that "Pakistan wants to grab Kashmir by whatever means it can."

Not grab, not grab, but bring Kashmir into its loving fold by whatever means it can.

* * *

Therefore, Shaikh Abdullah is entirely wrong when he says: Pakistan "has no love for Kashmiris as her attack on the defenceless State in 1947 has abundantly proved."

What Pakistan did out of sheer love for Kashmiris was to seek to grab hold of them—breaking a limb or two in the process—and drag them away lest they——you know.

* * *

CALCUTTA, August 27 (PTI): During the past 24 hours 6,158 Hindus and 2,889 Muslims arrived in West Bengal from Eastern Pakistan by rail and 5,692 Hindus and 2,400 Muslims left, states a press note issued by the Government of West Bengal.

Whatever these figures actually mean, they prove to us what those authoritative authorities, who alone have the right to know, say, namely, "One-Way Traffic From Pakistan To India; Migration Of Hindus Continues."

* * *

The White House announces that President Truman has directed General Douglas MacArthur to withdraw a statement on Formosa "to avoid confusion as to the U. S. position."

Good.

But has it?

MIND OF MAHARASHTRA

By Observer

IT NEVER rains but it pours. In parts of Maharashtra, people were reminded of this adage with some bitterness, when they saw that the flooded rivers and fields spelt disaster to the crops. In other parts of Maharashtra the rains have held off with persistent niggardliness and the peasants in these parts will be glad and grateful if they are donated by nature with just a few showers.

The growing number of those educated agriculturists who are interested, not in Gram-panchayat personal squabbles but in raising the agricultural potential of Maratha-land, regard these vagaries of nature with some misgiving. Nearly the whole of Sholapur district has lost its Kharif crop. Bijapur is faced with famine, thanks to the neglect of that area, which was once the granary of Southern Maharashtra, by our former rulers. The Ghataprabha is a river in that territory waiting to be harnessed for immediately profitable irrigation purposes. The large number of tanks which were the pride of the area a hundred years ago were allowed to be silted up. Now at least the present Government, to its credit, has taken up the problem of improving the water-resources of this part. One hopes within a few years this area will regain its former agricultural glory, as some of the short-term projects undertaken by the present Government are most likely to yield a profitable return.

CONFLICTING VIEWS

Stomach considerations weigh at present far more in Maharashtra than political considerations. This is evidenced in the keenness with which meetings of rural development boards are attended and in the organised manner in which protests are made to heads of districts if the 'tagai' loans are not satisfactory or the seed for the next year's crop is not provided by Government in time. The protest led by some farmers in Akkalkot was so ably advocated by their leader that the revenue authorities have recommended redress of the grievances at once. There is a belief in high quarters that the peasant has a sufficient amount of money now because "Cash crops have yielded higher price." Two very important persons from Delhi, who came well-provided with charts and graphs and index numbers of living tried to convince me that the peasant in Maharashtra was definitely better off than last year. I asked them whether they had visited the peasant actually working in the field and tried to go through his family-budget. They said they had not the time for it. With commodity prices in certain rural areas in Maharastra raised to six times more than what they were in January of this year and with the impending scarcity of cloth and with the necessity of buying cattle, at least one pair of bullocks, at eight times more the price demanded last year, the peasant laughs when one tells him that his cash-crops have given him extra rupees. But the V.I.P.s from Delhi said they had to fly away back to Delhi. They propose to send me more charts and more graphs to enable me to understand how the peasants are wrong and the charts are right.

UNPLEASANT FEATURE

The failure of harvests in certain parts of Maharashtra leads always to scarcity in local employment. This tends to the desire on the part of the hapless peasant and the able-bodied members of his family to seek refuge in near-by towns. At present the failure of crops in the North-Western area of Khandesh is sure to increase the population of little towns like Taloda, Chopda and Shahde. As regards the large size-towns in Maharashtra, during the last five years, Sholapur has doubled its population. Poona has grown by one and a half per cent, Barsi by seventy per cent, Nasik by forty per cent. Even little towns like Karmala and Kurduwadi boast of an increase in population. The exodus from the rural areas creates new problems for the town administrations. The very first thing is how to feed this growing influx. I visited only a few days ago certain parts of the Mawal country. The State Transport Service has made such visits an easy affair. I discovered that in this area which possesses rice-crop of the finest quality, the most important town in it, a rationed area, gets low quality rice and with the influx of the unemployed from the rural parts who swell the number of the ration-card holders the quality of even this type of rice is likely to deteriorate. They get rice from the Punjab while their own disappears, they do not know where. The authorities buy it and send it somewhere else. The novel variety of rice the local population cannot digest. It believes that Government is profiteering in this matter of rice. This leads to bitterness and ultimately to the desire to hoard the rice it produces secretly. One wonders, however, whether so long as controls last, these matters can ever be remedied. One of the peasants said to me bitterly, "They keep the wagons moving, but they keep our stomachs unfed."

MESSAGE FROM MELBOURNE

A Maharashtrian medical man, now travelling in Australia, writes to me to say that we can learn a lot about agricultural improvements if some of our students were to go over and study methods of agriculture in some parts of Australia which are from the point of climate almost similar to Maharashtra. Only the cold is more intense. He has been there to buy certain types of horse-feed, importing which, he says, is more profitable than giving patients injections. He makes the suggestion that our University of Poona, having now a press of its own, should embark upon the production of improved text-books and sell them at slightly higher than cost-price. He finds this done in Australia where educational publishers are much in evidence and have an assured custom. He emphasizes that the desire to read books is a surprising feature of Australian life. This desire is stimulated by the growth of healthy literature and its cheap production in excellent print. Both are encouraged by the State. Why should not the University of Poona establish industrial courses, teaching students modern printing which is now a fairly complex process. It will certainly reduce middle-class unemployment. The printing industry in Maharashtra which at present makes no progress towards reform, although it has a large custom, will be better equipped with trained talent, if only the University authorities leave their old-fashioned ideas.

UNFORTUNATE OUTLOOK

At present those who have a say in University matters are accused by the student community of having no desire at all to make any real progress.

(Continued On Page 7)

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Words Versus Action

The anxiety of the Socialist Party over the rising prices and their call for rigorous action to check the rise, as reflected in the resolution passed at the party's National Executive at Jaipur on 23rd can hardly be reconciled with the call for a continuous strike of the Bombay Textile Workers by the Socialist sponsored Mill Mazdoor Sabha. The strike has already seriously hampered cloth production and no one knows how much more cloth will be lost to the Nation till the strike continues. Do the Socialists not visualise that this huge shortage is bound to have serious repercussions on the nation's economy and may result in the rise in the cloth prices? The party's words thus seem to belie their actions, and one begins to doubt the bona-fides of the Socialists' anxiety for the Nation's economic conditions. Is it not blowing hot and cold in the same breath? Will the Socialist Party and its leaders care to remove the inconsistency between their words and deeds by practising what they preach?

—M. S. DESPHANDE

Not In Workers' Interests

Gradually it is dawning on the workers that the strike is not launched to serve any industrial purpose of the workers. Political interests are predominent, and there is a regular competition amongst unions to demonstrate as to who commands labour. To be frank, our Labour is not trade-union-minded today. The real problem is to educate them and make them more conscious of their duties and rights. The indefinite strike of the textile workers it seems is leading the workers to a financial ruin and social disunity. It is causing a serious harm to the nation and a more serious injury to the social stability of the workers. Many people question is it not criminal to sacrifice the interests of over two lakhs of workers to secure virtual satisfaction of some political leaders? Whatever it is, I personally feel, that the leaders sponsoring the textile strike should not have behaved in such an irresponsible way just to show that they have a larger following, when legitimate channels under B.I.R. Act, to establish the same facts are wide open to them.

—PADMAKAR.

Co-operative Housing Societies Conference

The Housing problem is not insoluble. But its magnitude is such that the closest co-ordination is needed among Government Organisation, Co-operative Societies and the Public, a task beset with hurdles almost insurmountable.

A plethora of symposiums and conferences have been held throughout the length and breadth of the country to thrash out this problem in all its aspects, and some good has definitely accrued from the discussions, that of spotlighting the sufferings of those without a roof over their head and of the dire need to provide immediate relief however little it might be.

The Greater Bombay Co-operative Board and the Bombay Co-operative Housing Federation, 9, Bake-House Lane, Fort, Bombay, propose to hold a conference in Bombay on September 8, to explore the possibilities of fresh approach based on the experiences of Co-operative Societies which have addressed themselves to the question and have succeeded in achieving something in the field.

A prominent Bombay leader—the Mayor of Bombay is expected to conduct the deliberations, while Bombay's Minister for Housing will be invited to deliver the inaugural address. A request to the Minister for Co-operation to attend the conference has also been made.

Three delegates from each housing Society, Co-operative or otherwise and individuals enrolling themselves as delegates may participate in the conference. Visitors are welcome, admission being free.

Important subjects will come up for discussion before the session. After having considered each aspect of the problem, views, suggestions and recommendations appropos of the housing problem as a whole will be presented in the form of resolutions to be forwarded to Government departments and other Organisations concerned eventually.

A. H. KULKARNI.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Fusion Of Cultures

More than a century ago the United States faced the same problem as India is facing today but she tackled it successfully because her people valued their newly won freedom and made sacrifices for it. When the U.S.A. achieved independence she had a motley crowd of people of different nationalities, races and languages for her citizens. It was their confidence and hope in the future that welded them into one nation resulting in fusion of north and south cultures of Europe. Today they speak one language and have built up one culture which takes what is best from the old but has the tang of youth and urge for the new. India is experiencing the same oppressive darkness before the dawn. We are speaking with many tongues and pulling in opposite directions. Claimants of different cultures and languages are fomenting rivalries instead of advocating sympathetic understanding and fusion of cultures for the birth of a new nation we have to build up. In this respect Dr. M. R. Jayakar, while delivering the convocation address of the Poona University, made a fervent plea for early and active promotion of national education, which should emphasize and aim at the essential unity of India. Dr. Jayakar said that though we had various communities their cultures must meet on a common platform of corporate effort. India has various languages and a conflict has arisen between their claims to be the universal medium of expression. Unexpectedly, out of the idea of linguistic provinces have been born bitter controversies, with enough dynamite in them to split the nation into fragments, if it is not diverted into constructive channels.

Valuable Suggestion

Dr. Jayakar makes a valuable suggestion to circumvent controversies by understanding and appreciating the culture behind each of these languages. He was honest enough to admit that he knew so little of the intellectual achievements of Indians outside his own race, community and state. What he said about himself is true of the most of the educated Indians today. We must have a national education which will transcend the boundaries of languages cultures, religious and States so that there would be a better understanding between the peoples of India and make them feel that they are citizens of the one and the same nation. It was for the Universities, as Dr. Jayakar said, to do the job, by providing a faculty of study for the "intellectual nation building". He added that it should be made possible for all Indians to meet and unite on the common platform of one another's culture and civilization. If the universities provided compulsory courses in general acquaintance with the history and intellectual achievements of important communities in India they shall be laying a foundation for building a United nation.

Objectionable Tactics

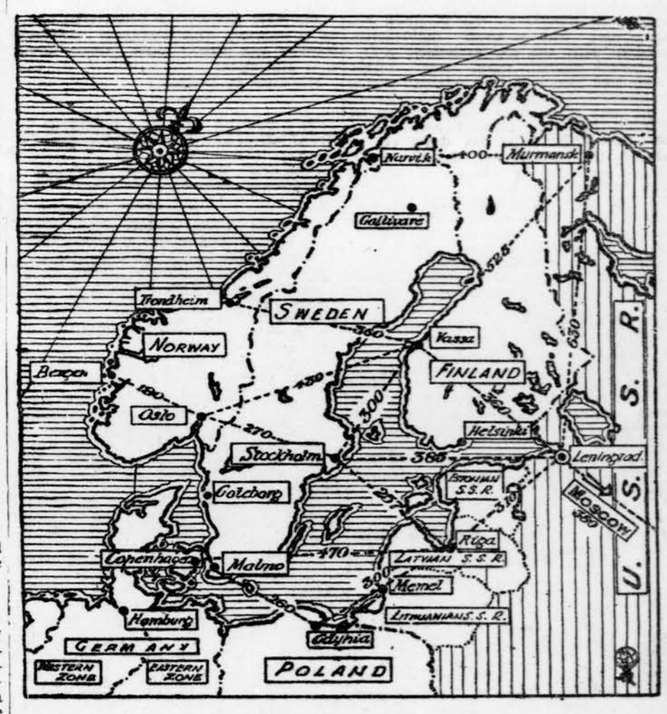
The exhibition of Monday's tactics by the Socialist opposition in Bombay's Municipal Corporation is not unusual. It staged a walk-out when the Socialist resolution on the fortnight old textile strike was ruled out of order by the Mayor. The resolution, worded as it was, clearly indicated that the Socialist party was keen on dragging party politics into civic matters and at the cost of the latter. The time wasted on the debate could have been utilised with advantage by devoting it to the consideration of constructive proposals of a purely civic nature. The explanation which accompanied the ruling given by the Mayor should remove any wrong impression that the Corporation was apathetic in its attitude towards workers, who form a very large section of the citizens. But, as the Mayor himself made in clear, if the resolution had first expressed sympathy with the strikers and had requested him to intervene, the proposition would have deserved consideration on the part of the Bombay Corporation.

A Poser For Socialists

No civic body, much less one of the status of Bombay's Corporation, can callously reject any resolution which makes a human approach to a question like that of a strike involving workers whose daily bread depends on their day to day work. The Socialist opposition tried to exploit this fact for foisting on the Corporation its own partisan point of view, which was not fair. What would the Socialists have said and done if some one from the other side had brought in a proposition in condemnation of the strike and of those who have led the workers into it? After all that also is a poin t of view which is no less, point of view which is no less relevant, as the Socialist point of view is according to the Socialists. In fact, this side can cite statistics of the staggering losses already sustained through the strike by the workers, the industry and the national economy of the country.

Their Civic Duty

Members, Socialists as well as Congressmen and others, are in the Corporation in order to serve the civic interests of this great city and its population. Party politics harms these interests. They can be served usefully only if partisans leave their party politics outside the Corporation Hall and concentrate attention on purely civic matters. In this respect the Socialist opposition is in a position to set an example by developing the 'civic sense' needed in the Corporation and by suppressing its urge for political aggressiveness. The ambition of every city father and group should be to enhance the prestige of an institution like the Municipal Corporation and to contribute to the traditions built by it by keeping political squabbles outside its precincts.



Pictomap By "Atlas"

NORTHERN FRONTIERS

WHEN Soviet Russia, at the end of the last war, retained its hold on part of Finland, Lithuania, Latvia and Esthonia, and part of Poland and Eastern Germany, it was assumed that it was to provide buffer states against any future attack.

Today, when international tension is still at its height, millions in Europe fear that these northern frontiers may be used as the springboard for Soviet invasion. At the same time the territories in question could still be used as defensive corridors against retaliation by the aircraft of the countries attacked.

SUPPLY BASE

Denmark, Sweden, Norway and Finland lie all along and around the Soviet border. Eastern Germany offers the ideal assembly area for Soviet arms if an attack on the West were planned. The distances between the main points of each area are small. From Leningrad to Finland is only a few miles; it is only a little over 720 miles to the coast of Norway. From Riga to Stockholm is no more than 250 miles, and from Gdynia to Copenhagen less than 300. It is only a little over 700 miles to Stockholm from Moscow.

If any war were to break out between Russia and the West, would Sweden be able to remain neutral as last time? That is a question which obviously exercises the minds of the Governments of most Northern European countries little less than it does the Swedish Government. It seems most likely that this time Sweden would be involved, for the Russians are still more largely "land animals" than they are "sea animals", and would prefer overland invasion to a seaborne enterprise.

SOVIET VULNERABILITY

The long frontiers of Russia, though they at once menace a great many other states, are also in any aggressive action something of a disadvantage. Attack is always more wasteful of men and materials than defence, and attack along the whole front in the north would be a virtual impossibility. Therefore the defence needed to war off surprise counter-action in any one area would be necessarily strong. Here would lie the best chance of the Western Union forces to contain a Soviet attack. By seaborne supply from the west the defenders could themselves mount an attack in an unsuspected place.

The Soviet Union has an enormous fleet of submarines, many of them modern, fast and long-distance craft. This would obviously be used as the counter to the greater sea power of the west, but to use the fleet of underwater craft most successfully it would be necessary for Russia to have in its control good all-the-year round ports from which they could operate.

The Scandinavian countries in general guard the way to such ports. Hence their vulnerability if Russia decides on war.—(P.A. Reuter Feature).

RALLY ROUND THE CONGRESS BANNER

Mayor's Call To Help Prevent Strike

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A CLARION call to all the progressive and democratic forces in the city to rally round the banner of the Congress and help prevent the general strike on August 31, was made by Bombay's Mayor Mr. S. K. Patil, presiding over a meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, this evening.

A resolution to this effect was unanimously passed on the occasion.

Mr. Patil made it abundantly clear that the strike was illegal and that no principle of trade unionism was involved in it. It was only an attempt on the part of the Socialist Party to make political capital out of mass ignorance. Congress believed in trade unionism and was willing to protect the rights of the workers. It could not however tolerate the gross indiscipline on the part of labour and its attempt to resort to violent and undemocratic methods to gain its objective.

Mr. Patil said that if the Mill Mazdoor Sangh felt that it and not the Rashtriya Mazdoor Sangh, was the true representative of the textile workers in the city, then it was better for them to prove their claim by approaching the Registrar. The remedy was already provided in the law. But the fact that the Socialist Union deliberately avoided the legal path that open to them, clearly indicated that their claim was hollow.

The Moyor warned the citizens not to be complacent about the challenge that was thrown to them but instead, to meet it boldly by going to work and cooperating with the Government in preventing the strike. That way alone they could save democracy.

The resolution passed at the meeting expressed the Committee's grave concern over the situation arising out of the strike and called upon the citizens to volunteer themselves to assist the police in maintaining order and discipline. It particularly appealed to the Congressmen to lead the way by helping people in carrying out their responsibilities as loyal and patriotic citizens.

TRIBUTE TO PADBIDRI

The Committee passed another resolution expressing its deep regret at the death of Mr. R. S. Padbidri, a veteran journalist and social worker.

Moving the resolution, Mr. Patil said that the late Mr. Padbidri was a staunch Congressman and had rendered valuable services to the Congress in his capacity as a jaurnalist. The resolution was passed, all standing. A similar resolution was also passed for the late Mr. C. H. Sopariwalla, Honorary Auditor of the Bombay Congress.

By another resolution, the Committee expressed its grave concern over the great natural calamity that had befallen the people of Assam in the shape of an earthquake. The resolution appealed to the public to render sufficient relief to the victims of the disaster by contributing liberally to the relief fund.

Kolhapur Motor Workers' Threat

KOLHAPUR, August 29 (PTI): Motor workers will resort to "satyagraha" on all State transport stands in Belgaum division if those unemployed among them are not absorbed in the State Transport service before September 15.

Disclosing this to Pressmen here today, Mr. Mohan Dharia General Secretary of the State Transport Motor Workers Union, stated that out of 481 motor workers in the Belgaum Division only 360 have been absorbed in the State transport service. The Union, therefore, demanded early employment of the remaining 121 workers before September 15.

Stop Press

SUGAR PRODUCTION COSTS

BRISBANE Aug. 29, (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Gundu Rao, leader of the Indian delegation to the International Society of Sugar Cane Technologists today told the delegation was here to learn how to cut costs of sugar production.

They wanted to learn about labour-saving devices, automatic controls and electrifiction of mills and handling equipment.

PAK-SYRIAN PACT

KARACHI, Aug. 29. (PTI-Reuter): Pakistan and Syria signed a treaty of friendship in Karachi today.

Don't Victimise Workers

ASOKA MEHTA WARNS EMPLOYERS

BOMBAY, Monday.

Mr. Asoka Mehta, General Secretary of the Socialist Party told a news conference here this evening that "if any employer is foolish and short-sighted enough to victimise workers for striking work on August 31, there will be serious consequences".

Mr. Mehta told journalists that while he had no desire to offer any threat or to show the strength of the organised workers, he had to warn all employers against any victimisation.

The Socialist leader maintained that the strike on August 31 "will be legal in every way". He was supported in this assertion by Mr. G. G. Mehta, who pointed out that neither under the Bombay Industrial Relations Act nor under the Industrial Disputes Act can the strike in the case of non-textile workers become illegal, because it is not concerned with an industrial matter.

NOT ILLEGAL

Mr Asoka Mehta said: "Such a sympathetic general strike cannot become an illegal strike under the Industrial Disputes Act even if an adjudication is pending before an Industrial Tribunal, obviously on an "industrial matter" out of which can arise an "industrial dispute" between the parties to the dispute, namely the employers and the employees in the industry concerned.

"There can, therefore, be no question of a breach of contract on such an "industrial matter" to render a sympathetic general strike illegal, the sole purpose of which is to sympathise with the cause of the workers of another industry".

Mr. G. G. Mehta said that the Government's interpretation of the law was both incorrect and misleading as far as the workers were concerned.

Mr. Asoka Mehta dubbed as "outrageous" a charge made by the INTUC leaders that the textile strike had been carried on by terrorising the workers and "that women had been molested and threatened to be stripped bare". He asked for an impartial person to investigate this charge.

Refuting another charge that the textile strike was a political move, Mr. Mehta said that "when the dust of controversy settles down it will be realised that political considerations have played no part in our association with the workers now on strike. It ill behoves Congressmen to besmirch the intentions and bona fides of other labour workers on the plea that they are actuated by power politics."

EARLY SETTLEMENT

He said that he had no desire "to appropriate for the Mill Mazdoor Sabha the status of a representative union". His suggestion that Government should bring the representatives of the mill owners and the Sabha together for a settlement of the dispute was made only "because I am anxious to achieve an early settlement of the strike".

Characterising a statement made by Mr. Khandubhai Desai that the unrepresentative character of the Mill Mazdoor Sabha had been proved by the fact that it did not take a strike ballot before the strike was called as "breath taking and surprising" Mr. Asoka Mehta said on innumerable occasions he had requested the Central and State Government to decide the question of representative character of a union in an industry by taking a ballot of the workers.

He challenged that in any union, where rival parties clashed regarding representative character, he was always prepared for a strike ballot. If the workers did not choose our unions "we shall wind up our organisation and advice the workers to support the other Union".

He said that "even under the greatest provocation" the general strike would be completely peaceful." We shall not allow the peace of the city to be disturbed."

He said that though there was a stay order by the Appellate Tribunal in existence, such an order did not prevent the mill owners from reaching an agreement with the workers subject to ratification by the Tribunal.

"Even now the Government can create a new atmosphere by constituting a Tribunal with a competent representative of the workers and other parties to examine the account books of the mill owners, because we have always maintained that the books will reveal hidden profits", he said.

OVERSEAS MAILS: The next despatch of overseas mails from India for Ceylon, Australia, Fiji Islands and New Zealand will be made from Bombay on August 31 by P. and O. RMS. "Strathmore."

Mails arriving in Bombay Foreign upto 6 p.m. on August 30 will be included in the despatch subject to limit of shipping space.

CITY RALLY DISPERSED

(Continued From Page 1)

step to break up the assembly, and asked the workers to disperse. But none of the strikers who had seated themselves on the turf showed any signs of leaving, and neither did those who had collected on the side streets. The police issued a worning but when they found that the workers were recalcitrant, the use of tear gas bombs was ordered.

A few shells were pitched at one section of the crowd on one side of the maidan to be followed by a few more at the other end. Hesitantly some of the workers rose to leave the place, rubbing their smarting eyes with the backs of their palms and spluttering with the effects of the fumes. But the majority hung on and refused to give in. There was a further burst of shells, and the workers finding that they were outdone by the use of tear gas, made a rush to reach beyond its suffocating effects gathering in bunches some distance away. In all the police used about 30 to 40 bombs, before the maidan could be fully cleared of the strikers.

One of the bombs which the police threw landed in the compound of the K.E.M. Hospital, but it was put out immediately by the workers of the hospital. Another landed in the compound of Wakhani House.

ARRESTS

No casualties were reported. The police arrested six of the leading figures in today's meeting, including the two members of the Sabha's Executive Committee. However, later in the evening the Mill Mazdoor Sabha stated that Vishnu Savant, one of the workers, had injured his wrist when the police attempted to push the crowd out of the compound with their lathis.

Mr. Raja Kulkarni, General Secretary of the Mill Mazdoor Sabha, told the press, after the meeting had been broken up, that the use of tear gas was unjustified as the rally was a peaceful one, and no untoward acts on the part of the workers took place. He added that summons had been served on him, Mr. G. G. Mahajani, President of the Sabha and Mr. Baburao Jagtap, its Joint Secretary to appear at the Dadar Court on September 2 under the Industrial Disputes Act (Appellate Tribunal) 1950. The summons had been filed by the Labour Commissioner for allegedly instigating an illegal strike when the defendants addressed meetings at Shivaji Park, Dadar and Ambedkar Maidan, Worli on August 14.

Another meeting will be held on Wednesday at 5-30 p.m. at Gowalia Tank Maidan.

WORKERS LOSE RS. ONE CRORE

According to official sources of information the strike position today is slightly better as the figure of 6 978 for those who came for work is more than yesterday's figures by 378. Three mills were working in the morning normally, two were working with partial complement and the rest were closed. Two men were arrested for intimidating some workers.

LEAFLETS

Thousands of leaflets are being distributed in labour areas by the Government of Bombay setting forth facts and figures regarding the loss in production and loss in wages due to the strike and how the workers interests were affected by the strike.

Mr. Trikanand, Secretary Bank Employees' Federation and four others are reported to have been taken into custody by the police this morning for attempting to incite workers with regard to the proposed token general strike on August 31.

A spokesman of the Government of Bombay disclosed in an interview today that the two lakh strikers of Bombay have already lost a total sum of Rs. one crore, thanks to their illegal strike. This amount, he said, was a forfeit as under the Factories' Act workers cannot go on even one hour's illegal strike without forefitting this 15 days' leave with pay.

Since the average earnings per worker are calculated at Rs. 3-8 a day, the whole amount thus indirectly lost, by the loss of this leave, amounts to Rs. one crore.

Giving other facts and figures pertaining to the strike he said that the loss of cloth due to the strike was about 50 million yards so far. If a yard of cloth is estimated at as. 12 per yard, the loss in terms of money to the industry is more than Rs. three crores and a half.

The workers, he said, were losing wages at the rate of Rs. seven lakhs a day or had already lost another sum of Rs. 84 lakhs for the twelve working days that they have refrained from work.

'STRIKE UNCALLED FOR'

Mr. Sidhwa's View

Mr. R. K. Sidhwa, Member of Parliament, said in a statement here today that the present textile strike "is not only illegal but unjustifiable, unreasonable irresponsible and uncalled for."

"The strike was organised internally to paralyse the economic life of the country. This is not patriotism", he said.

Mr. Sidhwa added: "Knowing well, how difficult and strenuous a task it is for the Bombay Government, I congratulate them on their firm policy in this respect".

Mr. Sidhwa hoped that patriotic labour would rise to the occasion and not be carried away by interested persons for interested motives.

BATTLE FOR POHANG ON

South Koreans Pushed Back

TOKYO, Aug. 29 (PTI-Reuter):—American infantry and tanks today entered the battle for Pohang, vital Korean east coast port, and cleared a roadblock which menaced the defenders supply road to Taegu.

The roadblock was then kept three miles south-west of Pohang, on the supply route leading through Yongchon.

Late tonight, South Korean infantrymen were trying to clear out Communist nests of resistance from the hills overlooking the road. They met stiff opposition.

The northerners swooped down on this road from the hills and threatened to enter Pohang itself until they met the American tanks.

Ten miles north-west of Pohang, the battle for Kigye continued unabated.

An Eighth Army communique said the South Korean Capital Division recaptured the town, though Communists forces still held heights to the north.

But PTI-Reuter correspondent later reported from this sector that the Northerners still-held the town and fierce fighting was going on in the outskirts.

Forty miles further west, about halfway along the northern side of the United Nations "defence box", the South Korean Sixth Division came under fierce attack four miles south of Uihong. The attackers were driving for the centre of the Pohang-Taegu road at Yongchon.

On the south coast, an American regiment counter-attacked and retook positions lost to the Communists this morning.

BRITISH FORCES

Two thousand British troops—first United Nations reinforcements to land in Korea—landed at a southern port today and were pushed straight to forward battle areas—though no one knew where and when they would join battle.

This first British contingent of ground forces comprised a battalion of the "die-hard" Middlesex Regiment and another of the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders—both trained in the rugged hills of Hongkong which are similar to the Korean battleground.

WITHDRAWAL

South Korean troops defending the vital Taegu-Pohang road have been pushed back another two and a quarter miles on the northern face of the front, General MacArthur's headquarters said today.

GENERAL STRIKE THREAT

(Continued from Page 1)

explained that being a central Government organisation it could not join the strike.

All Municipal employees, except the conservancy staff, will participate in the demonstration.

B.E.S.T DECISION

The general body of the B.E.S.T. Workers' Union tonight ratified the Executive Committee's decision to support the textile workers, in the face of a warning by the General Manager that abstaining workers will be seriously dealt with.

Large number of posts and telegraphs workers too are expected to join the strike but the Post Master-General tonight assured that P & T Department will endeavour to carry on its normal activities on that day. The warning given to the public yesterday, he said was only in the nature of a precautionary measure. On enquiries, he said, he found that the majority of the postal workers will attend duty on August 31, thus enabling normal functioning of the postal strike.

Several unions, guided by the Indian National Trade Union Congress, have decided not to strike work: they are: The National Engineernig Workers' Union, The Bombay Automobile ..Employees Union, The Rashtriya Chemical Kamgar Sangh, the G.I.P. National Railway Workers' Union, The B.S.N. Mazdoor Sabha, and the National Dock Workers' Sangh.

The Government of Bombay, hoped "that most of the public transport in the city will be functioning on Thursday". In a communique, it assured that all necessary measures will be taken to see that no intimidation of any kind is practised by any group of persons and all protection will be afforded to the citizens in the pursuit of their daily normal activities.

The Managing Committee of the Central Bank Employees Union today called on the employees of the Central Bank in Bombay to join the general strike.

discussed at the meeting.

BANK EMPLOYEES' CONFERENCE

JULLUNDUR, Aug 29 (PTI): The All-India Bank Employees Conference which was scheduled to be held at Jullundur on September 2, 3, and 4 has been postponed to September 30, October 1 and 2, announces the Secretary of the Conference.

Harijan Sevak Sangh Meeting

NEW DELHI, Aug. 29 (PTI): The annual meeting of the Central Board of the All-India Harijan Eevak Sangh will be held in Harijan colony here on September 1, 2, and 3.

The Executive Committee of the Sangh will meet on September one.

The Harijan Sevak Sangh office said in an announcement that the question of reorientation of the Harijan work in view of Article 334 of the Indian Constitution was likely to be

Deficit Budget For Poona University

GREATER STATE GRANT URGED

POONA, August 29 (PTI): The Budget estimates of Poona University for 1950-51 show a deficit of about Rs. 78,000, with income estimated at at about Rs. 18,36,000 and expenditure at about Rs. 19,14,000.

Presenting the budget to the Court of the University today Dr. D. R. Gadgil said that despite the fact that the University activities were minimum at present, they had failed to balance the budget. If the University activities were to expand, as they should, he said, then it was essential that Government should increase their grant to the University and private endowments be made for promotion of the work of the University departments.

DEMONSTRATION

Dr. Gadgil explained that the Government grant was about Rs. 4,00,000 and said that it would not be unreasonable to expect a greater grant from Government considering the jurisdiction of the University, the type of activities it was to cater for and grants made by Government to other universities in the State.

As the meeting of the Court proceeded a batch of 30 students, including four girl students, staged a demonstration outside the University building calling for a change in the rule for external degrees. The Court had, on its agenda, as one of the items the institution of such degrees.

The demonstrators who had marched for nearly five miles from a local city college, placed six demands before the Vice-Chancellor of the University. Their main demands were that the duration of the external degree courses should be the same as for internal degrees; all students, whether employed or otherwise, should be permitted to appear for external degree examinations; they should be entitled to the award of scholarships and prizes at the examination, and the colleges should start morning classes for employed students which were stopped from this year.

MACARTHUR 'BRIEFED' ON FORMOSA

Truman Commends Stand In Korea

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29 (PTI-Reuter): President Truman today sent General Douglas MacArthur a statement of American policy on Formosa and also a commendation of the General's direction of the Korean campaign.

Though there was no official comment, Mr. Truman's move, following up his week-end order to General MacArthur to withdraw his statement on Formosa, appeared to have a two-fold purpose: (1) To clarify General MacArthur's own understanding of the whole situation and give him an implied reminder not to get out of step again; (2) to ease the sting of the incident to the General and also help maintain General MacArthur's prestige in the Far East.

Presidential Secretary Charles Ross gave Mr. Truman's message to reporters without comment and refused to answer questions as to why Mr. Truman sent it. In the letter, Mr. Truman said: "I am sending you for your information the text of a letter which I sent to Ambassador Austin (Chief American United Nations Delegate) dated August 27. I am sure that when you examine this letter and the letter which Ambassador Austin addressed to Trygve Lie on August 25 (a copy of which, I am told, was sent to your Headquarters that night) you will understand why my action of the 26th, in directing withdrawal of your message to the Veterans of Foreign Wars, was necessary.

U. N. COMMAND

"General Collins and Admiral Sherman have given me a comprehensive report of their conversations with you and of their visit to the United Nations forces now fighting under your Command in Korea. Their reports were most satisfactory and highly gratifying to me."

They feared possible loss of confidence in the sincerity of American support of the United Nations, especially among the peoples of Asia where Communists were expected to make propaganda use of the incident.

There was also the question, which officials thought foreign reaction could answer as to whether General MacArthur's value as the Chief American figure and military leader in the Far East might be impaired.

The letters Mr. Truman enclosed were those stating American policy towards Formosa as communicated by Mr. Austin to Mr. Trygve Lie, Secretary-General of the United Nations.

General J. Lawton Collins, United States Army Chief of Staff, and Admiral Forrest Sherman, Chief of Naval Operations, recently returned from a visit to Tokyo and Korea.

American officials were today watching with deep concern reaction abroad to the conflict of views between the President and General MacArthur on Formosa.

Mind Of Maharashtra

(Continued from page 6)

The duty of collecting funds is safely and conveniently relegated to the Vice-Chancellor. The colleges still feel that they are separate entities and that the common University-life is something foisted upon them. The Vice-Chancellor has the ambition to introduce Cambridge ideals. The college-authorities, with their separate financial responsibilities and their separatist outlook, pay lip-service to the ideal but are in no hurry to take steps to work up to it.

The University of Poona is endowed with an elected body called the Court. It corresponds to the Senate of other Universities. Resolutions to be placed before this body must undergo the previous scrutiny and ultimate consent for being put on the agenda, of a superior body of academic gentlemen who do not allow the discussion of what they dislike. Even a resolution by a member of the court which proposed that it was high time the system of examinations was revalued was turned down by this superior body. The discussion of it at the Court's meeting has been debarred. Is it any wonder that in the Marathi press university affairs have lately received much unpleasant notice?

ROLE OF OUR PRESENT EDUCATION

Pandit Mishra's Address

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, Aug. 29.

Opening Navin Vidhya Bhavan High School Pandit Dwarkaprasad Mishra, Education Minister of Madhya Pradesh said "our educational system must undergo basic changes so that India can become more democratic".

Mishra added "our past rulers produced clerks but free India needs healthy and intelligent technicians who could develop our industrial, mineral and agricultural resources" He said that Government were doing their best to uproot illiteracy despite financial difficulties.

Election Of A A.I.C.C. Member Challenged

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 29.

Bhagwandin, primary member of the Congress has filed a suit in the Munsiff's court challenging the validity of election of Ganesh Pandia Jaiswal as delegate to the All-India Congress Committee and praying for declaration of Keshevdev Malavia, Minister for Industries and Development, U. P. as duly elected candidate of A.I.C.C. from constituency from which Jaiswal was elected. Plaintiff in complaint has said that six votes that were rejected by the returning officer were illegally rejected so he prayed for injunction order be passed against Jaiswal, from acting as delegate of A.I.C.C.

You Can Plant A Potato And Have It Too

LUCKNOW, Aug. 29 (PTI): The rose-end-chips of potato can be used as seeds instead of the whole potato with cent percent success, according to experiments conducted at the Vivekananda Laboratory Almora. This partial use of the tuber as seed will release about 70 to 80 per cent of the tuber material for food.

BOMBAY SALT FOR BIHAR & U.P.

BOMBAY, August 29.

The Salt Controller of the Government of India has permitted the movement of Bombay salt into Bihar and Uttar Pradesh, the Bombay Salt Merchants and Shilotries Association stated here today.

The movement of this salt would be restricted at present to ten wagons per day and this concession would extend upto September 30.

The movement of salt has been necessitated, it is stated, owing to the acute demand for the Bombay salt in those two states.

Functions Of Deputy Ministers Defined

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Aug. 29: Instructions it is believed, having been issued defining the scope and functions of the Ministers of State and the Deputy Ministers both of whom will be members of Council of Ministers.

Principal distinction drawn between the two are that while Ministers of State will ordinarily be incharge of Ministry, Deputy Ministers will be incharge of such work as it were allotted to them by their Ministers. Deputy Ministers, however, could deputise for his Minister in his absence.

As members of the Council of Ministers they are entitled to receive Cabinet agendas and other necessary papers for the discharge of their duties

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON (OCTOBER)

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.

Previous closing	.....	38.30
Today's opening	.....	38.45
Difference	.....	+15
Today's closing	.....	39.00
Difference	.....	+70

Tandon Is Scoring Heavily

POLLING IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Preliminary indications of the polling for the Presidential Candidate, at the Congress House today showed that Mr. Purshotamdas Tandon will score heavily, at least in the City.

Both Mr. B. G. Kher and Mr. K. M. Munshi are in the City and recorded their votes at the Congress House.

Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the B.P.C.C., will be the presiding officer and the ballot box will be flown to Delhi tonight.

Fortysix votes will be registered in the Congress House polling centre, and the results are expected to be announced after all the votes are counted, at the A.I.C.C. session.

45 VOTES CAST

Out of the 46 votes 45 votes were cast today Mr. Shivmurti Shivanandsingh being the only franchise, as could not excreise his franchise, as he was out of Bombay.

Shri S. K. Patil Mayor of Bombay was the first to cast his vote.

IN U. P.

LUCKNOW: Acharya Kripalani and Mr. Purshottam Das Tandon, the two contestants in the Congress presidential election, were present when the recording of votes in Uttar Pradesh began here at 3 p. m. today.

Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant, Chief Minister of U. P. presided.

The total number of delegates from Uttar Pradesh is 570 but 26 could not be elected as the lists were lost at Fatehpur. The rains interfered at Tehri and at Almora the constituencies could not be formed.

Out of the total strength of 545 435 delegates cards were issued to the members.

The delegates cheered and cameras clicked when the two contestants sat together on the dais. A delegate with an injured leg was brought in an invalid chair to the polling booth.

Mr. Sampurnanand, U. P.'s Education Minister, who has been ill for the past few days, also came to record his vote.

India's Communication Minister, Mr. Rafi Anmed Kidwai, was the first to cast his vote.

Mr. Kidwai, told pressmen after the recording of votes that Mr. Kripalani had secured about 230 votes.

Mr. Mohan Lal Gautam General Secretary of the U.P.C.C. claimed that Mr. Tandon had secured over 400 votes.

SIMLA: Eleven out of the twelve Congress delegates from Himachal Pradesh recorded their votes today.

VIJAYAWADA: The delegates from Andhra to the Nasik Congress, who were elected unopposed, did not vote in the Congress presidential election today, negotiations between leaders of rival groups and Andhra Congressmen having fallen through.

Mr. T. Prakasam and Prof. N. G. Ranga, ex-officio members of the A.I.C.C. from Andhra, were the only two individuals who exercised their votes in the Congress presidential election. Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, the third ex-officio member of A.I.C.C. from Andhra, was not present and did not vote.

Negotiations between Mr. Kala Venkata Rao, Congress General Secretary, and Mr. P. Thimma Reddi, Vice-President of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee, for a settlement of the dispute were continued today as agreed upon between them at Madras on August 27 to determine the uncontested delegates from Andhra, eligible to vote in the Congress presidential election and that of A.I.C.C. members. After prolonged discussion it was announced in the evening that Mr. Venkata Rao and Mr. Thimma Reddi could not come to an greement. The Andhra delegates, therefore, could not participate in the Congress presidential election.

EQUAL VOTES FOR TANDON & KRIPALANI IN BIHAR

PATNA, Aug. 29 (PTI): 343 out of 359 Bihar delegates cast their votes in the Congress presidential election here today.

It is believed that the preferences were fifty-fifty between Mr. Purshottamdas Tandon and Acharya Kripalani.

NAGPUR IN FAVOUR OF TANDON

NAGPUR, August 29 (PTI): Thirty four out of 37 delegates of Nagpur Provincial Congress Committee cast their votes in the Congress presidential election here today.

A majority of these votes, it was believed, in Congress circles, were in favour of Mr. Tandon.

POONA

Polling in the Congress presidential election took place in Poona this afternoon. Out of 136 delegates, 130 exercised their right of voting.

According to Congress circles here, Shri Shankerrao Deo seems to have captured the majority of votes.

The meeting which was presided by Shri B. S. Hiray, earlier passed a resolution condoling the death of Sane Guruji, Gopinath Bardoloi, A. B. Latthe and Yusuf Meherally.

JUBBULPORE: Votes for the presidentship of the Indian National Congress were recorded at a meeting of the newly-elected Mahakoshal Provincial Congress Committee. According to observers, Acharya Kripalani secured more votes here. Babu Purshottamdas Tandon was backed by official group in the Congress.

NEW DELHI: Thirty four out of the thirty five delegates from Delhi State cast their votes in the Congress presidential election today.

Mr. Radha Raman, President of the Delhi State Congress Committee, conducted the voting.

The voting began at 3 p.m. and ended at 5-30 p.m.

LUCKNOW VOTES FOR KRIPALANI

LUCKNOW, August 29 (PTI): Acharya Kripalani has received a telephonic message from Patna that about 60 per cent votes have been cast in his favour in the Congress presidential election.

TOOFAN EXPRESS DISASTER DUE TO SABOTAGE

Government Inspector's View

NEW DELHI, Aug. 29 (PTI).

THE Government Inspector of Railways has provisionally confirmed that the Toofan Express disaster of August 13 1950, between Durgauti and Karamnasa was due to sabotage.

The removal by "some person or persons unknown" of fish plates and screw spikes resulted in the derailment of a goods train and the Toofan Express derailed on colliding with two of its wagons.

PRESS NOTE

A press note issued by the Ministry of Communications said "the Government Inspector of Railways Circle No. 1, Calcutta, who has been investigating into the circumstances leading to the collision of 7 up Toofan Express with derailed wagons of 320 down goods between Durgauti and Karamnasa on the grand chord section off the E.I. Railway about 0.25 hours on August 13, 1950, has submitted his preliminary report.

"His provisional finding is that the derailment of the 320 down goods at mile 394/10-1 between Durgauti and Karamnasa was due to the removal by some person or persons unknown, of a pair of fish plates from a rail joint on the north side rails of the down track at Girder bridge number 680 and the removal of inner screw spikes from several consecutive bridge sleepers under the rail next to the opened out joint and the displacement of the free end of this rail by about three inches inward towards the gauge face. Two of the derailed wagons of this goods train fouled the adjacent up track, by which Toofan Express approached from the opposite direction about this time at its usual speed, collided with these wagons and derailed at about 0.25 hours.

"As a result of the accident 26 persons were killed and 116 injured, of whom 32 received serious injuries. Three of the latter died subsequently in hospitals, thus bringing the number of deaths to 29.

A Statement Denied

CALCUTTA: The public relations officer, Calcutta railway, has issued the following statement:—

"The attention of the East Indian Railway Administration was drawn to a statement of Mr. Ram Ratan Gupta which appeared in a section of the press and in which Mr. Gupta had contested the railway administration's statement, published earlier, in regard to the lapse of time between the derailment of the goods train and the collision of the Toofan Express with the derailed wagons.

The Railway Administration had stated that this interval was of three minutes, whereas Mr. Gupta had asserted that it was an hour and a quarter on the basis of information obtained on the spot.

"The running of a train is watched at every stage and the record, which is maintained simultaneously in three different places, viz., the control office, the station and the guard, is not easy of being tampered with without detection. It was only after a thorough checking of the railway's records in different places with one another that the Railway Administration came to the conclusion that the interval between the time of derailment of the goods train and the collision of the Toofan Express with the derailed wagons could not possibly be more than a few minutes only and by no means an hour and a quarter as stated by Mr. Gupta.

"Mr. Gupta had recently had an opportunity of discussing this matter with Mr. S. S. Vasist, member, Transportation, Railway Board, and Mr. H. M. Jagtiani, General Manager, E. I. Railway, who happened to be in Delhi After the position was fully explained to him, Mr. Gupta appreciated that the Railway's records could not be disbelieved and that his information could not be correct. The persons who gave the wrong information to Mr. Gupta either did so under some misapprehension or they had totally lost sense of time due to their being unnerved on account of the serious disaster.

INJUNCTION PLEA REJECTED

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 29.

Bhagwandin's application requesting for an interim injunction against Ganesh Prasad Jaiswal was rejected by the Munsiff. He said even if an injunction was granted it would not enable the Minister Malavia to vote in the A.I.C.C. and if the injunction was not granted Jaiswal would certainly be able to vote. The Munsiff did not agree with the plaintiff's contention that the Returning Officer was not a resident of Allahabad. Munsiff also in the course of his judgment said whether it was possible to issue an injunction order within 2 p.m. today when the voting for the presidential election was beggining. Jaiswal represented his case through a counsel as he had left for Lucknow to vote for the presidential election.

GUJARAT FAVOURS TANDON?

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 29: Shri Kanhayalal Desai was re-elected President of the G. P. C. C. for the third time at a meeting here today. Mr. Khandubhai Desai was elected vice-President.

Enquiries made in influential Congress circles disclose that out of 110 votes 95 were cast in favour of Mr. Tandon in the Congress Presidential election. Fifteen votes were cast in favour of Mr. Kripalani and Shri Shankerrao Deo is feared to have secured no vote there being ten absentees. It is reliably learnt that sealed ballot boxes have been flown to Delhi by the G. P. C. C. Secretary.

Mr. Kanhayalal Desai in the course of an address here said that there were no differences between the Congress and the Government. He advised taluka Congress Committees not to pass resolutions criticising the Government independently.

GUILTY REDS' BAIL REVOKED

U. S. Appeals Court's Order

NEW YORK, Aug. 28 (PTI-Reuter): The United States Court of Appeals today ordered the bail of 11 convicted Communist leaders to be revoked, but gave them 30 days to seek postponement of their prison terms pending appeal.

The men were convicted last October of conspiracy to advocate the violent overthrow of the United States Government, ten of them were sentenced to five years' imprisonment and one to three years. Each was also fined 10,000 dollars.

Today's order was a two-to-one decision by the three-judge court.

The court also denied the communists' petition for a rehearing of their appeal against the conviction which the court upheld by a unanimous decision on August 1.

But it also extended the bail for 30 days to permit them to apply to the United States Supreme the nation's highest tribunal for a further stay of sentence pending hearing of their final appeal before it.

Red China's Envoy To India

SINGAPORE, August 29 (PTI-Reuter): Peking Government's first Ambassador to India, 47-year-old Yuan Chung Hsien touched a Singapore today.

He is travelling by sea abroad the ship "Tairea" and is accompanied by his wife and staff.

The Ambassador told pressmen who called on the ship anchored off Singapore that he had nothing to say.

"Tairea" is scheduled to sail today for Calcutta.

Women Give Planes

LONDON, August 29 (PTI-Reuter): Women of the South Hamyong province of North Korea have presented two aircraft to the North Korean Army according to Pyongyang Radio quoted by Tass. It was said the planes were built with money collected by the women.

PARIS: Cloudbursts, thunderstorms and high winds on Sunday killed three people and ravaged crops and buildings in central and Southern France.

COMPENSATION TO JAGIRDARS

Menon To Discuss With Hyderabad Officials

NEW DELHI, Aug. 29.

Mr. V. P. Menon, Secretary, States Ministry, is leaving Delhi tomorrow on a two-week tour of Hyderabad and Jamnagar at which places he will discuss with the State Government's issues arrising out of charges in the land tenure system.

Mr. Menon will stay in Hyderabad until September 5. Among the questions he will discuss with the State Governments is the determination of compension for the jagirs which were taken over on Independence Day last year.

In the new set up, the Jagir Administrator reorganised the entire Jagir administration of Hyderabad. Pending a decision on compensation, the jagirdars were allowed interim allowances ranging from 41 and two third per cent to 75 per cent of their revenues.

From Hyderabad Mr. Menon will proceed to Jamnagar via Bombay and return to Delhi on September 12. The Saurashtra Government was already set up a committee to enquire into the land tennacy problem in that State with a view to eliminating ghirasdari system.

Absent Mindedness Costs Boy His Life

MEERUT, Aug. 29 (PTI): Absent mindness cost the life of a boy on Sunday here.

The boy, engrossed in a book and astride the parapet of the balcony of his house, lost his nerve and balance when a monkey dashed against him seemingly out of the blue. He fell on the asphalted road. 20 feet below and died instantaneously.

Congress President To Be Taken Out In Procession

POONA, Aug. 29 (UPI): An imposing presidential procession will be taken out from the Nasik Railway Station to Gandhinagar on the occaion of the 56th session of the Indian National Congress to be held there.

A decision to this effect was taken by the Reception Committee of the Nasik Congress session which met here this afternoon.

The committee further decided not to make any special loud speaker arrangements outside Gandhinagar, as was decided earlier, to enable outsiders to follow the proceedings of the Subjects Committee and the open session.

A nominal fee of two annas will also be charged for entry to the exhibition which will be organised at Gandhinagar during the Congress session.

Dr. M.D.D. Gilder

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Minister for Health, will leave Poona for Delhi, via Bombay, tomorrow and return on September 3. At Delhi, the Minister will attend the State Health Ministers' Conference on August 31 and September 1 and 2.

During his short stay at Bombay tomorrow evening, Dr. Gilder will address a meeting at the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan.

Centre's New Scheme Of Industrial Housing

PLANNING COMMISSION'S PROGRAMME

A NEW scheme of industrial housing million house programme of the by the Planning Commission, it was reliably learnt here today.

NEW DELHI, August 29 (PTI). in India replacing the present one- Labour Ministry, has been evolved

The Labour Ministry's scheme which was estimated to cost Rs. 300 crores in ten years to build a million houses for workers, foundered on the rock of financial and economic difficulties of the Central Government and the Planning Commission is, therefore, understood to have evolved a scheme whereby the financial burden will not fall directly on the Government of India.

Under the scheme a cess is proposed to be levied on industrial production and the proceeds are to be utilized for financing the entire scheme. It is based on the present Government of India's housing programme for coal miners of Bihar, where a cess of six annas per ton of coal lifted is levied, two-third of the proceeds being utilized for housing and the other one-third for general labour welfare.

NEW SCHEME

In the first instance, the new scheme will possibly be introduced in the textile industry and a cess will be levied on the production of every bale of cloth. On the success of the scheme will depend its further extension to other spheres of industrial activities in the country.

It will be recalled that the Labour Ministry initiated its infructuous scheme for industrial labour housing in 1948. Under that scheme the Central Government should provide two-third of the capital as a loan and the other one-third to be provided by the State Government or the employers sponsoring the scheme. It was circulated to all states and excepting Bombay no other state responded favourably. The Bombay Government asked for a loan of Rs. 12 crores in three annual instalments of Rs. 4 crores but on account of economic stringency, the Central Government provided Rs. 2 crores in 1948/49 and Rs. 2 crores in 1949/50 which the Bombay Government did not draw and which consequently lapsed to the Centre. A provision of Rs. 60 lakhs has been made in the current year's budget for Bombay and Rs. 10 lakhs each for East Punjab, Madhya Bharat, Orissa and Bihar, for industrial housing.

The Labour Ministry's scheme in the first three years has proved beyond the financial capacity of the Central Government to carry out nor has there been necessary response from the states, it is stated.

Provision of industrial housing constituted one of the conditions for the three year industrial truce which is to terminate by December 1950 as such the Government of India is understood to be anxious to pursue the new scheme.

Commando Men For Korea

The Royal Marine Commando unit which was flown out to the Far East for special duties in Korea. Picture shows the cheerful members of the Commando at Plymouth before embarking for Korea.

UNESCO TO AID U. N. IN KOREA

Relief To Civilians In All Directions

PARIS, Aug. 28 (PTI-Reuter).

THE 18-Nation Executive Board of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO) today decided to "give all possible aid and assistance to the action undertaken by the United Nations in Korea."

A resolution passed unanimously at the board meeting in Paris instructed UNESCO Director-General:

1. "To relieve the needs of the civilian population in Korea within the fields of education, science and culture by means of emergency relief, and, at the appropriate time, by reconstructing project."

2. "To use the resources at his disposal to develop a programme of teaching about the United Nations, with emphasis on collective security based on respect for law."

The resolution appealed to Governments of member countries, UNESCO national commissions and private organisations and individuals to contribute to this action.

MISSION TO KOREA

A further resolution authorised the Director General

(1) To send a mission to Korea at the request of the United Nations Secretary-General, M. Trygve Lie, to find out the needs of Korean civilians.

(2) To provide educational supplies on an emergency basis.

(3) To launch a campaign in co-operation with member states and other organisations for assistance to South Korea in education, science and reconstruction.

(4) To produce material for schools, adult classes and universities for this campaign.

(5) To place two specialists at the disposal co-operation with the U.N. authorities.

INDIA'S SUPPORT

India's full support to the resolution was expressed by Sardar Hardit Singh Malik, Indian Ambassador to France, who addressed the meeting of the Executive Board in the absence of India's delegate, Doctor Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan.

Sardar Malik said: "We in India believe that UNESCO has an extremely important part to play in the building of peace and understanding through work in the fields of education, culture and science."

"But we are convinced that UNESCO can do that work only if it confines itself to activities within that field."

"In our view, UNESCO must maintain an attitude of co-operative detachment from politics, as we believe that any incursion into politics would gravely undermine the integrity and utility of the organisation."

Earlier, after reviewing the events leading up to India's declaration of support to the Security Council's resolution on Korea, Sardar Hardit Singh Malik said, "We thus demonstrated our complete agreement with the principle that political changes cannot be allowed to be made by violence."

"We feel that every possible effort must be made to prevent the fighting in Korea from spreading, at the same time to find means of negotiation for a peaceful settlement of the Korean question, and to strengthen, as far as possible the machinery set up by the United Nations for the peaceful settlement of international disputes."

COMMON OBJECTIVE

Referring to the UNO's resolution on Korea, he declared, "I believe that the resolution before us will be of material assistance in securing that common objective. The work that UNESCO will be undertaking in pursuance of this resolution will be a blessing to those unfortunate civilians who are the victims of the fighting in Korea, in their relief and rehabilitation, in the provision of educational facilities for their children and particularly when the fighting is over—and we all pray that it may be over soon—in the whole work of reconstructing the normal life of a country devastated by war."

Sardar Malik added: "We can eliminate war only if the whole world is convinced that aggression cannot be tolerated, that the great principles of human rights, of the sense of law, of social and economic justice and of collective security are vital principles that each and every one of us must be prepared to accept and help to enforce.

"It is in this field that we hope to see UNESCO play an increasingly important part and I believe that this resolution is directed towards that end."

Direct Deal With Stalin

STRASBOURG: A Belgian Socialist yesterday proposed that the Council of Europe should negotiate directly with Marshal Stalin to end the Korean war Other Socialists rejected the suggestion, made by M. Henri Rollin, and resented through British Labour delegate Maurice Edelman a resolution calling for "peace without appeasement."

French Protest To Egypt

ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 29. (PTI-Reuter): The French Ambassador to Egypt, M. Couve De Murville yesterday handed to the Egyptian Foreign Minister, Salah el Din Bey, the text of a formal French protest against Egyptian restrictions on shipping through the Suez Canal.

TURNING U. S. INTO A POLICE STATE

Process Intensified Says Pravda Correspondent

LONDON, August 29, (PTI-Reuter).

A PRAVDA article by its New York correspondent said yesterday that the "process of turning the United States into a police state has been especially intensified in connection with American aggression in Korea."

The article, quoted in London by Tass, Soviet news agency, declared that "more than 200 political arrests have been made in the United States since the first shot of the American interventionists was fired in Korea".

"An especially dirty role in persecuting all progressive organisations and individuals, all participants of the anti-Fascist movement and all peace supporters in the United States, is played by the so-called "Unamerican Activities Committee of the House of Representatives."

"Lately 50 people have been imprisoned on a charge of 'contempt of Congress'. Police and court agencies literally hunt down leaders and active members of progressive public organisations.

"Racism is zealously cultivated At present 23 negroes face death on framed charges.

"The secret police (FBI) together with other police Gestapo agencies have established complete surveillance over the American people. The press reports that special files of the cases of 60 million Americans have been collected in the huge six-storey building in Washington."

BILL OF ANIMALS' RIGHTS

Conference In The Hague

THE HAGUE, Aug. 29 (PTI-Reuter): The world congress for the protection of animals opened here yesterday by Queen Juliana of the Netherlands, will hear proposals to abolish zoos and animal performances in circuses.

About 300 delegates from 108 organisations in 26 countries are attending the meeting, which will last five days.

Subjects on the agenda include quarantine, bird protection, animal transport, ambulance service, vivisection and hunting.

RICHMOND: Miss Mary Loles Carrington, whose poems received recognition both in the United States and Britain, died Sunday at her home here after a long illness.

ASSAM QUAKES WERE 'TECTONIC' SHOCKS

Dr. WADIA'S SCIENTIFIC EXPLANATION

NEW DELHI, Aug. 29 (PTI).

DR. D. N. WADIA, Geological Adviser to the Government of India, today traced Assam's earthquakes to the geological instability of that region.

Giving a scientific explanation of the recent earthquake and tremors that rocked Assam, Dr. Wadia in an interview said, "geologically and seismologically, Assam is the most unstable region in India and lay along the prominent geological fault line along the foot of the Himalayas and the Northern Assam ranges." The Himalayas, he said, are the youngest mountains existing in the world and the elevated rocks had not yet attained stability. "The elevation of a 16 hundred-mile long mountain range, 250 miles broad, is a heavy strain on the rocks which occasionally slipped off under the strain."

TECTONIC

Dr. Wadia discounted the theory that the recent quake was volcanic and expressed his view that it was a "tectonic" shock caused by the snapping of a structural weakness in the earth.

He said there hundred miles of Assam which could have caused eruption—the nearest volcanoes being the Popa and Narkondam in Burma. Besides, volcanic earthquakes, would be of lesser impact, he added.

The peculiar feature of the present earthquake, he said, was that large masses of land slipped away interrupting the flow of rivers and deaths were caused more by floods than by the actual quake itself.

"It was lucky that the epicentre of the earthquake was outside India and lay in barren mountainous country. Otherwise, loss to life and property would have been greater", he said.

He thought that in the present case the epicentre was confined to one focal point; otherwise, the effect would have been more disastrous. He placed the actual epicentre somewhere outside the Assam frontier in the Tibet-China border region or Upper Burma.

UNUSUAL FEATURE

He said that the "most usual feature of a violent quake is it after-shocks which may number hundreds and last for months if not a year." It was impossible to give any previous warning about an impending quake which was a natural disaster beyond man's control, he added.

He suggested the building of earthquake proof structures as one of the measures to minimise destruction by future shocks.

In contrast to Assam, the Deccan table land, he said, was geologically among the most stable and soundest areas in the world.

ECONOMY IN CENTRAL BUDGET

Another Chance To Ministers

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Aug. 29: Finance Minister, Mr Chintaman Deshmukh before leaving New Delhi for London modified his plans for effecting economy in the Central budget. Instead of appointing a retrenchment officer and thereby impose economies from above he has decided to give another chance to Ministries to effect economy. He has sent circulars to all the Ministries appealing for economy and co-operation.

Finance Secretary, Mr. K. R. K. Menon will meet the Secretaries of other Ministries in this connection.

Finance Minister's appeal is meeting mixed reception in the different Ministeries. Ministries, particularly those incharge of decentralised subjects hold that they have already cut down their budget to bare bones.

The Finance Minister however has not given up his proposal for appointing a retrenchment officer. If co-operation is not forthcoming he may appoint a retrenchment officer.

Death Due To Bullet Wounds

CALCUTTA Aug. 29, (PTI): Mr. Obeidar Rahman, Public Prosecutor Bankura, who was admitted to the Calcutta Medical College hospital on Sunday with bullet wounds in his back, died early this morning.

After post-mortem, the body was handed over to relatives of the deceased for burial.

According to information available here, unknown persons fired several revolver shots at Mr. Rahman while he was returning from the court on Saturday. He was immediately taken to the local hospital and after extraction of the bullet, sent to Calcutta next morning.

The incident it is stated was not of a communal nature About a dozen persons have been arrested at Bankura in this connection.

Hiray Re-Elected

M.P.C.C. PRESIDENT

POONA, Aug. 29 (UPI): Shri B. S. Hiray was unanimously re-elected President of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee for a term of three years at a meeting of the General Body of the M.P.C.C. this afternoon.

Shri Hiray's name was proposed by Shri Savant and seconded by Shri N. V. Gadgil, Minister for Works, Mines and Power, Government of India.

Shri Shankerrao Deo, Shri N. V. Gadgil, Shri G. D. Vartak, Minister of Bombay, Shri B. S. Hiray and 13 others were elected to the A.I.C.C. unopposed.

Maharashtra was assigned 17 seats in A.I.C.C. for which 26 nominations were received. One nomination paper was declared invalid, and as 8 candidates withdrew their names, the election of the rest of the candidates to the A.I.C.C. was declared unopposed.

KANNAMWAR ELECTED PRESIDENT OF N.P.C.C.

NAGPUR: Shri M. S. Kannamwar was today declared elected unopposed as President of the Nagpur Povincial Congress Committee for the second time in succession.

KAMARAJ NADAR RE-ELECTED

MADRAS: Mr. K. Kamaraj Nadar was declared re-elected as President of the Tamilnad Provincial Congress Committee, today by a majority of 56 votes.

Mr. Kamaraj secured 155 votes as against 99 polled by his opponent Mr. C. P. Subbiah. Two votes were declared invalid.

Mr. Kamaraj has been the President of the T.N.C.C., since 1940 when he defeated his present opponent Mr Subbiah by three votes.

MAHAKOSHAL

Seth Govind Das who was declared elected President of the Mahakoshal Provincial Congress Committee today secured 100 votes while Mr. Kashi Prashad Pande, the other contestant, got only 19 votes, says the PTI.

One hundred and twenty one members out of 126 memebers of the Provinal Congress Committee were present at the meeting to elect the President.

With this year's election, Seth Govind Das serves the fourth term as the President of Mahakoshal Congress Committee.

PEPSU CONGRESS

PATIALA: Shri Brishbhan was elected President of the PEPSU Congress by the newly-elected members today. Thirtyfour out of 35 members attended the meeting.

Sardar Bhagwant Singh, a detenu in Central Jail, Patial could not attend the meeting.

ASSAM CONGRESS

GAUHATI: Mr. Siddhinath Sarma General Secretary of the Assam Congress, was today elected President of the Assam Provincial Congress Committee, defeating his rival Mr. Rohini Kumar Choudhury by a margin of fortyfour votes.

Out of the total number of eightynine votes polled, Mr. Sarma secured sixtyfive and Mr. Chaudhury twenty-one. Three votes were rejected.

MYSORE STATE CONGRESS DISSOLVED

BANGALORE: The 13-year old Mysore State Congress officially dissolved itself today in view of its attaining provincial status under the Indian National Congress (according to the UPI).

This dissolution was effected at a special meeting of the All-Mysore Congress Committee held here today, Srimathi Yasodharamma Dasappa, presiding. One hundred and thirty-five out of a total of 201 of the all-Mysore Congress Committee members attended.

The newly-formed Mysore Provincial Congress Committee which has an elected membership of 76, will meet here tonight to elect its President and other Sub-Committees.

Ideal Site For Dam

NEW DELHI, Aug. 29 (PTI): Recent investigation by officials of the Geological Survey of India along the Kosi valley (not Bihar's "river of sorrow", but a little known small tributary of the Ramganga) have resulted in a new find a dam site near Simtaliya in the Nainital district of Uttar Pradesh.

The narrow gorge at this place is considered as ideal for a high cement concrete dam.

Socialists Arrested

SECUNDERABAD, Aug. 29 (UP): Eight Socialist workers were taken into custody by the Secunderabad police for defying Section 144 Cr. P.C according to a spokesman of the Socialist Party.

CONTRADICTION: The Hyderabad Government on Tuesday contradicted the report published in a section of the Press that Nawab Aliyawar Jung, Vice-Chancellor Osmania University, is likely to be asked to stay at the United Nations after the General Assembly session or at the Government of India's External Department.

ACTIVE SHORT COVERING IN TATA STEEL

Cotton Mill Shares Rule Steady

BOMBAY, August 29.

The Bombay Stock Exchange ruled very steady with moderate buying and short covering on hopes of early settlement regarding Pakistan Exchange ratio. The market displayed good rallying power in sympathy with better Calcutta advices.

The market is under the influence of active buying by Calcutta operators and the steady improvement in the face of the mill strike suggests that the market is ready to response to favourable news. However it is advisable to follow the rise with caution.

Tata Steel Defd. shares opened at Rs. 1,802-8 and steadily advanced at Rs. 1,825. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 349 and hardened at Rs. 353 Indian Irons opened at Rs. 33-7 and advanced at Rs. 33-13 while Bengal Steels opened at Rs. 24-6 and improved at Rs. 24-9.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 947-8 and improved at Rs. 957-8. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 318 and improved at Rs. 320. Central India shares were done at Rs. 224. Simplex shares stood at Rs. 225 while Gokaks were placed at Rs. 244. Svadeshi Mill shares changed hands at Rs. 266.

Scindia shares opened at Rs. 14-15 and hardened at Rs. 15-6. Bombay Burmas were done at Rs. 508-12. Belapurs were quoted at Rs. 264-6 while Associated Cements were placed at Rs. 168-12. Central Bank shares were quoted at Rs. 84-4.

Later on ther ewas further short covering by professionals and Tata Steel Defds. advanced at Rs. 1,831-4 and steadied at Rs. 1,827-8. Ordinary shares were steady at Rs. 354-8 while Bombay Dyeings were quoted at Rs. 956-4. Closing tone was steady.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (27-8)	957 8
Kohinoor Mills (21)	321 0
Svadeshi Mills (12-4)	266 0
Central India Mills (6)	224 0
Simplex India Mills (6-8)	227 0
New Great Eastern (3-2)	150 0
Indore (8+3)	110 0
Gokak (12)	244 0
Century Spinning (15)	256 4
Indian Bleaching (8)	181 0
Swan (20)	335 0
Finlay Mills (15)	256 0
Morarji Goculdas (4-8)	171 4
Edward Sassoon	242 8
Meyer (6)	86 4
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	3 0 6
India United Ord. (0-12-0)	10 15
India United Defd. (0-2-0)	1 12 6
Madhusudan (15)	175 0
Podar (9)	130 0
Khatau (5)	170 0
STEELS	
Tata Steel Ord (14)	354 4
Tata Steel Defd. (79-5)	1830 0
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-8)	146 0
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (6)	169 8
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8)	506 4
Belapur (9)	263 0
Shivrajpur (1-8)	42 8
Scindia Steam (0-6)	15 5
Premier Construction (4)	118 0
Tata Chemical	14 5
Tata Oil (1)	42 0
India Iron (6-12)	33 14
Bengal Steel (0-12-0)	24 9
British India Corp. (0-9)	9 1 6
India Copper	2 15
Wimco (11)	237 8
Alcock (28-2)	322 8
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Hydro (3)	154 8
Tata Power (25)	1587 8
Andhra Valley (30)	1437 8

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone (5)	60 0
Phoenix (6)	127 8
Indian Mfg. (40)	280
Kuria XD	115 0
Colaba (12)	92 8
New City (11)	161 4
Minerva (12)	133 4
Bradbury	567 8
Bharucha Defd (0-4)	1 12
Bharat (2)	32 4
Mysore Defd. (4)	171 4
Madhavji (0-12-0)	26 0
Model Mills (12-8)	159 6
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	590 0
Vishnu Cotton (6)	201 4
Western India (40)	3005 0
Standard (15)	225 4
Sholapur (200)	3000 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8-0)	19 8
Hindustan Mills (40)	2925
Tata Mills (2-4)	46 0
Ahmedabad Advance (9)	240
Sassoon Silk (2-14)	36 8
New Union Mills (0-8)	18 8
Ahmedabad Co. (2-8)	32
Shrinivas Mills (12-8)	190 0
Rala Bahadur (4)	95
Berar	256 4
Victoria Mills	225
ELECTRIC (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8)	115 10
Ahmedabad New XD	114 0
Surat Electric (5)	131
Karachi Electric (2)	127 4
Broach (0-5)	6 8
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 3
Amalgamated (0-12)	11 6
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	27 0
Poona Electric Supply (8)	126
Bombay Suburban (3)	152 8
Bombay Suburban New	156 4
Jaigaon	10 10
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India (40) XD	1980 0
Imperial Bank P (10) XD	482 8
Imperial Bank (2)	84 8
Central New	84 8
Bank of India (4) XD	174 8
Union (0-5)	7 6
Baroda (2-8)	125 0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	41
United Commercial (1-2)	47 0
Jaipur Bank (1-6)	30 0
Hindustan Commercial	22 8
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-9)	90
INSURANCE SHARES	
Oriental (125)	4960 0
Empire (10)	580
New India (2)	66 4
Jupiter (0-12)	11 8
Vulcan (0-10)	13 2
Indian Mercantile (2)	88 12
Universal Fire	8 12
B.I.O.	16 4
Industrial and Prudential	28
Neptune	7 0
New Great	18 4
All India General	10 4
RAILWAY SHARES	
C. P. (1-14) X D	110 0
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (10)	263 12
Bombay Burma New (5)	170 0
Burma (Petrol)	1-8-3
Mackenzie (6)	90 0
Port Canning (3)	53 8
Kemp and Co. (30)	342 8
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	90 0
Industrial Invest Trust (5-12)	86 4
Dharamsey Chemical (4)	58 8
Mukund Iron	5 8
Dena Trust (0-12)	14 0
Alembic (15)	116 4
Supreme Industries	72 8
Bombay Uganda	67 8
Indian Cement (1937)	19 12
Walchand Nagar Industries (15)	152 8
United Motor	28 0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	785 0
Hydary Construction	19 4 6
Manamadi Steam	100
Gujarat Motor	26 14
Sardar Carbonic XD	750
Harvey Press	310
Estrella Batteries	30
National Rayon	68 0
Bombay Cycle	34 0
Jost Co	82 0
Digvijay Cement	80 0
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	200 0
Andhra Valley (7)	1247 8
Tata Power (7-8)	1348 12
Hydro Electric (7) XD	136 4
Bombay Steamer (6)	220 0
Central India (5)	655 0
Swadeshi Mills	130 0
Vishnu Mills (7)	675 0
Laxmi	268 12
New Great Mills (5-8)	225 0
Podar Mills (4)	95 0
Shrinivas Mills	98
Elphinstone Mills (7)	106 4
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	345 0
Surat Electricity (3-4)	135 0
Pre Construction First	102 0
Pre Construction 2nd Pref	98
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical	133 12
Walchandnagar	126 4
Jupiter	12 15
Supreme	100
Meyer	102 4
Mackenzie First	92
Mackenzie (2)	85 0
Ahmedabad Advance	127 4
Mysore Mill	41
Standard	89
Madhusudan	12
Khatau	100
Morarji	94
National Rayon	76 8
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	101 4
Rubber Planting	....
Bombay Steamer	98 14
Indian Hume Pipe	101 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	2-11-6
New Victoria Mill	2 8

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, Aug. 29.

The local bullion market was fairly steady with moderate business passing.

Forward silver further new settlement opened at Rs. 179-6 and after declining at Rs. 179-3 improved at Rs. 179-10 and steadied at Rs. 179-8. Ready silver mint was quoted at a premium of Annas 6 at Rs. 180. Forward gold opened at Rs. 113-7 and after declining at Rs. 113-6 improved at Rs. 113-9 and steadied at Rs. 113-8. Ready gold was quoted at Rs. 113-10 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 76-2.

Later on there was increased buying by bulls and the market closed as under:-

Ready Silver	179 11-0
Forward	180-4-0
Ready Gold	113-12-0
Forward	113-12-0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Aug. 29.

The local produce market was steady with modest business. Rajkot Aso castorseeds were quoted at Rs. 243-8 while Vaishakh was placed at Rs. 232-8. Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS			
Khandesh quality	47	14	0
Madras Coromandal	47	12	0
Bold ready	46	14	0
Oil Local Mills	25	12	0
Oil Upcountry Mills	25	2	0
Oil September	25	1	0
Oil October	25	2	6
LINSEED			
Bold ready	41	12	0
Satna ready	40	10	6
September delivery	42	0	0
October delivery	42	6	0
Linseed Oil	23	0	0
CASTORSEEDS			
Bold ready	33	12	0
Small ready	36	6	0
Madras	36	8	0
September delivery	36	4	0
October	36	6	0
Oil first pressure	20	0	0
Bazar quality	19	0	0

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Aug. 29.

	Rs.	As.	Ps.
2-1/3 per cent 1954	98	15	0
2-1/2 per cent 1955	99	13	0
2-1/2 per cent 1961	96	15	0
2-3/4 per cent 1960	99	4	0
2-3/4 per cent 1962	98	15	0
3 per cent 1976	95	12	0
3 per cent 1966 Con.	96	9	0
3 per cent 1951/54	101	1	0
3 per cent 1953/55	101	8	0
3 per cent 1957	101	8	0
3 per cent 1959/61	100	13	0
3 per cent 1963/65	99	14	0
3 per cent 1964	99	13	0
3 per cent 1966/68	99	11	0
3 per cent 1970/75	99	9	0
3-1/2 per cent 1954/59	104	0	0
4 per cent 1960/70	109	8	0
4-1/2 per cent 1955/60	109	12	0
4 per cent 1958/68	112	8	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
2 per cent Bombay 1962	99	4	0
2-3/4 per cent U.P. 1961	97	0	0
3-3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97	0	0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	12	0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	4	0
3 per cent Punjab 1952	100	0	0
3 per cent Madras 1952/53	100	11	0
3 per cent U.P. 1952	100	8	0
3 per cent C.P. 1952	100	8	0
3 per cent N.W.F. 1952	98	8	0
3 per cent U.P. 1961/66	99	8	0
MUNICIPAL			
3-1/4 per cent 1977	98	8	0
4 per cent B.P.I.	109	12	0
4 per cent B. Municipality	109	8	0
5 per cent B. Municipality	113	0	0
6 per cent B. Municipality 1954	112	0	0

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, August 29.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS AT 2-30 p.m.

Tata Ordinary 354-6 Tata Deferred 1830, Indian Iron 33-14, Steel Corpn. of Bengal 24-9, Bombay Dyeing 957-8, Central India 224-6, Gokak 244-6, Kohinoor 321-4 Simplex 227, Swadeshi 266-4 Tata Power 1587-8, Associated Cement 169-6, Belapur 263-12, Bombay Burma (Old) 506-4, Scindia 15-5 Central Bank 84-8, New India 66-4, Tata 2nd Pref. 146.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, August 29.

MILLS

Apollo 3 2-15-6 3-0-6.
Bharat 31-4 32-4.
C. Dyeing 946-4 47-8 45 57-8 55 57-8.
C. India 222-8 25-4 24.
C. Pref. 655.
Century 256-4.
Finlay 255.
Gokak 242 44 43-8 44.
I.U. Defd. 1-12-3 1-12-6.
I.U. Ord. 10-14-6 10-14 10-15.
Indore 107-8 10.
Kohinoor 318 17-8 20 19 21.
Meyer 85 86-4.
New Great 150.
Podar 130.
Simplex 225 27.
Svadeshi 263-3 66 65 66-8 66.
Tata Mills 45-12 45.
B. Steam Pref. 22/.
Scindia 15 15-5 15-4 15-6 15-5.

BANKS

Baroda 125.
Central 84-4 84-8.
Central New 84-8 (Ex Div).
Imperial Old 1970 80 75 80.
Imperial New 482-8.
India 173 74-8.
U. Commercial 46-8 47-8 47.

ELECTRICS

Ahmedabad 115-10.
Andhra 1442-8 35 37-8.
B. Suburban 152-8.
Amalgamated 11-6.
Hydro 154-8.
Hydro Pref. 136-4.
Power 1595 87/8
Power Pref 1348/12
New India 66/8 66/4

STEELS

B. Steel 24/6 24/9 24/8 24/10 24/9
I. Iron 33/8 33/11 33/10 33/15 33/14
Tata Defd 1805 7/8 2/8 18/12 15 20 16/4 30
Tata Ord. 349 48/8 51/12 51 52 51/8 54/8 54/4
Tata 1st Pref 200
Tata 2nd Pref 146

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 318/12 22/8
A.C.C. 168/8 68/4 68/12 68/8 69/8
Belapur 262/8 64 63
B. B. Old 506/4 8/12 6/4
B. B. New 171/4 70
B. B. Petrol 1/7/6 1/8/3
B. I. C. 9/1/6 9/1 9/1/6
I. Bleaching 182 81
I. Copper 2/12 2/15
P. Const. 118/8 19 18
Shivrajpur 42/8
Tata Chem. 14/2 14/3 14/2 14/5
Tata Oil 42
Wimco 238/12 37/8

SPECIAL

Ahmedabad Elec. New 118
New Great Eas. 18/4.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Aug. 29.

B. C. Rates I. I. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.
B. C. Rates I. I. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months
London Banks Selling I. I. D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready
London Banks Selling I. I. D. D. 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month
London Banks Buying D.D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th-9th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th-9th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 1/32 to 4th Month
London Bank Buying 120d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 1/32 7th-9th Month
New York B. C. Rate I. I. Rs. 478 1/4 Montreal Rs. 435.
Banks Selling I. T. D. D. Rs. 478 1/4 Montreal Rs. 435
Banks Buying I. T. Rs. 475 Montreal Rs. 431 3/4
Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 472 1/2 Montreal Rs. 429 3/4
Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 473 3/4 L/C. Montreal Rs. 430 1/2.
Paris Banks Selling I. I. Frs. 7250
Paris Banks Buying T. T. Frs. 7500
Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79
Switzerland Banks Selling I. I. D. D. Frs. 90 1/4.
Belgium Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Frs. 1033
Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Gldr. 79.
Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 83 3/4.
Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 157.
Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 238 3/4.

New York/London Cross Rate dol. 2.79 7/8 to 2.80 1/8. London/Afghanistan Cross Rate/Afghani Rs. not quoted London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia 97 1/4 3/4 London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl 10.63-65 London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tel. 35. London/Belgium Cross Rate Frs. 139.90-140.10 London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36. London/Hong Kong Cross Rate 1/2 27/32-1/2 15/16 London/Iran Cross Rate Ri 89.40-91.00 London/Java Cross Rate Fl 10-63-65 London/Karachi Cross Rate 2/1.84-2/1.94 London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es 80.35 London/Manila Cross Rate Pesos 9.60-65 London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 3.07 3/4 3.08 1/4 London/New York Cross Rate dol. 2.79 7/8-2.80 1/8 London Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02 London/Paris Cross Rate Frs. 979-981. London/Prague Cross Rate K not quoted London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4 1/16-2/4 3/16. London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50 London/Switzerland Cross Rate Frs. 12.23-12.26

London Discts 3 Mos. 15/16 p.c
London Discts 6 Mos 7/8 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
Money: Call 3/4 per cent 3 Mos. per cent 6 Mos. 1-1/4 per cent 12 Mos 1 1/2 per cent
Tone: Easy

DYES & CHEMICALS

Setback In Prices

Under the constant fear of Dyes likely coming under O. G. L. the market continued dull. Customers are hesitating to buy Besides this, the Bombay Textile Strike has also made the market very dull as there are no enquiries from the Mills.

Chemicals have also undergone various changes and rates have declined in some items. But items like Bleaching Powder though they have come down to Rs. 58/- from the high level of Rs. 80/- yet this rate is also not normal one in comparison to the pre Korean days. If this item is put under O. G. L. naturally customers who are bonafide consumers will be highly benifited.

SAPTHOLS: Rates for CSG has come down to Rs. 20/8 i. e. it has declined Rs. 1/8 per lb. Similarly Red CB Base has come down to Rs. 16/- i.e. Rs. 2/- less per lb. Sulphur Black CBO was also very dull on the level of 2/8. Sulphur Black HK grains stock being poor rates ruled firm on the level of 3/12. Alizarine has further declined to Rs. 190/-.

RONGALITE: It has come down to 2/8 due to poor enquiries. If Mills start buying there might be some improvement for this item.

HYDROSULPHITE: The local control of the Textile Commissioner for this item is still in existance so merchants are hesitating to import this item. If this local control is removed there will be healthy competition and large stock will be imported from Foreign which would immediately solve the difficulty now experienced.

Railway booking matter has not been attended by the Authorities upto now. This difficulty has created considerable rise in the rates in various places in South India whereby the poor consumers and home an cottage industries had suffered heavily and it is therefore necessary that Government should run to their rescue in time before it is too late.

Futures Markets Bill

BOMBAY, Tuesday: The Expert Committee, appointed by the Government of India to consider a draft Futures Markets (Regulation) Bill, met here yesterday and today under the chairmanship of Mr. A. D. Shroff.

In the course of its two-day sitting, the Committee finalised its report and will submit it to Government in the course of this week.

Art Silk Yarn

BOMBAY, Aug. 29.

120 Ready Japan	8	0	0
150 Ready Japan	7	14	0
120 Ready Italy	7	10	0
150 Ready Italy	7	4	0
150 D. Box Aug.	14	0	0
2/40 Staple Aug.	7	11	6
2/40 Staple Sept.	7	12	6

Calcutta Stock Exchange Remains Firm

CALCUTTA, Aug. 29.

The market continued its firm notes round coal, jute miscellaneous industrials and speculative counters and a large volume of business was put through. Following are today's final transactions upto 3.00 p.m.:—

GOVT. SECURITIES: Three per cent loan 1986 96/9, three per cent loan 1951/54 101/- s lot, three per cent loan 1957 101/7 s lot, three per cent loan 1959/61 100/8 s lot, three per cent loan 1963/65 99/15 s o lot three per cent loan 1970/75 99/7 s o lot.

BANKS: Bengal Central 8/8, Hindustan Mercantile 23/-, Hooghly 8/-.

COTTONS: Basanti 7/7, Bengal Nagpur 18/8, Elgin Mills 16/4 Kesoram 20/8, New Victoria Ordy. 2/9.

COALS: Bengal 552/- Bharat Colliery 6/12, Burrakur 14/9, Central India 5/-, Chusick and Musla 16/8 s lot, North Damuda 9/4 Searsole 9/2, Standard 26/4, Talcher 2/11.

Jutes c Anglo-India 323/8 Auckland 176/-, Bally 294/-, Barnagore 281/-, Belvedere 327/-, Champdany 210/-, Dalhousie 208/-, Ganges 396/- Gouripore 592/- sl, Howrah 37/4, India 191/-, Kamarhatty 355/-, Kanknarrah 256/- Kelvin 344/- Kinnison 294/-, Lansdowne 206/-, Naihati 191/-, Nuddea 85/-, Presidency 7/14 Reliance 27/14, Union 251/-.

ENGINEERINGS: Bharatia electric Steel 20/12 Indian Iron 33/11, Jessop and Co. 17/6 Marshalls 9/-, Kumardhubi Eng. 7/10, National Iron 4/13 Steel Corp. 24/11 Ditto Pref. 120/-.

MISCELLANEOUS: Burma Corp. 2/13, Indian Copper 2/13, Tavoy Tin annas 12, Assam Bengal Cement 9/6, Sone Valley Cement 6/11, Calcutta Electric 16/6, Angelo Bros. 3/8, Bengal Paper 52/-, Indian Paper Trams 21/7, F and C Osler 5/-, Indian National Airways 3/1 Indian Aluminium 170/-, Jardine Henderson 177/-, Martin Burn 17/10, National Tobacco 21/6, National Insulated Cable 10/3, FUD Rohtas Industry 5/-, s o lot, British Burma Petrol 1/10, Bengol Paper 52/-, Indian Paper Pulp 174/- sl Mysore Paper 14/-, Orient Paper 44/- odd lots Titaghur Paper 26/14, Assam Saw 8/14 India General Navgn. 104/-, India Steamship 8/-.

SUGARS: Belsund 5/6, Buland 10/6, Carew and Co. 9/10 Murree Brewery 5/10, New Savan 7/13, Darbhanga 10/4.

TEAS: Bishnauth 40/12 Brooke Bond 11/15 East India 19/- Eastern Cachar 5/10.

Madras Share Bazar

MADRAS, Aug. 29.

The following are today's quotations in the Madras market:—

Three per cent Paper 96/9, three per cent 1986 96/8/6, three per cent 1970/75 99/6, three per cent 1966/68 99/11, Government of Travancore three per cent 1952/54 102/9, Government of Madras three per cent 1956 100/1, three per cent 1960 98/12.

BANKS: Travancore 14/-.

PLANTINGS: Chemmanis 9/10, Cochin Malabar 7/14, Devasholas 16/14, Ouchterlony 6/10, Peermade 56/8, Pullangode 2/0/6, Tahumsheri 3/1, T R and T Co. 7/15 Valkundam 10/12.

TEXTILES: Buckingham 146, Do Pref seven and half per cent 186/-, Cambodia 12/4, Coimbatore 152/12, Do Pioneer 125/-, Do Spg. 54/-, Dhanlakshmi 248/-, Lakshmi 75/8, Madura 36/12, Mettur 356/4, Radhakrishna 186/- Rajalakshmi 73/-, Ranga Vilas 53/8, Trav. Rayons 5/9, Trichinopoly 14/-, Vasantha 112/4.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 75/-, FACT 7/-, India Cement 16/2, Mettur Chem. 5/14.

Ahmedabad Share Market

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 29: Textile ruled in narrow fluctuations but displayed a steady undertone.

Fluctuations: Calico opened 284 highest 286; Arvind opened 790 lowest 788; Ambica opened 301 highest 304, New Shorok opened 508 highest 510, Deferred opened 1806, highest 1832.

Closing Quotations: Calico 284/12, Arvind 789, Ambica 303, Deferred 1832, New Shorok 509 New Manek Chowk 120, Lal Mills 145 Vivekanand 141/4, Atul 70/8.

London Pepper Very Quiet

LONDON August 28.

Trading was very quiet in the absence of offers from origin. Black lampong was 12sh. 6d., white muntock 17sh 10d shipping weight and white Sarawak 18sh 6d. delivered weight all nominal Aug.-Sept shipments per pound c.i.f. basis ports. Malabar Aug.-Sept. was indicated at 1,510 sh. per cwt c.i.f. United Kingdom.

Alexandria Cotton

ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 28.

KARNAK	
November	82-25—40
January	81.90—60
March	81.90—60
ASHMOUNI	
October	67.80+18
December	67.75+03
February	68.20=
April	68.65=
June	69.40+05

Amsterdam Exchange Weak

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 28.

The bourse opened the week with a very quiet session. Only shippings showed activity and gained upto two points. Industrials and Indonesians showed a fairly good undertone but closed about unchanged. Investments were inclined to be weaker.

American Markets

ACTIVE MILL BUYING IN NEW YORK COTTON

Wall Street Market Move Within Narrow Range

NEW YORK, Aug. 28.

Opening gains were immediately extended on active mill demand particularly for nearby December and were featured by limited hedging against C C C cotton. Some commission house replacement buying was also evident, attributed to a tightening supply situation and prospect of heavy weevil damage.

Profit-taking however eventually checked the up but hedging remained light. Anderson Clayton brokers were credited with hedging only around 5,000 bales nearbys during early dealings but mostly on the scale up. In the afternoon prices edged forward closing steady on small but persistent mill buying and short covering which continued to encounter limited hedging against C C C cotton with this type of selling during the day estimated at less than 10,000 bales.

Some buying was possibly based on reports that the storm in the Gulf of Mexico has increased to a hurricane force. Otherwise there were no fresh developments. Sales were approximately 275,000 bales.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

NEW YORK		NEW ORLEANS	
October	38.30		38.17
December	38.38		38.22
March	38.60		38.47 bid
May	38.55		38.42
Middling Spot	39.10		38.05

New York highest October 38.35 at 3 p.m. lowest 38.20 at 10-30 a.m.

Wall-Street Market

NEW YORK, August 28.

With operators in a waiting mood the stock market fluctuated narrowly this morning in a quiet trend. Changes were both ways with losses claiming a mild advantage and including leading rubbers, steels, motors, oils, chemicals, televisions and specialities. Caution resulted from the fact that the Senate is due to pass its version of the interim tax bill this week and the big question still to be decided is whether it will include an excess profits levy.

The averages at noon were industrials 218.11 and rails 62.57. Improved bidding of selected issues attracted somewhat more attention to pivotal groups and proved sufficient to swing the market balance higher. Late trading saw prices mostly fractions to one dollar up. The market closed irregular with final dealings producing little change in the trading pattern.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

American Tel and Tel	153-3/8
Amerex Holding Co.	29-1/4
Anaconda Copper	34
Chase National Bank	38
Firestone Tyre	68-5/8
General Electric	47-5/8
Ingersoll Rand	67-3/4
International Nickel	33-1/4
National City Bank	43-3/4
N. Y. Central	14-1/2
Sinclair Oil	29-1/4
Socony Vacuum	22-1/8
Texas Co.	71-3/4
Union Carbide	67-7/8
U.S. Smelting	[illegible]
U.S. Steel common	[illegible]
Western Union	49-7/8

Total number of shares [illegible] changed hands during the day on Wall Street 1,300,000.

The highest and lowest of U.S. Steel trading prices were 38 and 37-1/4 respectively.

Chicago Grain Market Steady

CHICAGO, Aug. 28.

Prices showed a steady undertone in slow dealings with movements narrow. Some scattered selling developed in wheat reflecting weakness of Minneapolis. However flour mills were buyers presumably against week-end export sales of 100,000 sacks hard wheat varieties to Bolivia and 45,000 low grades to Jamaica. Holland was today credited with buying 4,000 tons United States spring wheat. Towards the close wheat prices advanced one cent a bushel reflecting short covering and scarcity of offerings while little change developed in other grains.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

Sept. 2.24 1/2
Dec. 2.28 1/4
March 2.30
May 2.27 1/2

New York Pepper Quietly Steady

NEW YORK August 28.

The market was steady but quiet with spots quoted at 285 cents per pound nominal.

Following are today's closing prices: spot 2.85 nominal, New and Old contracts: Sept. 2.10, Oct. 1.95, November 1.75 Dec. 1.70, Jan 1.60, Feb. 1.50 all nominal prices. White spot 3.10 nominal.

N. Y. Silver Sales

NEW YORK, Aug. 28.

Open market demand continues good and approximately 225,000 ounces were sold at unchanged 73 cents. The trade intimated that a recent initial arrival of Cuban silver has been well absorbed.

Relapse In Brussels Stock

BRUSSELS, Aug. 28.

After an initial active spell the forward section relapsed into quiet dealings with prices generally lower where changed. The spot market was firm for coals minings glassworks and electricities.

London Copra Market Quiet

LONDON, Aug. 28.

The copra market was quiet, Philippines nominally dearer at 255 dollars in bulk straits Dutch East Indies, fair merchantable easier, seller asking £103-1/2 buyers reserved at around £102-1/2. Ceylon was normal in the absence of interest quoted at £108 nominal, all August September shipments per ton cif. It is reported that Germany recently contracted for 8000 tons cocoanutoil from Ceylon. Cocoanutoil was firm straits in drums £148 nominal, bulk £147 buyers but no sellers, all per ton cif September shipment.

London Stock Exchange

LONDON, Aug. 28.

2 1/2 p.c. British Consols	£70 1-4
3 1/2 p.c. Conversion Loan 1961	£94 3/4
4 p.c. Funding Loan 1960/90	£108
3 1/2 p.c. War Loan on or after 1, 12, 1952	£94 3/8
Chartered Bank of India	£9 1/16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank	£73
National Bank of India	£32 3/8

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 6156.

Upward Trend On Paris Bourse

PARIS, Aug. 28.

The market started the week in a better manner here. Prices continued upward with forward business broadening. There was slight hesitancy at mid-session as profit-taking checked the advance but many groups retained at net advance over Fridays levels. Irons, steels, minings and banks again took the lead. Among internationals, Suez continued to improve and Royal Dutch showed gain. But gold-minings generally were unsettled.

Singapore Pepper Market Firm

SINGAPORE, August 28.

The market was firm. Black lampongs price is raised by ten to 710 and white muntok increased by the same amount to 1010 dollars exgodown per picul. Ten tons of black and ten tons of white loose were sold at 700 and 990 respectively.

Sales Of Treasury Bills

During the week ended the 25th August, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 2,37,00,000 were sold in favour of the Reserve Bank of India.

RELIEF TO FLOODS VICTIMS

Saurashtra's Measures

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 28.

Utensils and household hold things worth Rs. 23 thousands were distributed among the destitutes of divastated areas made by heavy floods in Saurashtra, by Ravishanker Maharaj, the vetern Congress leader, as a relief measure. Uptil now roughly a fund of 20 lacs has been put at the desposal of Relief Committee in which its stated that Rs. 50 thousands from Gujarat Famine Relief Committee, Rs. one lac from Maharaja of Dhangdhra a lump sum from Maharaj of Bhavnagar, Rs. 10 thousand from One Kirtankar Dula Bhagat (who collected money by signing prayers) have come as donations. From these funds its learnt that houses will be repaired tools to artisans will be given weaving tools will be given to Harijans. Saurashtra Government has ordered to give upto Rs. 500 for building and upto Rs. 125 as for huts as loans. Morvi Municipality will get a loan of Rs. four lacs. Every destitute will get free ration for two months. Rs. 300 will be given to sheperds. For Harijans buildings will be built free of charge. Every farmer will be given a loan of Rs. 500 to purchase cattles and seeds. Veteran Congress Leader Shri Ravishanker Maharaj toured extensively the devasted areas of flood for constant 15 days. He toured Morvi, Malia, Wankaner and central Saurashtra area and collected the date of damage done to houses and crops. He has recommended to give more relief wherever it was fear it was underestimated. 1,200 sets of utensils each costing Rs. eleven will be given to destitutes.

CONVERSION: In a Press Note dated the 2nd May, 1950, outlining the procedure for the conversion of bank accounts in Berlin it was stated that applications for conversion of bank accounts in the Western Sector of Berlin had to be made to certain specified banks by the 30th June, 1950. Information has now been received that such applications may be made up to December, 1950.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1665

SHORT SHRIFT FOR BLACK MARKETEERS

Ordinance From Delhi Expected Soon

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Bombay blackmarketeer will at the most have four more days to fleece the public as he had done all along since the shortage days of the war. The Government of India, it was learnt in Bombay Government circles today, will promulgate within the next 3 or four days, that much-awaited Ordinance which will make short shrift of the black marketeers.

It is learnt to be receiving the finishing touches and will be sent to press to be gazetted simultaneously at the Centre and in all States. The moment it emerges out of the press, it will receive the formal sanction of the President of the Republic and thereafter the Civil Supplies authorities of Bombay as well as other States, in conjunction with the police will be able to pounce upon any one guilty of the offences listed in the Ordinance.

Momentous talks were learnt to have taken place between the Central Food Minister, Mr. K. M. Munshi and Mr. Dinkerrao Desai, Bombay's Civil Supplies Minister in the city today at which Bombay's food position was discussed threadbare. Mr. Desai, it is gathered, impressed upon Mr. Munshi the necessity to rectify the acute rice deficit in the State which required cutting down the rice quantum.

DELAY INVITABLE

Mr. Munshi is stated to have pointed out that a certain amount of delay in reaching foodgrain allotments to Bombay was inevitable due to the floods in U.P. and Bihar and earthquake shocks in Assam.

He said that this had not only dislocated transport considerably but existing crops had been seriously damaged, creating such a position for the agriculturists in the exporting States that they would now look to their own requirements for their future needs and thus be none too enthusiastic with regard to their expected contributions to the grain pool.

The Food Minister, it was learnt, while he promised to do his very best, asked the Bombay State to be cautious due to the operation of factors which were beyond human control.

Mr. Desai is understood to have impressed on Mr. Munshi that Bombay being an industrial centre where considerable unrest prevailed on account of a current strike and an anticipated general strike, it was in the interests of maintaining a stable and contented working class that the Centre saw to it that the foodgrains requirements were adequately supplied.

NO DISCRIMINATION AGAINST INDIANS

Iran Envoy's Address

MUSSOORIE, Aug. 29 (PTI): Mr. Nia-Mir, Iranian Charge d'Affaires today declared that there was no discrimination in Iran against Indian traders.

A recent regulation, he said, passed by the Iranian Parliament was misunderstood in India as discriminating against Indian traders. "The regulation affects all the foreign businessmen in general', he explained.

Mr. Nia-Mir who was speaking at the Rotary Club meeting referred to Iran's Rs. 2,000-million development plan and said: "the Government plans to spened about Rs. 525-million on agriculture, Rs. 500-million on transport, Rs. 300-million on industry and mines, Rs. 100 million on oil extraction, Rs. 75-million on communications, and Rs. 600-million on special and municipal improvements'.

No Income Tax For Relief Donations

GAUHATI, August 29 (PTI).—Voluntary contributions made to the Assam Governor's Earthquake Relief Fund have been exempted from income tax.

An announcement to this effect was just received by the Government of Assam from the Deputy Prime Minister, Sardar Patel.

BAN GOES: The Hyderabad Government have removed the ban on "Cross Roads," a Bombay Weekly.

CROPS WASHED AWAY

Food Situation Gets Worse In Muzaffarpur

MUZAFFARPUR, Aug. 27 (PTI): The floods in the Buri Gandak, Bagmati, Lakhandei and Marha have made the crop prospects gloomy as the standing 'bhadai' crops have been washed away in most places in Muzaffarpur District.

The food situation in Muzaffarpur town has worsened and inferior quality of rice is sold at Rs. 40 to Rs. 42 per maund. Pounded rice has completely disappeared from the market.

The cloth situation has also become acute. Dhotis and saris have disappeared from the market. Prices of foreign medicines are also shooting up. The black market price of a phial of chloromyce tin, a drug much in demand for typhoid cases have soared to Rs. 110 (the control price being Rs. 39-8).

FOREIGN INVESTMENT IN PAKISTAN

Settlement Of Kashmir Issue Essential

LONDON, Aug. 29 (PTI-Reuter): British industrial mission which visited Pakistan earlier this year declared today that a settlement over Kashmir would go far to create the conditions of economic stability without which it was difficult to attack overseas capital to Pakistan.

The 11-man mission made a three-week tour of West and East Pakistan in February and March at the invitation of the Pakistan Government.

It was led by Lord Burghley, Director of the National Provincial Bank and of the British Overseas Airways Corporation.

"Fast-Unto-Death" Given Up

HYDERABAD, August 29 (PTI): Mr. S. B. Giri, a member of the Socialist Party executive and Vice-President of the Mazdoor Sangh, today gave up his nine-day-old fast, according to information received here from official sources.

Mr. Giri, who is now in detention, undertook a "fast-unto-death" on August 21 in front of the D.B.R. Mills gate in connection with a dispute between the Mazdoor Sangh and the management.

Doctors Says Vanaspati Ban Unnecessary

TIRUPATI, August 29 (UPI): On a reference made by the Surgeon-General, Madras, seeking the opinion of the Chittoor District branch of the Indian Medical Association on the manufacture and use of vanaspati, the branch has adopted a resolution recommending that no ban need be imposed on the manufacture of vanaspati, but the product should be clearly labelled as 'hydrogenated vegetable oil.'

REMOVED: The name of Nawab Mir Nawaz Jung Bahadur, ex-Agent General in London, has been removed from the list of persons who were notified under the Nullification of Transfers Regulation, says a Finance Department notification.

Similarly, the names of Anjuman-a-Taraqui-e-Udu and its Secretary, Moulvi Abdul Haque have been removed from the list.

Nehru With ISS Delegates

A batch of 25 delegates to the International Student Service Conference is now in Delhi after having attended two functions (1) International Universities Seminar held at Mysore and (2) Annual Conference of International Student Service Organization held at Poona. Picture shows Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in conversation with this batch of delegates who were received at the Prime Minister's house recently.

"Illegal" Decisions Must Be Deleted

RUSSIA'S STAND AT U. N. SECURITY COUNCIL

LAKE SUCCESS, Aug. 29. (PTI-Reuter):

RUSSIA said yesterday she would not vote in favour of the Security Council's annual report unless all decisions taken during its boycott of the Council were deleted, according to a United Nations spokesman.

The spokesman disclosed that M. Jacob Malik, chief Soviet delegate, made this statement at the closed doors session of the Council yesterday.

He declined to comment on whether approval of the Council's report was subject to the veto.

M. Malik, it was understood, told members a number of "illegal decisions" had been taken since his absence from January 13 to the beginning of August. The Soviet delegate maintained that all substantive decisions must have the concurring votes of the Big Five powers, with Communist China recognised as the legal Chinese delegation.

The American delegate, Mr. Ernest Gross, according to the spokesman, proposed that the Council make a separate report of its deliberations on the Korean war, comprising the verbatim report of all Council meetings.

The Council will meet again, probably in the first week in September, to continue consideration of the report.

The report covers two main controversial questions Kashmir and Korea.

M. Malik's term of office as President of the Council ends on August 31 when he will be succeeded by Sir Gladwyn Jebb, British representative.

DAMAGE CAUSED BY U. S. BOMBERS

Koreans' Complaint

LAKE SUCCESS: The North Korean authorities yesterday cabled to the United Nations a detailed list of alleged damage caused by American bombers in North Korea. The "Commission of the United Democratic Fatherland Front for the investigation of crimes of the American interventionists and the Syngman Rhee clique" listed the alleged results of what it termed "indiscriminate bombing of defenceless towns and peaceful inhabitants". Koreans would feel "sacred hatred" towards the Americans who have brought "unheard of miseries to the Korean people" it stated.

New Kerala P. C. C. Chief

ERNAKULAM, Aug. 29 (PTI): Mr. Kumbalathu Sanku Pillai, well-known Congress leader of Travancore was unanimously elected President of the Kerala Provincial Congress Committee today.

PLEBISCITE MUST BE HELD

Pakistan Delegate's View On Kashmir

LAKE SUCCESS, Aug. 29 (PTI-Reuter): Professor A. S. Bokhari, Pakistan representative to the United Nations, said in a broadcast interview yesterday that the agreement to hold a free plebiscite in Kashmir should not be cancelled unless it could be replaced by "the mutually agreed solution' between India and Pakistan.

In a radio press conference with the United Nations Press Correspondents Association, Prof. Bokhari said, 'until now, there is only one international agreement on the question of Kashmir. That is that the fate of Kashmir shall be decided by a free plebiscite. Our position is that this agreement should not be cancelled unless it can be replaced by some mutually agreed solution."

Asked whether the present unrest in Asia might not encourage India and Pakistan to compose their differences over Kashmir, Prof. Bokhari said, "There are many sources of trouble in which guns are not being fired."

He confirmed reports that Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan, Pakistan's Foreign Minister, was a candidate for the presidency of next month's United Nations General Assembly, and said that all indications for his election were "most encouraging".

The Pakistan delegate said, "We very much desire a peaceful settlement, and we still hope that this may be possible. We would be willing to settle by all peaceful means, and in fact we have already agreed to all the solutions by the Security Council."

HEAD-ON COLLISION: 50 HURT

CONNELLSVILLE Pennsylvania, Aug. 29 (PTI-Reuter): At least fifty people were injured when two Baltimore and Ohio railroad passenger trains collided head on yesterday in this town, 53 miles east of Pittsburg.

There was no immediate report of fatalities, and none of the injured was reported critically hurt. But at least eight—including the drivers of both trains—were admitted to Connellsville hospital.

NO PREJUDICED APPROACH TO PARITY QUESTION

Deshmukh On Relation Of Indian And Pakistan Rupees

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

MR. C. D. DESHMUKH, the Indian Finance Minister, said in an interview here today that he had an open mind on the question of parity of the Pakistan rupee, when it comes up for discussion at the I.M.F. meeting in Paris.

It was yet to be seen, he added, what case Pakistan would make out for maintaining the present rate. From the trade perspective, it would be ideal if the two rupees were at par.

Mr. Deshmukh discounted apprehensions about the ability of Pakistan to meet the instalments on her debt to India, which fall due two years hence. Even as it was, Pakistan had earned enough rupee balances by a trade surplus with India.

Asked what attitude he would adopt when India's sterling balances agreement with Britain comes up for review, Dr. Deshmukh said that the question was not of asking for so much more release for the future. He was anxious that India's depleted foreign exchange resources should be otherwise built up.

DISAGREEMENT

The Finance Minister did not agree with the view that the recently concluded one-year sterling balances agreement between Pakistan and Britain was "favourable". What had really happened was that H.M.G. had agreed to advance certain monies to enable Pakistan to recoup the heavy drain on her foreign exchange resources caused by adverse trade balance with the rest of the world. The additional amount so allowed, was in the nature of a loan and was returnable.

Speaking of the Joint Consultative Committee of Commonwealth countries, with which he would be associated, Mr. Deshmukh said that they were trying to find out how best and in what way aid could be provided to this sector of the Commonwealth.

Mr. Deshmukh, who left for London by air today said that he would be meeting the Indian High Commissioner in London and after a brief holiday there, would return to Paris for the World Bank and the I.M.F. meetings.

DANGEROUS POSITION IN KASHMIR

U.K. Paper's Comment On Dixon's Failure

LONDON, August 29 (PTI-Reuter): The London Sunday newspaper "the Observer" commenting on the future in Kashmir said that the failure of United Nations Kashmir Mediator Sir Owen Dixon's mission to settle the Kashmir dispute between India and Pakistan left a most dangerous situation. The Observer commented "yet it is hard to believe that two men of the character of Pandit Nehru, India's Prime Minister, and Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Pakistan's Prime Minister, who have worked together so often and successfully, will allow short-sighted public opinion in their respective territories to drive them into open hostilities. It is more likely that the present wasteful deadlock will continue.

"In that case there is little that Britain can do directly to help. The United Nations mission has shown that direct intervention is unfruitful. But by keeping open the contacts between India and Pakistan within the Commonwealth, their relations may at least be prevented from getting worse, and in time might be sufficiently improved to open the way for a settlement.

In the next few weeks, when plans for economic help to Southeast Asia are being discussed in London, every opportunity should be taken to see that India and Pakistan are drawn together in trying out this vital task", the Observer declared.

OVERSEAS TELEGRAMS: Overseas Communications Service has notified that telegraph service is restored with all offices in Eastern Indonesia except Amboina, Dobo, Gosor, Larat, Namloa, Neira-Banda, Piroe, Saparoua, Saumlaki, Tepa Isles Babar, Tocal, Wahaai and Wonreli. Telegrams to offices with which service restored are, however, subject to considerable delay.

FOR LONDON

Sir C. D. Deshmukh, India's Finance Minister who arrived in the City on Monday from Delhi left Bombay yesterday by an Air India International Plane for London en-route to Paris where he will attend the Annual Meeting of the International Monetary Fund and the World Bank.

DESHMUKH LEAVES FOR LONDON

NEW DELHI, Aug. 29, (PTI): Mr C. D. Deshmukh, Finance Minister, will represent India at a meeting of the Joint Consultative Committee of Commonwealth countries to be held in London on September 6, it was officially announced here today.

At the official level India will be represented by Mr. P. C. Bhattacharya, Joint Secretary, Ministry of Finance and Mr. Narayan Prasad of the Reserve Bank of India.

Mr. Deshmukh left for the Paris today to preside over the annual general meetings of the International Monetary Fund and the International Bank. After the Fund-Bank meeting he will leave for London to participate in the deliberations of the joint consultation with Commonwealth countries.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

THERE is no accounting for tastes. Sir. James Gow Mann, who keeps a vigilant eye on the accumulation of old armour in the Tower of London, is in a pretty pickle. He has a beautiful set of elephant armour on his hands, and no elephant to put it on. While there are cynics and crabbety spoil-sports in this world of ours, unkind enough to dismiss this plaintive person with a shrug of shoulders and heartless" so what", I find myself moved to the very fibre of my being.

Though my wants are less grandiose—in fact I would not dream of going in for an elephant under any circumstances—I am prepared to admit that there may be more ambitious folk. In fact, in the first flush of pity, I was about to drag myself to the typewriter and advise this seeker after pachyderms to come to India hotfoot.

After all, there are so many of these useful animals here, that our worthy Prime Minister even exports them to far-flung places like Japan when occasion warrants. But on closer perusal of the report, I became aware that even with so ponderous a creature as an elephant, there are kinds and kinds. The variety that the gent in London craves so arduously is a dead one.

For a moment this had me stumped. On my infrequent rambles round the zoo which an enlightened administration has provided for the benefit of citizens, I have been aware that there was an elephant—it takes a very myopic person NOT to be—but as with all things under our noses, the fact had not fully registered.

An elephant, for instance, is no less indestructible than others of God's creation. For those so inclined, there is matter enough in this profound thought for a long dissertation on the transience of life in this vale of tears, with a smug little quote about "sic transit gloria mundi" thrown in for good measure, but I shall contain myself. Firstly, I hate philosophising—a throw-back to the days when I was ploughed in the subject at college—and secondly, this is hardly the place for tears, some readers having the quaint notion that this is a humorous column.

But to return to the point: apart from the "elephant's graveyard" which is more myth than reality, I have'nt the foggiest idea where one gets a dead mammoth on the cheap. Which is'nt very helpful, is it? Possibly some reader who has a spare one upstairs in the attic may care to help, and earn the curator's undying gratitude.

But I fear that stuffing the gross creature, will have to be done by the intrepid Sir James himself Lesser breeds within the law are an in the day's work, but a two-ton tusker is likely to make the hardiest of taxidermists foam at the mouth.

And if even the bare bones are not forthcoming as the result of my appeal, then I fear the noble knight will have to hie him to the shores of Africa, there to hunt the pachyderm in his natural habitat. For so sedentary an individual as a museum curator, the trip should be quite a change, though heaven help the man if, as is likely, Jumbo takes a dim view of the whole thing!

U. S. REPUBLICANS' PLAN FOR NEXT ELECTIONS

Truman's Far East Policy, Main Plank For Attack

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29, (PTI-Reuter).

THE Republican Party today gave official notice that it would use what it called President Truman's Far East policy "blunder" as a major weapon against the Democrats in the November Congressional elections.

The Republican campaign line was laid down in a fifty-six-page memorandum entitled "background to Korea" which blamed the democratic administration for events leading to the Korean war.

Issued by the Chairman of the Republican National Committee it consisted largely of quotations from policy statements of Congressmen and administration figures of China, Formosa and Korea.

CAPITULATION

The memorandum stated that the Democrats' Far Eastern policy "consistently temporised with and capitulated to the ruthless demands of the Communists dominated by Moscow."

"The failure of the Democrat foreign policy towards Asia starts with China—and the secret agreements of Yalta" the memorandum said.

It described the Yalta agreement as a "blackmarket transaction" to bring Russia into the war against Japan only six days before Japan's unconditional surrender which had been decided by the atomic bomb.

Soviet Yak Pilot's Record Flight

LONDON, August 29 (PTI-Reuter): Soviet pilot Yakov Korowtenka flew his yak sports plane five hundred kilometres (310 miles in one hour eight minutes, a record for a plane of this size, according to Moscow radio.

BRITISH AND BELGIAN COLONIES

Charge Of Painting 'Rosy Picture' Of Conditions

LAKE SUCCESS, August 29, (PTI-Reuter): Egypt and the Philippines accused Britain and Belgium, in the United Nations Special Colonial Committee last night, of presenting inaccurate information about their colonies in an attempt to "paint a rosy picture" of conditions there.

Denying the charges, Mr. John Fletcher-Cooke (Britain) said: "We give the facts and figures as they are. We do not cook up figures."

"We are not always proud of them. But we are proud of the progress being made."

The Egyptian Representative had accused Britain of submitting misleading figures concerning the number of qualified nurses in the British Cameroons a trust territory.

Mr. A. Lendelen (Belgium) declared that Philippine accusations that Belgium distorted percentage figures of illiteracy in the Belgian Congo were "not true".

He admitted that the Belgian Government figures were not perfect, but "they are certainly not voluntarily inaccurate" he said.

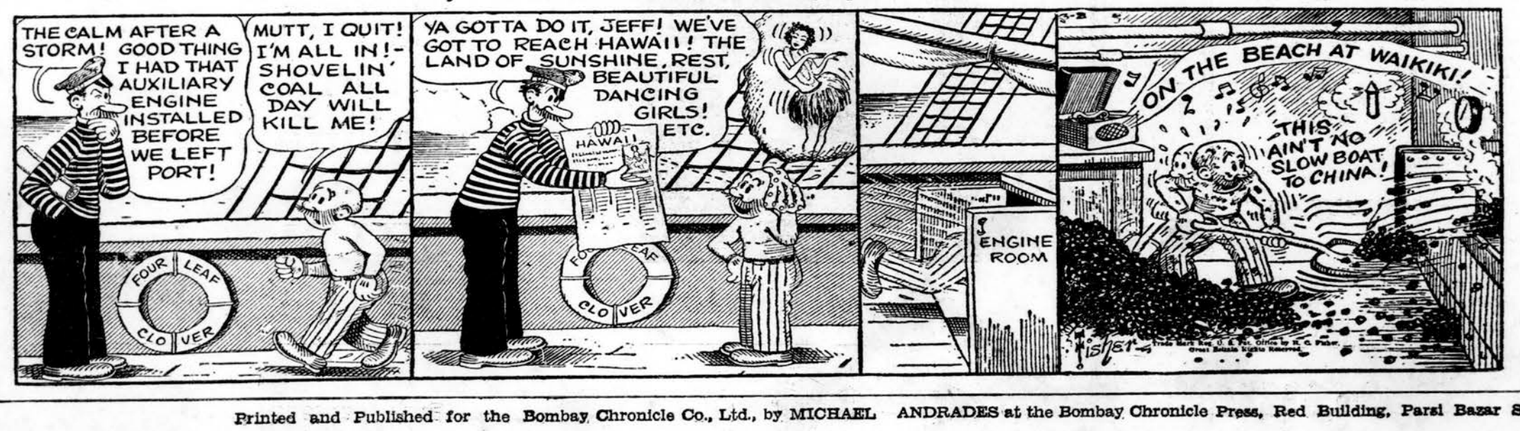
Mr. Shiva Rau, India, claimed that administering powers were not giving adequate information on economic, social and education conditions in their territories.

He asked them to "give increasing elasticity to the Assembly's resolutions requesting data."

"Give the maximum, not the minimum", he said.

MUTT AND JEFF—And Jeff Has Only One Record For His Phonograph

By BUD FISHER


THE CALM AFTER A STORM! GOOD THING I HAD THAT AUXILIARY ENGINE INSTALLED BEFORE WE LEFT PORT!
MUTT, I QUIT! I'M ALL IN!- SHOVELIN' COAL ALL DAY WILL KILL ME!
YA GOTTA DO IT, JEFF! WE'VE GOT TO REACH HAWAII! THE LAND OF SUNSHINE, REST, BEAUTIFUL DANCING GIRLS! ETC.
HAWAII
FOUR LEAF CLOVER
ENGINE ROOM
ON THE BEACH AT WAIKIKI!
THIS AIN'T NO SLOW BOAT TO CHINA!
FISHER

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